

Fiscal Year 2020 BUDGET Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Community College District 502 Counties of DuPage, Cook and Will and State of Illinois



FISCAL YEAR 2020 BUDGET July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

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I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Vision:

College of DuPage will be the primary college district residents choose for high quality education.



Government Finance Officers Association

PARTICIPANT IN GFOA'S BEST PRACTICES IN COMMUNITY COLLEGE BUDGETING PROGRAM

College of DuPage Illinois

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Christophen P. Monill

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/CEO

The above community college has applied for the Award for Best Practices in Community College Budgeting; however, GFOA has not yet completed the review of its application and has provided this certificate to acknowledge that this community college has made efforts to implement the new budget process guidelines.

Budget processes are evaluated based on a number of criteria that focus on alignment of resources towards student achievement focusing on collaboration, communication, and rigorous development, evaluation, and prioritization of strategies to achieve a college's goals and objectives. In addition, the criteria includes recommendations for conveying the results of this budget process through the budget presentation and also utilizing continuous improvement approaches to monitor outcomes.



COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT #502 FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2019

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board of Trustees

Term **Trustee Name** Expiration Position Charles Bernstein Trustee 2021 Annette K. Corrigan Trustee 2025 Maureen Dunne Trustee 2025 Christine M. Fenne Trustee 2023 Heidi Holan Trustee 2021 Daniel Markwell Trustee 2023 Frank Napolitano Trustee 2021 Jasmine Schuett Student Trustee 2020

Appointed Annually

Frank Napolitano Christine M. Fenne Daniel Markwell Scott Brady Board Chairman to 2020 Board Vice Chairman to 2020 Board Secretary to 2020 Treasurer

<u>Cabinet</u>

Dr. Brian W. Caputo, President Dr. Mark Curtis-Chavez, Provost James Benté, Vice President, Planning & Institutional Effectiveness Ellen Roberts, Interim Vice President, Administrative Affairs Earl Dowling, Vice President, Institutional Advancement Linda Sands-Vankerk, Vice President, Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed John Kness, General Counsel Wendy Parks, Sr. Director, Public Relations, Communications & Marketing Mary Ann Milush, Director, Legislative Relations & Special Assistant to the President

Officials Issuing Report

Ellen Roberts, Interim Vice President, Administrative Affairs Robert Hayley, Budget Manager Antoinette Stella, Budget Analyst



VISION, MISSION, VALUES, AND PHILOSOPHY

Vision

"College of DuPage will be the primary college district residents choose for high quality education."

Mission

The mission statement of College of DuPage identifies the fundamental purpose and aspirations of the College. The mission is the foundation upon which all College activities are built and ultimately evaluated.

"The mission of College of DuPage is to be a center for excellence in teaching, learning, and cultural experiences by providing accessible, affordable, and comprehensive education."

Values

Integrity:	We expect the highest standard of moral character and ethical behavior
Honesty:	We expect truthfulness and trustworthiness.
Respect:	We expect courtesy and dignity in all interpersonal interactions.
Responsibility:	We expect fulfillment of obligations and accountability.

Philosophy

College of DuPage believes in the power of teaching and learning. We endorse the right of each person to accessible and affordable opportunities to learn and affirm the innate value of the pursuit of knowledge and its application to life. Our primary commitment is to facilitate and support student success in learning.

College of DuPage is committed to excellence. We seek quality in all that we do. To ensure quality, we are committed to continual assessment and self-evaluation.

College of DuPage values diversity. We seek to reflect and meet the educational needs of the residents of our large, multicultural district. We recognize the importance of embracing individual differences and cultures and value the contributions made to the College by people of all ethnic

and cultural backgrounds. We affirm our role as a catalyst for promoting dialogue and tolerance on issues supporting the common good.

College of DuPage promotes participation in planning and decision making. We support participatory governance and the involvement of the College community in the development of a shared vision. We believe that all students, staff, and residents can make meaningful contributions within a respectful environment that encourages meaningful discourse. We strive to build an organizational climate in which freedom of expression is defended and civility is affirmed.

College of DuPage will be a benefit to students and community. The needs of our students and community are central to all we do.





425 Fawell Boulevard Glen Ellyn, Illinois 60137-6599 cod.edu

July 1, 2019

Members of the Board and Residents of Community College District Number 502:

The Fiscal Year 2020 Budget of College of DuPage, Community College District Number 502, Counties of DuPage, Cook, and Will and State of Illinois (College) begins July 1, 2019 and ends June 30, 2020. The budget is a one-year financial reflection of the College's short-term and long-term planning processes, as outlined in the section of this book entitled "Strategic Planning Process." The annual budget also reflects the five-year Financial Plan, which extends through June 30, 2024 and is included in this document.

This budget will meet the needs of College of DuPage and appropriately address our vision, mission, and values within economic constraints. Based upon the conservative philosophy underlying its development, this budget will enable the College to maintain a healthy financial position and pursue the thoughtful allocation of available resources in support of our institutional goals.

One of the most significant changes at College of DuPage during the past year has been new leadership. After two-and-a-half years of phenomenal service as the College's president, Dr. Ann Rondeau resigned at the end of 2018 to assume a new position as president of the Naval Postgraduate School in Monterey, California.

I became the interim president on January 1st, and this spring I was selected as the College's seventh president by the Board of Trustees. Before assuming this role, I was the Vice President for Administrative Affairs and CFO at the College.

It is a privilege to lead this institution. My goals as president include providing stability and facilitating work on the College's three key initiatives. First and foremost is student success, as the College continues to be the institution of exceptional achievement in higher education. COD also should be a widely recognized center for art and culture in the western Chicago suburbs. Finally, the College should be a major engine for economic development in DuPage County.

Here are three that I want to quickly highlight that support our key initiatives.

Guided Pathways is an ongoing process designed to enhance our ability to help students choose, enter and complete a program of study that is aligned with their goals for employment and future education. This is a cornerstone project to help our students meet their educational goals.

In summer 2020, an exhibition of the largest private collection of works by Frida Kahlo, on loan from the Museo Dolores Olmedo, is coming to the Cleve Carney Museum of Art at the McAninch Arts Center on campus. The last regional exhibition of Kahlo's works was in 1978 at Chicago's Museum of Contemporary Art. The Kahlo exhibit will indeed be a major event at the College and one that will attract attention on a national scale.

With the opening of Innovation DuPage's new headquarters in downtown Glen Ellyn, this venture – initially developed by College of DuPage with Choose DuPage and the Village of Glen Ellyn – is now a major player in the future economic development of DuPage County and the region.

These and other projects are highlighted in this report and are important in our work during the upcoming year. These are examples of the positive impact of a community college and should be kept in mind when looking at the budget.

Fiscal 2019 Highlights

Guided Pathways

In April, the College's first 13 Navigators were hired and started their comprehensive seven-week training in preparation for the upcoming fall term. Navigators will be uniquely qualified to have a full understanding of all the services available to students and how to connect them to the appropriate resources. Navigators will serve as a point of contact for an assigned caseload of students, guiding them to achieve academic success.

Innovation DuPage

In May 2019, COD welcomed business, educational and governmental leaders, as well as community members to the grand opening celebration of Innovation DuPage's new space in the Glen Ellyn Civic Center. The facility enables start-ups and early-stage businesses to share ideas, grow, learn, and develop public and private partnerships. It also includes the Business Development Center, which houses the Illinois Small Business Development Center, Illinois Procurement Technical Assistance Center and Illinois International Trade Center.

Facilities Master Plan (FMP)

In FY2019, the College completed its comprehensive facilities master plan. Included in this plan are goals, an existing condition assessment, space needs identifications, learning environment recommendations, land use, and infrastructure planning. Taken as a composite, these elements form the "roadmap" to guide the College into the future.

Project Hire-Ed Apprenticeship Program Pilot

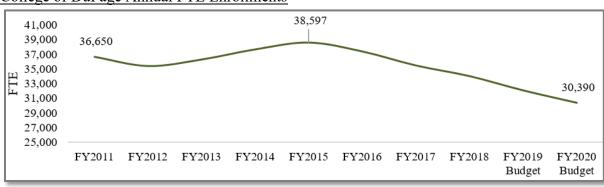
The Project Hire-Ed Apprenticeship Program Pilot was implemented fall 2019 term. The program will allow students an opportunity to receive the benefits of full-time employment while developing job skills through college courses and work-based learning.

Challenges

As described in more detail below, the College faced certain challenges in developing its FY2020 Budget. The budget reflects our attempt to navigate these challenges in a fiscally responsible manner.

Enrollment Trend

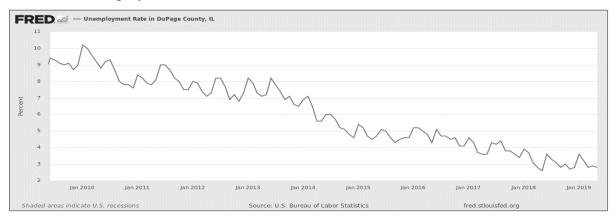
The College has continued to experience an enrollment decline each term since Summer 2015. The FY2020 budget projects enrollment to continue to decline at a rate of 3%.



College of DuPage Annual FTE Enrollments

While the decline is attributed to a number of factors, the most predominant are the continued recovery in the economy, decrease in graduating seniors from District 502, and outmigration from the State of Illinois.

Decline in Unemployment Rate



Student enrollment in the community college system is influenced by the unemployment rate. As the unemployment rate continues to deline, the choice to attend college is weighed against the opportunity to work. The increase in employers' demand for labor continues to draw workers back into the workforce and, consequently, out of the community college system.

Decrease in Graduating Seniors

Between 2010 and 2016, the number of graduating seniors from District 502 public high schools declined by more than 800 or 5.5 percent. Although the decline is slowing, through 2020 we anticipate that this trend will continue before it reverses.

Outmigration

Several other state university systems in the Midwest are offering reduced prices to attract the Illinois student population. Institutions are becoming even more aggressive in their financial aid packages, at times making out-of-state opportunities an economical choice. It is unknown when this trend will reverse, but between 2000 and 2016, the number of Illinois residents enrolled outside the state at fouryear institutions has increased by more than 85 percent.

Top states for outmigrant enrollment, 2018



Source: Illinois Board of Higher Education

Pension Costs



One of the most significant challenges facing the State of Illinois is the poor financial condition of its statewide pension plans due to many years of underfunding.

STATE UNIVERSITIES RETIREMENT SYSTEM In his FY2020 Budget Proposal, the Governor of Illinois is proposing a multi-tiered approach to pension stabilization. The multi-tiered approach would include:

- Extending the target funding date from FY2045 to FY2052 while maintaining the 90% funding target.
- Issuing \$2 billion in pension funding bonds.
- Making The Accelerated Pension Benefit Program aimed at offering early pension buyouts with the intention of saving the state money over the long term.

Budget Priorities

The College's FY2020 budget was developed with several priorities in mind:

- Maintain a structurally balanced budget to maximum extent possible.
- Develop strategies to maintain the unrestricted fund balances in the General and Working Cash Funds of no less than 50% of total expenditures of the General Fund.
- Keep tuition and property taxes as affordable as possible without impairing the quality or integrity of college programs and services.
- College of DuPage Pathways Guided Pathways is an integrated, institution-wide approach to student success based upon intentionally designed, clear, coherent and structured educational experiences, informed by available evidence, that guide each student effectively from the point of entry to the college through to the attainment of his or her stated goals. Guided Pathways is a multi-year initiative and will continue to be a budget priority as the program continues to develop.

FY2020 Initiatives

Guided Pathways

The College's Pathways Technology and Data Science Working Group reports that they are meeting regularly with data-analysis consultants. Current tasks are focused on building a data warehouse that is part of an information infrastructure designed to support institution-wide decision-making. Pathways Mapping Working Group reports that faculty continue to work on degree program mapping. As the maps are completed, they are being collected electronically.

Frida Kahlo

The Cleve Carney Museum of Art at the McAninch Arts Center in partnership with College of DuPage, is pleased to announce an exhibition of works by Frida Kahlo coming to the Glen Ellyn campus in the Summer of 2020. This comprehensive presentation of the life and works of the artist Frida Kahlo will feature 26 original pieces as well as an immersive historical exhibit that provides a framework of the life, circumstances and events that led to Kahlo becoming one of the most important painters of the 20th century and of our time.

Strategic Enrollment Management (SEM)

SEM is an integrated system that aligns an institution's resources with its changing environment to accomplish the institution's mission and achieve the optimal recruitment, retention and graduation of students. Under the leadership of the Provost, the Strategic Enrollment Planning Council will engage the full college community to develop a plan to address process efficiencies, enrollment, improved retention, and heightened completion. The four-phase plan will include:

- Preparation and Data Analysis (KPI, data collection, situation analysis)
- Strategies (strategic development, prioritization, ROI considerations)
- Enrollment Goals (enrollment projection, goal setting and written plan finalization)
- Implementation and Continuation (implementation of the plan; strategic enrollment planning council to monitor, evaluate, and update the plan as needed)

Fund Balance Utilization: The College is currently in a strong financial position with a projected General Fund balance equal to 133% of its annual operating expenditures. Excellent budget management and execution practices across the College have led to this financial condition. From time to time, the College utilizes these reserves to cover one-time expenditures. The FY2020 budget utilizes fund balance in the following areas:

- General Fund (Comprised of the Education and Operations & Maintenance Funds): The College has budgeted the use of \$11 million of fund balance to finance construction activities across campus, auxiliary enterprises, veteran grants as well as new initiatives related to its Pathways program.
- *Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund (Construction Fund):* The College has budgeted the use of \$7.4 million of fund balance to complete various construction projects.
- *Auxiliary Enterprises Fund:* The College has budgeted the use of \$1.0 million of fund balance to host an historic and extraordinary cultural event in the summer of 2020 an exhibition that includes over \$100 million in rare and valuable Frida Kahlo art. The FY2020 budget provides the necessary funding to operate the event. The projected FY2020 deficit is expected to be offset by the event revenues coming in the first quarter of FY2021 because the event crosses fiscal years.

FY2020 Budget Overview

The FY2020 revenue and expenditure budgets for all funds are \$324.9 million and \$349.6 million, respectively. An overall budgeted reduction in fund balance of \$24.7 million is projected, primarily due to the utilization of resources for the one-time expenditures as previously discussed. The Education Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund comprise the General Fund of the College. The General Fund includes the revenues and expenditures to support the day-to-day operations of the College. The budget for FY2020 General Fund shows revenues and transfers-in of \$175.2 million and expenditures and transfers-out of \$186.2 million resulting in the use of \$11.0 million of fund balance to achieve a balanced budget. The following summarizes the FY2020 budget.

Revenues:

The College has three primary revenue sources (property taxes, tuition and fees, and state funding) that comprise 87% of the total budgeted revenues. The budgeted revenues for FY2020 are \$324.9 million compared to a budget of \$325.4 million for FY2019. This represents a decrease of \$0.5 million or 1.3%. Each of the revenue sources is described in more detail in the financial section for each fund.

The College's Board approved an increase in tuition and fee rates of \$1.00 per credit hour effective with the 2019 fall semester, bringing total tuition and fees to \$137.00 per semester hour. The FY2020 budget reflects the changes in these tuition rates.

State funding for FY2020 is appropriated by the Illinois General Assembly. For FY2020, the College has budgeted the receipt of 100% of the state base operating grant, the amount equal to the prior budget year. The state also makes the pension payments to the State Universities Retirement System plan on behalf of the College. In FY2020, this amount is estimated at \$80.4 million in the Restricted Purposes Fund.

Expenditures:

Total College expenditures across all funds are budgeted at \$349.6 million, a \$4.7 million decrease from the FY2019 budget. The decrease in expenditures is attributable to the decrease in capital projects. The expenditures of each fund are described in more detail in the relevant portion of the financial section.

We would like to extend our sincere thanks to the Board of Trustees for their leadership, the staff and faculty for their hard work on the FY2020 budget, and the residents of Community College District 502 for their continued support.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian W. Capula

Brian W. Caputo, Ph.D., C.P.A. President College of DuPage

PROFILE OF THE COLLEGE

The community college district served by College of DuPage has grown significantly over the years. College of DuPage is the second largest provider of undergraduate education in the state of Illinois. Originally formed from 10 high school districts, District 502 has become the most populous community college district in Illinois, outside of Chicago. More than one million residents from all or part of 51 communities comprise today's District 502, with boundaries encompassing significant parts of Cook and Will counties, as well as the majority of DuPage County. Today, with approximately 26,000 students enrolled each semester, the College is dedicated to serving the diverse higher educational, civic, and cultural needs of the residents of Community College District 502.

Community College District 502 encompasses 357-square-miles. The Glen Ellyn campus is located about 35 miles west of downtown Chicago. Total estimated 2018 population of DuPage County is approximately 930,000, and the total 2018 DuPage County equalized assessed valuation is \$38.7 billion. District 502 residents are interested in the highest quality of education at all levels. The District has excellent public and private grade schools and high schools, as well as several private institutions of higher education.

The College is recognized by the Illinois Community College Board and governed by a locallyelected seven-member Board of Trustees and one elected, non-voting student representative. The College is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission. In October 2012, examiners from Illinois Performance Excellence evaluated College systems and processes against nationally developed Baldrige Education Criteria for Performance Excellence and awarded the College the Bronze Award, making College of DuPage only the sixth community college recipient of this award since its inception in 1996.

The principal employers in DuPage County include Edward Hospital, Heartland Food Corporation, Northwestern Hospital CDH, Abercrombie & Kent Inc., Readlink Distribution, Footprint Acquisition, DuPage County, Tellabs Inc., and Advocate Good Samaritan. Two major research laboratories, Fermi Lab in Batavia and Argonne National Laboratories in Darien are located in District 502. The District also has several major shopping centers, such as Oak Brook, Stratford Square, Fox Valley, Yorktown, and many other small centers or strip malls. Some of the major hotels located within the District include Marriott Oak Brook, Hyatt Oak Brook, Hilton Suites Oakbrook Terrace, Sheraton Lisle, Holiday Inn Naperville, Hyatt Regency Lisle, Hilton Lisle, Indian Lakes Resort Bloomingdale, and Wyndham Hamilton Hotel Itasca. The District normally has a relatively low unemployment rate and one of the highest equalized assessed valuations per community college student in Illinois.

College of DuPage is currently headed by an administration under President, Dr. Brian W. Caputo. Total staff at the College numbers over 3,000 and includes administrators, full- and part-time faculty members, counselors and advisors, classified staff, various other professionals, and student employees.

College of DuPage's operating revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes, tuition and fees, and state allocations. Additionally, the College receives grant funding from state and federal sources. Gifts and grants from foundations and private sources are accepted through the College of DuPage Foundation.

Like many other service organizations, the primary expenditures of the College are for employee salaries and benefits. Salaries and employee benefits account for almost 71% of total expenditures in the FY2020 General Fund budget. The majority of the College's employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements or other employment agreements. Contracts with the full-time faculty association, painters, groundskeepers, classified staff association-mechanics, and carpenters, Fraternal Order of Police, and operating engineers are currently under negotiations. The adjunct association contract has been extended through FY2021.

College of DuPage is a comprehensive community college that meets five key community educational needs: Transfer Education that prepares students for transfer to a four-year institution to pursue a bachelor's degree; Careers and Technical Education that prepares students who will graduate with an Associate in Applied Sciences degree or certificate to directly enter the workforce; Developmental Education that provides remedial education for students who are not academically ready to enroll in college-level courses; Continuing Education that provides non-credit courses to the community for personal development and enrichment; and Business Training that provides specialized or customized training and education to local companies for their employees.

College of DuPage offers seven associate degrees in two general areas, baccalaureate transfer, and career and technical education. Baccalaureate transfer degrees include the Associate in Arts, Associate in Science, Associate in Engineering Science, Associate in Fine Arts in Art, and the Associate in Fine Arts in Music. The Associate in Applied Science degree provides education in more than 40 career and technical programs. The College also offers an Associate in General Studies degree designed for students who desire to arrange a program to meet their personal needs and interests.

In addition to associate degrees, College of DuPage offers over 170 certificates in almost 50 career and technical fields. College credit and Continuing Education classes are offered on the College's 273-acre Glen Ellyn campus, at four regional centers, and at area high schools and other community locations. Educational opportunities at College of DuPage include face-to-face courses, accelerated programs for adults, field and experiential learning, an honors program, online and hybrid courses, special programs for youth and older adults, customized training for business and industry, and courses required for licensure in various professions.

College of DuPage participates in the North Central Community College Conference and is a member of the National Junior College Athletic Association. Intercollegiate sports for men include baseball, basketball, cross country, football, golf, soccer, tennis, and track and field. College of DuPage has women's teams in basketball, cross-country, soccer, softball, tennis, track and field, and volleyball. There is also a spirit squad that performs at home football and basketball games.

HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE

On Sept. 25, 1967, College of DuPage opened under the leadership of President Rodney K. Berg and Board of Trustees Chairman George L. Seaton. Classes were held in office trailers and at leased suburban sites throughout the newly formed Community College District 502. Driving from class to class, the students, faculty and staff of this "campus-less" community college became affectionately known as road runners, hence the nickname for College community members: "Chaparrals."



President Rodney Berg (left) & Board of Trustees Chairman George Seaton look out over the land where current campus was built.

College of DuPage's origins can be traced to two signature events. The first was the Illinois General Assembly adoption of the Public Community College Act of 1965. The second was the approval by DuPage high school district voters of a 1965 referendum. Their foresight created a new community college to serve the dynamically growing and prospering DuPage area.

In 1968, a 273-acre Glen Ellyn campus site was acquired, and a year later, three interim buildings were constructed west of Lambert Road. The first permanent building, today's Berg Instructional Center (BIC), opened in 1973. Four years later, the top floor of the BIC was completed. The year 1979 marked the appointment of Harold D. McAninch as College of DuPage's second president, and in 1983 the Student Resource Center (SRC) and Physical Education and Community Recreation Center opened.



A 1980's view of the Student Resource Center and Berg Instruction Center.

Over the next decade, the McAninch Arts Center (1986) and Seaton Computing Center (SCC) (1990) opened on campus, while new Naperville and Westmont centers (1991) offered an even greater regional presence.

Michael T. Murphy became College of DuPage's third president in 1994. Under President Murphy, College of DuPage became America's largest single-campus community college, a distinction it held through 2003. Today, with approximately 26,000 students per term,

College of DuPage is the second largest public provider of undergraduate education in Illinois.

Capping the 2002 academic year, voters approved a \$183-million bond issue that provided funds for the renovation and rebuilding of the Glen Ellyn campus and several off-campus locations.

The arrival of the College's fourth president, Dr. Sunil Chand highlighted 2003. Throughout 2004 and 2005, Chand launched major initiatives for the College's academic accreditation through the

Academic Quality Improvement Program quality improvement process and curriculum conversion from quarters to semesters that officially began with the fall 2005 semester.

College of DuPage opened its Carol Stream Community Education Center in 2004. The year 2006 brought the Frontier Campus in Naperville, a collaboration between College of DuPage and Indian Prairie District 204. The year 2007 included completion of the Administrative Annex Building, along with construction of efficient new campus roadways and revamped parking lots.

College of DuPage in 2008 received a maximum seven-year reaccreditation through the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Institutions of Higher Education.

Dr. Robert L. Breuder took over for Interim President Harold McAninch in January 2009 and that summer both the Health and Science Center and Technical Education Center opened on the Glen Ellyn campus. Construction and other physical improvements, intensified in November 2010 when District 502 voters approved a \$168-million capital referendum initiative.

Funds from the 2002 referendum have been used for the construction of the Homeland Security Education Center, the Student Services Center and the Culinary & Hospitality Center. The 2010 referendum supported the renovation of the SRC, the SCC, the McAninch Arts Center, the Campus Maintenance Center and the Physical Education Center. The College realized several major outcomes, including significant semester-to-semester enrollment increases, the addition of approximately 50 new academic programs, and the creation of the 3+1 degree program that allows students to earn an entire bachelor's degree with a partner university without leaving the COD campus.

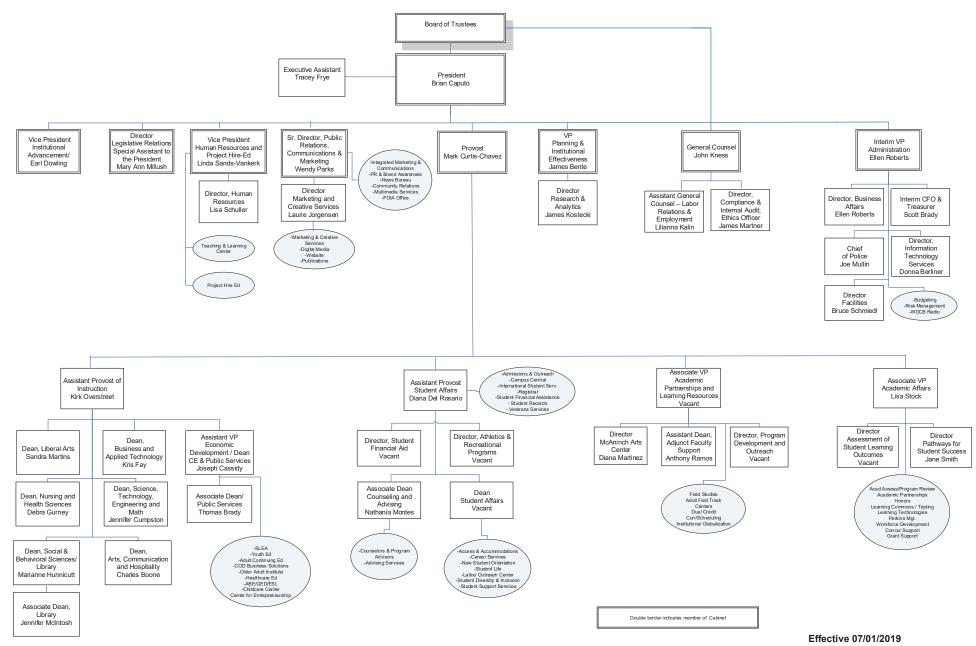
On May 2, 2016, the College of DuPage Board of Trustees appointed Dr. Ann E. Rondeau to serve as the sixth President in the College's 49-year history. Dr. Rondeau succeeded Acting Interim President Joseph E. Collins.

In 2016, after many years of physical building and expanding, the College undertook a series of cross-constituency endeavors intended to strengthen and update policies, processes, and procedures and to transform and modernize the College to changing environmental dynamics and conditions, from standards to demographics to learning delivery systems. The results have included, though not limited to, exemplary governance (setting a pace for community colleges in the state) and unprecedented recognition of financial practices.

Building upon these improvements, the College embarked on a long-term and rigorous Guided Pathways program. The program emphasizes student outcomes and persistence, making the student the focus for all parts of the College, as well as strategically and operationally planning for resources to support and sustain this emphasis.

On November 15, 2018, the College of DuPage Board of Trustees unanimously voted to appoint Dr. Brian W. Caputo, Vice President of Administration and CFO at the College, as the interim president as of January 1, 2019 succeeding Dr. Rondeau. The interim title was removed on June 20, 2019 after the Board unanimously approved a three year contract with Dr. Caputo to serve as president.





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ANNUAL BUDGET PROCESS

The annual budget process begins with the development of a preliminary budget based on the analysis of all line-items to look for expenditures or revenues that appear out of line with past spending, receipts or current departmental responsibilities. Next, assumptions are applied to help project revenues and expenditure items. Each department then reviews their preliminary budget and submits budget modification requests based on departmental plans to the Budget Office. These requests are compiled and distributed to the President's Cabinet for review and prioritization.

The Budget Office then consolidates all Cabinet-endorsed requests and prepares a proposed budget. The budget becomes the first year of the five-year plan. The remaining four years are calculated by applying assumptions regarding growth rates to reflect inflation and the adding of new initiatives or programs. The President of the College then presents the proposed budget to the Board of Trustees for approval. By statute, the Board must make the proposed budget available for public inspection at least thirty (30) days before the Board's final action on the budget.

The College also solicits feedback from its Budget Committee through the budget process. The Budget Committee is the college-level advisory committee charged to more directly oversee the process for developing the budget for review and approval by the Board of Trustees; and to review and recommend strategic policies, procedures, and programs to the President, Treasurer, and/or the Board of Trustees on matters relating to budget and resource allocation.

The Board will vote on the approval of the annual budget within or before the first quarter of the fiscal year in accordance with Section 3-20.1 of the Illinois Public Community College Act, 110 ILCS. Best practices are to approve the next fiscal year's budget prior to the expiration of the current fiscal year. The College plans its annual budget cycle to adhere to this best practice.

Commencing with its adoption, the budget, on a line-by-line basis, is entered into the College's fully computerized encumbrance reporting system. This on-line system monitors all College expenditures during the year, allowing for expenditures to be controlled within the limits established in the budget. The system also summarizes the year-to-date performance of each department relative to the budget and the above-mentioned budget priorities.

After the adoption of the budget for a particular fiscal year, it may be necessary to permit the transfer of budget amounts between object and functional designations within a fund. The budget is controlled at the line-item level. Budget transfers are required for line items that exceed the annual budget amount. The Board has the authority to amend such budget by the same procedure as is provided for in its original adoption. With the exception of budget transfers within the construction fund, no Board action is required for budget transfers within funds as long as the transfer does not change the total revenue or expenditure in that fund.

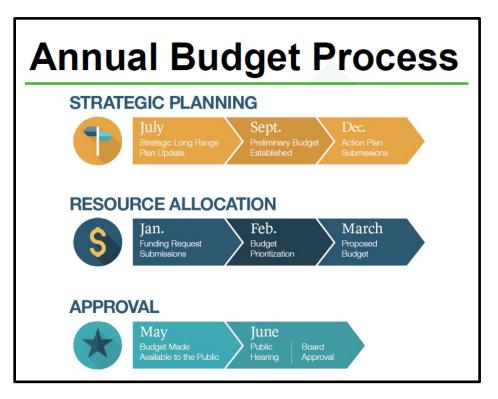
The College has three primary budgetary controls:

- 1) monitoring of actual monthly results to budget
- 2) processing and approval of procurement and personnel requisitions
- 3) approval of cash disbursements

Each month actual results are compared and analyzed against the budget. Budget variances are discussed with the President and department heads. Budget transfers may be prepared for lineitems to address exceeding annual budget amounts. The College's procurement system provides the second level of budgetary control: requisitions without sufficient funds in the line-item are not approved until a budget transfer has been approved to alleviate the shortage of funds. The funds availability check occurs a second time before the cash disbursement takes place. Lastly, the hiring of all personnel requires the Budget Manager's approval on all requisitions to ensure the position is in the budget.

Budget Calendar

Below is a summary of the standard activities in developing the budget.



II. STRATEGIC PLANNING SECTION

Mission:

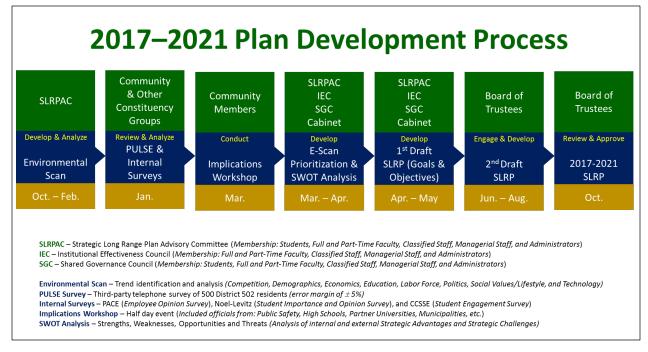
The mission of College of DuPage is to be a center for excellence in teaching, learning, and cultural experiences by providing accessible, affordable, and comprehensive education.



STRATEGIC PLANNING PROCESS

COD's inclusive and cyclical planning process is designed to allow the College to fulfill its mission, maintain high academic standards, increase opportunities for student learning, and respond to future challenges and opportunities. The Strategic Long Range Plan Advisory Committee (SLRPAC), comprised of full-time faculty, administrators, classified staff, student leaders, and the Vice President of Planning and Institutional Effectiveness, is charged with annual evaluation and revision to the plan.

Overall stewardship of the strategic planning process is the responsibility of the Vice President, Planning & Institutional Effectiveness, who coordinates the timeline, committee collaboration, and documentation. The following diagram illustrates COD's planning process:



Strategic Long Range Plan Development

Phase I – Identification of Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats (SWOT)

The work of the SLRPAC begins in the fall with the updating of the SWOT analysis. Based on a review of relevant internal and external data and input from various constituency groups and individuals (e.g. faculty, staff, students, Cabinet, Board of Trustees, etc.), the SLRPAC reviews, updates, adds, and when appropriate, removes items from the SWOT. The results of the SWOT update provide the foundation for the next phases of the strategic planning process.

Phase II – Review and Revise Core Statements

Based on the revised SWOT analysis and input from various constituency groups and individuals (e.g. faculty, staff, students, Cabinet, Board of Trustees, etc.), the SLRPAC reviews and, when appropriate, recommends changes to the institution's core statements (Philosophy, Mission, Vision and Values). Typically core statements do not change significantly over the three-year planning horizon.

Phase III – Develop Strategic Goals and Tasks

Goals are institutional in nature, while tasks serve as the "bridge" between the SLRP and Annual Plan (see Phase IV). Although goals and tasks are reviewed annually, typically goals do not change over the three-year planning horizon, whereas tasks can and do change on an annual basis. Tasks for the following academic year can be recommended by any constituency groups and individuals (e.g. faculty, staff, students, Cabinet, Board of Trustees, etc.). Using the revised SWOT analysis and input from constituency groups and individuals, the SLRPAC and Cabinet develops recommended tasks for the following year. The first three phases of the planning process (SWOT, Core Statements, and Goals and Tasks) complete the SLRP, which is approved annually by the Board of Trustees.

Phase IV – Develop and Implement Annual Plan

Working in collaboration with their respective administrators, the Cabinet develops the Annual Plan, which contains one-year objectives and strategies. These objectives and strategies must be consistent with the institution's core statements, and each objective must be aligned to a task in the SLRP. As was previously noted, tasks serve as the bridge between the SLRP and Annual Plan. By having this "bridge," essentially every area and employee is linked to the College's philosophy, mission, vision, values and strategic goals.

Phase V – Monitoring Annual Plan Performance

Major initiatives are tracked against the institutional goals and their budget impact is reflected in the annual budget developed in the spring. The College Annual Plan and Budget include cross-referencing to the SLRP. This represents the first step in tracking the alignment of goals with specific allocations and expenditures. Budget monitoring occurs monthly by every budget officer, while the Annual Plan is formally monitored three times a year through a "stop light" report. Through the "stop light" report, the Cabinet monitors the institution's progress and whether the College is on track for achieving each objective in the Annual Plan.

Phase VI – Review Progress

Tasks that are tied to the Annual Plan give the SLRP an annual perspective. Significant activities, processes, and outcomes can be measured and reported through tasks. In March of each year, a Mid-Year Outcomes Report is developed and provided to the President.

Phase VII – Evaluate Progress

To promote accountability and transparency, in August, an Institutional Outcomes Report, which details the significant activities, processes, and outcomes achieved during the entire year, is developed and provided to the President. In turn, this report is presented to the Board of Trustees and subsequently posted to the internal employee portal and external public website.

Phase VIII – Improve Planning Process

Since the SLRPAC is responsible for the planning process, they conduct a process evaluation annually. Among other things, this process evaluation assesses issues such as process effectiveness and efficiency, accuracy of data, benchmarking, and current trends in institutional planning.

FY2017-2021 STRATEGIC LONG RANGE PLAN

College of DuPage engages in planning to assure that we are future-oriented in serving our students, community and other stakeholders. College of DuPage's strategic long range planning is a continuous process that guides the future direction of the institution. Specifically, the Strategic Long Range Plan defines the College's institutional philosophy, mission, vision, core values, long-term goals and associated strategic objectives.

At College of DuPage, the Strategic Long Range Plan is based on the concept of planning "from the outside-in." Therefore, the Strategic Long Range Plan is a map for the development and delivery of programs and services that address community challenges and needs.

With the approval of the Board of Trustees, the Strategic Long Range Plan sets the College's strategic direction over a five-year period. Therefore, the purpose of this document is to communicate to College of DuPage employees, students, community and other stakeholders a reference point for comprehensive long range planning.

KEY ENVIRONMENTAL SCAN TRENDS

Brown and Weiner (1985) define environmental scanning as "a kind of radar to scan the world systematically and signal the new, the unexpected, the major and the minor." Therefore, the environmental scan is intended to identify current and emerging external trends that impact our community, students and other stakeholders of the College.

By identifying and understanding external trends, the College can develop plans to proactively meet and address changing needs of our community, students and other stakeholders. To be as comprehensive as possible, the College scans eight areas or taxonomies which include:

- Competition
- Demographics
- Economy
- Education
- Labor Force
- Politics
- Social Values/Life Style
- Technology

During its most recent environmental scan, the College identified 74 trends across the taxonomies. The following 17 trends were identified as having the highest impact on the communities served by College of DuPage.

COMPETITION

Partnerships with Feeder Schools

As higher education institutions recognize the significant role they play in the quality of our nation's middle and secondary schools, efforts are increasing to build sustaining and mutually reinforcing partnerships with feeder schools.

Student Satisfaction

Factors that contribute to the satisfaction of those with a college degree include the quality of the experience in relationships with and access to faculty, internships and other experiential learning, the overall student experience and extracurricular activities. Individuals with less debt and good jobs are the most satisfied and able to develop their lives through steps such as continuing their education or buying a home. This appears to be the case regardless of race, ethnicity or generation.

DEMOGRAPHIC

Poverty Level in DuPage County

According to the American Community Survey five-year estimates, 7.0% of the DuPage County population lived in a state of poverty during the 2012 - 2016 period.

Ethnic Diversity in the Population of DuPage County

Underrepresented populations in DuPage County steadily increased since 1990 and are projected to continue increasing through 2020 and beyond.

ECONOMIC

Illinois Budget Deficit

There is a high probability state and local funding of education will decrease in the near future.

Skills Gap

The demand for skilled workers will exceed the supply, resulting in a shortage.

EDUCATION

Underprepared Students Despite Implementation of Common Core

As the number of underprepared students continues to increase, community colleges will continue to play a significant role in serving this population.

Underprepared Students Increasingly Attend Community Colleges

As the number of underprepared students continues to increase, community colleges will continue to play a significant role in serving this population.

LABOR FORCE

Demand for Healthcare Workers

As the population ages, the demand for healthcare workers will continue through 2024.

Shortage of Middle-Skill Workers

Between 2010-2020, 48% of jobs will require middle-skills. Middle-skills are generally evidenced by more than a high school credential but less than a bachelor's degree. Examples of jobs requiring such skills include electricians, dental hygienists, and paralegals. In Illinois, the Bureau of Labor Statistics is showing a shortage of middle-skill workers.

POLITICS

Accountability in Higher Education

Increasing state and federal attention continues to focus on accountability in postsecondary education.

Affordability in Higher Education

Tuition costs are out-pacing government funding for postsecondary student aid, with the greatest impact on low-income students who may be unable to afford college.

Higher Education Funding in Illinois

The state's failure to properly manage its finances continues to have a negative impact on higher education. This failure will ultimately change institutional operating procedures.

SOCIAL VALUES/LIFESTYLE

Digital Technologies Affect Learning and Careers

The use of existing digital technology for engagement and enhancement of learning will continue to expand as well as impact future careers.

Longer Life Expectancy

People in the United States are living longer, retiring later and pursuing multiple careers. Therefore, additional education or training will be required.

TECHNOLOGY

Increased Demand for Technological Skills and Training

Given the rate of sustained rapid technological advancement, there is an ongoing need for increased base-level technological skills, continued technological training and professional development.

Increased Use of Mobile Devices Leads to New Educational Opportunities and Strategies

The transformative potential of mobile devices and applications will fuel change in the way college courses are created and delivered.

KEY SWOT ANALYSIS FACTORS

SWOT analysis is a strategic planning method used to evaluate the Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats facing the College. The aim of the analysis is to identify the most significant internal and external factors that are important to developing, deploying, and achieving COD's strategic goals.

- Strengths are <u>internal</u> characteristics that give COD a competitive advantage.
- Weaknesses are <u>internal</u> characteristics that may place COD at a competitive disadvantage.
- **Opportunities** are <u>external</u> factors that COD can leverage or exploit to create value for our students and community or to give COD a better competitive advantage.
- **Threats** are factors in the <u>external</u> environment that could cause challenges for COD or hinder us in advancing our mission and achieving our vision.

	ADVANTAGES	CHALLENGES
INTERNAL	STRENGTHS S 1. Accessibility 2. Financial Position 3. Comprehensive Academics, Programs and Services 4. Modern Facilities 5. Affordability and Value 6. Academic Partnerships	 WEAKNESSES 1. Systematic Use of Data 2. Systematic Evaluation of Effectiveness for Student Learning 3. Noel Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory (SSI) Ratings 4. Community College Survey of Student Engagement (CCSSI) Ratings
EXTERNAL	OPPORTUNITIES 1. Cost Effective Transfer Preparation, Certificates, and Degrees 2. Alternative Learning Options 3. Changing District Profile 4. Cost of Higher Education (external to College of DuPage) 5. Skills Gap in the Workplace 6. Public Awareness and Promotion of College of DuPage	THREATS T 1. Public Funding 2. Underprepared Incoming Students 3. Illinois Pension Liability 4. Data Security 5. Student Mental Health Issues 6. The Community College Stigma 7. Competition from out-of-state institutions of higher education 8. Decreasing in-district high school graduates



GOALS AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Goal 1: Accountability

College of DuPage is committed to being transparent, answerable and responsible to all stakeholders. To accomplish this we will:

Strategic Objectives:

- 1.1 Exceed the accreditation requirements of the Higher Learning Commission and other program specific accreditations and certifications (e.g., Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing).
- 12 Develop, analyze and use meaningful metrics to demonstrate how well College of DuPage is educating students, including transfer and employment placement rates.
- 13 Ensure accuracy, integrity and reliability of data and of the data management system.
- 1.4 Integrate institutional data sources in order to track daily operations and overall organizational performance, including progress on achieving strategic objectives and annual targets.
- 1.5 Improve internal controls that create an auditable trail of evidence in order to promote efficiency and effectiveness of operations, ensure the safeguarding of assets, and to enhance fraud prevention and detection.
- 1.6 Ensure compliant and transparent processes that will promote stakeholder confidence and trust.
- 1.7 Create a fear-free culture where employees and other stakeholders feel compelled to speak up when they witness potential acts of wrongdoing or unethical conduct.

Goal 2: Value-Added Education

College of DuPage is committed to going beyond standard expectations and providing something more to the students and communities we serve. To accomplish this we will:

- 2.1 Empower students to design/customize their education to meet their specific educational goals and needs.
- 2.2 Ensure that course descriptions are clear (including required prerequisites), accurate and that transferability is clearly stated.
- 2.3 Review, revise and develop curricular offerings to assure high quality education and alignment with the current and emerging employee skill needs of local businesses and employers.
- 2.4 Add new and strengthen current academic transfer partnership agreements (e.g., 3+1, 2+2) and create greater opportunities for students to earn college credit while still in high school (e.g., Early College initiative, dual credit).

- 2.5 Support student success by addressing student-identified (e.g. Noel-Levitz Student Satisfaction Inventory survey) issues with academic advising, with a focus on the academic advisor's knowledge about programs at College of DuPage and transfer requirements at other institutions.
- 2.6 Support student completion within 150 percent of the normal time (e.g., three years for an associate's degree) by implementing a guided pathways approach to programs and degrees.
- 2.7 Expand efforts to attract and provide resources to assist non-traditional students to enroll in credit courses, especially those in the 55-plus age group.
- 2.8 Continue to improve Adult Basic Education / High School Equivalency / English Language Acquisition, etc., with a focus on transitioning students from non-credit to success in college degree and certificate programs of study.
- 2.9 Grow credit enrollment by enhancing and being known for providing exceptional educational and cultural experiences to students (e.g., study abroad programs, learning technologies, and co-curricular activities).

Goal 3: Student Centeredness

College of DuPage is committed to methods of teaching that shift the focus of instruction from the teacher to the student. To accomplish this we will:

- 3.1 Enhance and expand opportunities to support student learning needs, including helping students identify a course of study, recognize their specific goals and assist them to overcome their weaknesses.
- 32 Create awareness among employees concerning student mental health and disability issues and adopt College policies and procedures to ensure they meet the needs of this population.
- 33 Develop innovative ways to gather quantitative and qualitative data from students about their needs and act upon that input.
- 3.4 Develop ways to better share data concerning student needs and success methods across all areas of the College.
- 35 Create effective communication pathways from the student, to the faculty, to the rest of the College.
- 3.6 Ensure that current College policies and procedures lead to improved student outcomes.
- 3.7 Foster a culture of intellectual expectations, achievement, and engagement for students.
- 3.8 Leverage faculty expertise to develop and implement original content/learning modules that can be scaled to meet current and emerging student educational goals and local employer needs.

Goal 4: Equality and Inclusiveness

College of DuPage is committed to ensuring that all stakeholders are involved in setting institutional direction; that their perspectives are heard and valued and their needs are understood and addressed. To accomplish this we will:

Strategic Objectives:

- 4.1 Implement methods (e.g., Personal Assessment of the College Environment survey) to assess the institutional culture and climate and develop specific actions related to identified opportunities for improvement.
- 4.2 Incentivize employees to utilize College of DuPage resources (facilities, services and offerings).
- 4.3 Expand the availability and use of professional development funds for all employees.
- 4.4 Support cross-departmental knowledge exchange for all constituencies (starting with onboarding and continuing throughout the employee's career).
- 4.5 Expand the Shared Governance Council to drive the culture so that it is inclusive of people, processes, inputs, ideas, thoughts, beliefs and perspectives.
- 4.6 Continue to foster a culture of inclusiveness for students, employees, and the community through programs, activities, policies, and procedures.
- 4.7 Develop and implement programs and services to enhance institutional diversity and global engagement, including recruitment and support for international students.

Goal 5: Relationships

College of DuPage is committed to cooperating and collaborating with all stakeholders in order to advance mutual interests. To accomplish this we will:

- 5.1 Increase College of DuPage's exposure and partnerships in District 502 by utilizing existing facilities in cities, towns, and villages (e.g., municipal centers, libraries).
- 5.2 Develop a learning network by leveraging the off-campus centers and other community locations for the delivery of College programs and services.
- 5.3 Identify and implement optimal methods of communicating with and engaging all College stakeholders (e.g., alumni, business leaders, elected officials).
- 5.4 Utilize internal resources to develop a new College of DuPage brand and implement a communications plan that considers the preferences and needs of students and other internal and external stakeholders.
- 5.5 Modernize College of DuPage's website and other interfaces to improve functionality, information accessibility, and user friendliness.
- 5.6 Identify, assess, and enhance College of DuPage's community outreach activities, with a focus on the visual and performing arts.

- 5.7 Support collaboration, creation, and learning by promoting and providing College of DuPage resources to all District 502 residents in DuPage, Will, and Cook Counties (e.g., Center for Entrepreneurship).
- 5.8 Rebuild public confidence in College of DuPage's institutional integrity through increased engagements by College staff, faculty, and Board members with community organizations (e.g., Rotary, Chambers, libraries) with a focus on assessing and meeting community needs through the College's programs and services.
- 5.9 Continue to "spotlight" and promote faculty through social media, live events, etc., in order to give students and other stakeholder insight into the quality of instruction and programs provided by College faculty.

Goal 6: Innovativeness

College of DuPage is committed to making meaningful change that enhances organizational effectiveness and adds new value for stakeholders. To accomplish this we will:

Strategic Objectives:

- 6.1 Foster an innovative culture and climate by encouraging (risk-free) experimentation and the sharing of best practices by all employees.
- 6.2 Develop a process to systematically seek student perspectives and ideas in order to enhance the student experience.
- 6.3 Leverage College technology in innovative ways for the benefit of students and the community at large.
- 6.4 Provide professional development opportunities to promote innovative ideas and solutions College-wide.
- 6.5 Support cross-departmental knowledge exchange for all constituencies (starting with onboarding and continuing throughout the employee's career).

Goal 7: Financial Stewardship

College of DuPage is committed to the careful and responsible management of the resources entrusted to its care. To accomplish this we will:

- 7.1 Keep tuition and property taxes as affordable as possible without impairing the quality or integrity of College programs and services.
- 7.2 Develop a financial model that identifies new revenue sources while eliminating the reliance on State of Illinois apportionment funds.
- 7.3 Educate stakeholders on the role, benefits and value of community colleges, with a focus on College of DuPage's value and stewardship of taxpayer dollars.
- 7.4 Increase philanthropic giving in order to increase access to education and to enhance cultural opportunities for the community.

- 7.5 Investigate and act upon opportunities to partner with co-branded programs and services with other Illinois community colleges.
- 7.6 Increase the active involvement of alumni in giving of their time and resources to support the College of DuPage Foundation mission.
- 7.7 Explore and, if feasible, incentivize students (e.g., reduced tuition) for taking courses during non-peaktimes.

Goal 8: Infrastructure

College of DuPage is committed to maintaining, improving and developing structures, systems and facilities necessary for the delivery of high-quality education and meaningful cultural events. To accomplish this we will:

Strategic Objectives:

- 8.1 Use faculty and other stakeholder input and appropriate institutional and benchmark data to analyze and understand current space capacity and utilization, and further develop and implement a detailed Facility Master Plan with a focus on future academic and student support needs.
- 8.1 Unify the west and east sides of the Glen Ellyn campus, creating a pedestrian-friendly crossing and a "one campus" feel.
- 8.2 Investigate the need for additional centers with a focus on how they would impact student preferences, accessibility and needs and enhance a Learning Network that advances student success.
- 8.3 Revise, integrate and implement the Information Technology Strategic Plan in order to enhance student success, maximize institutional effectiveness, and ensure hardware and software are reliable, secure (from data breaches), and user friendly to students, employees, and other stakeholders.

The College's Annual Plan, Fact Book, Strategic Long Range Plan, Environmental Scan (E-Scan), SWOT Development and College of DuPage's Economic Impacts Report are available on the College's website:

https://www.cod.edu/about/administration/planning and reporting documents/

III. FINANCIAL SECTION

Values:

Integrity – We expect the highest standard of moral character and ethical behavior.

ACCOUNTING STRUCTURE

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Accordingly, the College's annual financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions are eliminated.

The College prepares its budget based upon the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Illinois Community College Board requires that community colleges in the state prepare their budgets using this approach. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Taxpayer-assessed taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time. The College considers taxpayer-assessed taxes available when they are received within 60 days of the fiscal year end.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Under this basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis except for:

- Inventory items, such as materials and supplies, are accounted for using the purchases method. Under this method, the items are expensed in the period acquired. However, at the end of the fiscal year inventory is taken of remaining items which are counted as assets on the balance sheet.
- Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The College uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain college functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. College resources allocated to and accounted for in individual funds are based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent or restricted by law or grant agreement. Expenditures are controlled at the fund level.

The beginning fund balance of each fund is the balance of the fund after all liabilities/deferred inflows have been deducted from the assets/deferred outflows of the fund as of the beginning of the fiscal year. The ending fund balance for budget purposes is the beginning fund balance plus the net increase (decrease) in budgeted revenues and expenditures for the year.

Internal Controls

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the College are protected from theft or misuse, and

to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Each year, as part of the annual audit, the independent certified public accounting firm provides a report on the internal control systems along with recommendations for improvement of internal controls. The College audit reported that there were no instances of a material weakness in the internal control structure or violation of applicable laws or regulations noted during the FY2018 audit. The College's fiscal year end audit typically begins in late May of each year and concludes in October or early November, with the presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and audit results to the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees, as well as the full Board.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

The funds of the College are classified into three types: governmental, proprietary (enterprise) and fiduciary. In addition, the College maintains two account groups, the General Fixed Asset Account Group, and the General Long-term Debt Account Group. The account groups are used to record the College's capital assets and long-term debt. The account groups are required to be maintained by the ICCB. These two Account Groups are not budgeted. The College's fiduciary fund, the Agency Fund, is used to account for resources held by the College in a custodial capacity. Only assets and liabilities are recorded in the Agency Fund, which is not budgeted. The College's governmental funds are divided into separate categories. The College follows the ICCB prescribed format for its chart of accounts. The ICCB recommends that accounts be structured in a fund-function-department-object format.

General Fund	The primary operating fund of the College used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
Special Revenue Fund	Used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
Debt Service Fund	Used to account for payment of principal, interest, and related charges on any outstanding bonds.
Capital Projects Fund	Used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
Enterprise Fund	Proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.
Permanent Fund	Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

General Fund	Special Revenue Fund						
Education	Restricted Purposes						
Operations and Maintenance							
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund						
Bond and Interest	Operations and Maintenance						
	Restricted						
Enterprise Fund	Permanent Fund						
Auxiliary Enterprise	Working Cash						

GENERAL FUND

The Education Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund together comprise most of the core instruction and instructional support activities of the College. When grouped together these funds are referred to as the General Fund. The General Fund includes the revenue and expenditures associated with the day-to-day activities of the College. The combination of these funds into the General Fund allows for comparison to other educational institutions and is required by the ICCB for financial reporting purposes.

Education Fund (Fund 01)

The Education Fund is established by Section 3-1 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. The Education Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the academic and service programs of the College. This fund includes the cost of instructional, administrative, and professional salaries; supplies and moveable equipment; library books and materials; maintenance of instructional and administrative equipment; and other costs pertaining to the educational programs of the College.

Operations and Maintenance Fund (Fund 02)

The Operations and Maintenance Fund is established by Section 3-1 and Section 3-20.3 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for expenditures for the improvement, maintenance, repair, or benefit of buildings and property, including the cost of interior decorating and the installation, improvement, repair, replacement, and maintenance of building fixtures; rental of buildings and property for community college purposes; payment of all premiums for insurance upon buildings and building fixtures. If approved by resolution of the local board, the payment of salaries of janitors, engineers, or other custodial employees are allowed. All costs of fuel, lights, gas, water, telephone service, custodial supplies, and equipment, and professional surveys of the condition of College buildings are allowed.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund (Fund 03)

The Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund is established by Section 3-14 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of funds for building purposes and site acquisition not to exceed an amount equal to 5% of the District's equalized assessed valuation.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Bond and Interest Fund (Fund 04)

The Bond and Interest Fund is established by Section 3A-1 of the Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on any outstanding bonds.

ENTERPRISE FUND

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund (Fund 05)

The Auxiliary Enterprises Fund is established by Section 3-31.1 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. Activities in this fund are for services to students, the community, and staff for which a fee is charged that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. Examples of business activities in this fund include Continuing Education, radio station, field studies, bookstore, and the McAninch Arts Center.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Restricted Purposes Fund (Fund 06)

The Restricted Purposes Fund is used for the accounting of monies that have restrictions regarding their use, primarily grants. Each specific project should be accounted for separately using a complete group of self-balancing accounts within the Restricted Purposes Fund. The College records its state and federal grants in this fund.

PERMANENT FUND

Working Cash Fund (Fund 07)

The Working Cash Fund is established by Chapter 110, Act 805, Section 3-33.1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. This fund was first established without voter approval by resolution of the local Board of Trustees for the purpose of enabling the District to have on hand at all times sufficient cash to meet the demands for ordinary and necessary expenditures. This fund is used to account for the proceeds of working cash bonds. Bonds were issued on May 1, 1983, in the amount of \$5 million to supplement the \$3 million that existed in the Working Cash Fund; the 1983 bonds have been repaid. Additional bonds may not be issued without voter approval.

Fund	Fund Type	Basis of Budgeting
Education (01)	General	Modified Accrual
Operations and Maintenance (02)	General	Modified Accrual
Operations and Maintenance Restricted (03)	Capital Projects	Modified Accrual
Bond and Interest (04)	Debt Service	Modified Accrual
Auxiliary Enterprises (05)	Enterprise	Modified Accrual
Restricted Purposes (06)	Special Revenue	Modified Accrual
Working Cash (07)	Permanent Fund	Modified Accrual
General Fixed Asset Account Group (08)	Account Group	Not Budgeted
General Long-Term Debt Account Group (09)	Account Group	Not Budgeted
Agency (10)	Fiduciary	Not Budgeted

FUNCTIONS

The function defines the type of programs and activities that are operated within a particular fund. The College utilizes the following functions:

Instruction

This category consists of those activities dealing directly with the teaching of students. It includes the activities of faculty in the baccalaureate-oriented/transfer, occupational-technical career, general studies, and remedial and ABE/ASE programs (associate degree credit and certificate credit). It includes expenditures for department chairpersons, administrators, and support staff for whom instruction is an important role. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support the instructional program.

Academic Support

This category includes activities designed to provide support services for the College's primary missions of instruction, public service, and research. Academic support includes the operation of the library, educational media services, instructional materials center, and academic computing used in the learning process. Some other activities include tutoring, learning skills centers, and reading and writing centers, which can be reported in this category. It also includes expenditures for all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

Student Services

The student services function provides assistance in the areas of financial aid, admissions and records, health, placement, testing, counseling, and student activities. It includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

Public Service

Public service consists of non-credit classes and other activities of an educational nature, such as workshops, seminars, forums, exhibits, and the provision of College facilities and expertise to the community designed to be of service to the public.

Independent Operations

This category includes any separately budgeted research projects, other than institutional research projects that are included under institutional support, whether supported by the College or by an outside person or agency. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

Auxiliary Services

This function provides for the operation of the cafeteria, bookstore, radio station, performing arts, continuing education, and other business-related activities. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function. Activities included in auxiliary services should be self-supporting.

Operation and Maintenance of Plant

Consists of building and grounds maintenance activities necessary to keep the physical facilities open and ready for use. Maintenance of plant consists of those activities necessary to keep the

grounds, buildings, and equipment operating efficiently. This function also includes campus security and plant utilities, as well as equipment, materials, supplies, fire protection, property insurance, and other costs that are necessary to support this function.

General Administration

This category includes expenditures for administrative activities that benefit the entire institution. Examples include expenditures for financial affairs, human resources, legal services, staff services, and procurement.

General Institutional

This category includes expenditures for central executive-level activities and support services that benefit the entire institution. Examples include expenditures for the governing board, research and development, marketing, information technology, insurance, construction/capital expenditures, and debt service payments.

Scholarships, Student Grants and Waivers

This category includes activities in the form of grants to students, prizes and awards, chargebacks, and financial aid to students in the form of state-mandated and institutional tuition and fee waivers.

OBJECTS

An object refers to the type of revenue or expenditure that supports a function's activities. Revenues are grouped by local, state, and federal government sources, student tuition and fees, interest on investments, and sales and service fees. Expenditures are grouped by major category, such as salaries, supplies, or capital outlay, and are further divided as needed for cost accounting and control purposes. The College utilizes the following categories to capture revenues and costs that serve as the basis to delineate objects:

REVENUES

Local Government Sources - These are monies received from taxpayers within the College's district boundaries and other community colleges.

- Real Estate Taxes Monies received from taxpayers within the College's district boundaries based on the levy that is prorated to taxpayers based on the assessed valuation of property and the prevailing tax rate.
- Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes Replacement taxes are revenues collected by the State of Illinois and paid to local governments to replace money that was lost by local governments when their powers to impose personal property taxes on corporations, partnerships, and other business entities were withdrawn. The 1970 Illinois Constitution directed the legislature to abolish business personal property taxes and replace the revenue lost by local government units and school districts. In 1979, a law was enacted to provide for statewide taxes to replace the monies lost to local governments.

State Government Sources - These are comprised of monies received from the State of Illinois. The monies are to support operations and specific programs within the College.

- ICCB Base Operating Grant Funds appropriated by the Illinois General Assembly that are allocated by the ICCB to community colleges for general operations. The Base Operating Grant is based on credit enrollment with a small portion of the allocation based on gross square footage of space at the College, reported annually to the ICCB.
- Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grants These grant funds are dedicated to enhancing instruction and academic support activities to strengthen and improve career and technical programs and services.
- Other State Grants Other grants received from the state, including financial aid and onbehalf payments made by the State of Illinois to the State Universities Retirement System on-behalf of the College.

Federal Government Sources - These are monies received from the federal government to support specific programs within the College and provide financial aid to the students. The College's main specific program grant is the Perkins Grant. The College also receives the Student

Financial Aid cluster of grants including Pell, College Work Study, and Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant.

Student Tuition and Fees - The tuition and fee revenue represents the amount the College charges students for instruction based on credit hours. The fees charged to students are for student activities, debt, construction, student-to-student grant, and technology. In addition, other course-specific fees are charged for certain programs.

Interest on Investments – The interest on investments represents the amount of interest earned on the College's cash and investment accounts.

Sales and Service Fees - These monies represent revenues received from students, faculty, staff, and the community for services provided by the College. Examples include revenue from ticket sales for performing arts, athletic events, restaurant operations, and public safety fines.

EXPENDITURES

Salaries – Salaries include the amount of compensation paid to employees of the College.

Employee Benefits - Employee benefit costs are related to all benefits provided to employees with employment at the College. Benefits include employer portion of costs for health insurance premiums for medical, vision, and dental, tuition reimbursement, life insurance, and early retirement contributions assignable to the College.

Contractual Services - Contractual services are costs for services rendered by firms and individuals under contract who are not employees of the College.

Materials and Supplies - The materials and supplies category includes the cost of materials and supplies necessary for the conduct of the College's business. Business forms, envelopes, postage, printing, office supplies, and instructional supplies fall into this category.

Conference and Meeting - The category of conference and meeting includes expenditures associated with conference registration and fees, costs for hosting or attending meetings, and related travel costs, whether local or otherwise.

Fixed Charges - The fixed charges object category includes costs for rentals of facilities and equipment, payment of debt interest and principal, general insurance charges, installment payments for lease/purchase agreements, and property/casualty insurance.

Utilities - Utilities include all costs necessary to operate the physical plant and other ongoing services, including gas, electric, water and sewage, telephone, and refuse disposal.

Capital Outlay – Capital outlay is the cost of all expenditures that are capitalized by the College, including site acquisition, facility improvements, office equipment, instructional equipment, and service equipment. The College capitalizes expenditures for equipment that costs \$5,000 or more.

For additional information regarding capitalization thresholds, please refer to the Operations and Maintenance Fund section of this book.

Other Expenditures - The other expenditures object category includes expenditures not readily assignable to another object category. Examples include facilities chargebacks, bank fees and other financial charges, and tuition waivers and scholarships.

Contingency - Contingency funds are those appropriations set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures. Contingency funds can only be used with approval of a budget transfer by the Board of Trustees.

DEPARTMENTS

Departments are used by the College as cost centers to capture costs incurred for these functions.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL POLICIES

The College has a fully integrated financial structure lead by the Vice President, Administrative Affairs and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), who also serves by appointment as Treasurer of the Board of Trustees. The Treasurer is the custodian, who receives and disburses all College funds. By College policy, the Treasurer has the authority to invest funds belonging to the College. The Treasurer makes monthly reports of the financial activities and investments of the College to the Board of Trustees. Financial reports are produced monthly and distributed to appropriate offices throughout the College.

The following is a listing and a brief description of the major financial policies that have been approved by the Board of Trustees and are reviewed on an annual basis, which enhances the internal control structure as well as the preparation of the budget and financial reports of the College.

a) Auxiliary Enterprises Fund Professional Service Contracts

On an annual basis, the Board approves all Auxiliary Enterprises Fund budgets, including the McAninch Arts Center, Radio Station, and Continuing Education. Within each of these budgets, the administration is authorized to contract for speakers, products, training, equipment rental, and other professional services to execute their business operations.

b) Budget Transfers

The Board of Trustees recognizes that, subsequent to the adoption of the annual budget, it may be necessary to permit transfers of budget amounts between object and functional designations within a fund. All budget transfers must be fully justified and adhere to established approval levels.

c) Financial Disclosure to Avoid Conflict of Interest

In accordance with state and federal regulations to avoid conflicts of interest, College of DuPage requires key personnel to file an economic interest statement with the three counties that are within COD's boundaries.

d) Investment of College Funds

College of DuPage invests public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the organization and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The Board has approved an investment policy that details the type of investments allowable, as well as collateralization requirements and concentration limits. The policy was developed in accordance with the Illinois Public Community College Act and the Public Funds Investment Act, which detail the types of allowable investments.

The College of DuPage Board of Trustees has adopted an investment policy (Policy 10-55) to provide a clear understanding for and amongst the College, Board of Trustees, outside investment managers and advisors, and other interested parties concerning the investment of College funds. This Policy will be used to evaluate the performance of the investment portfolio and investment providers.

The College shall invest public funds in a manner that:

- Seeks to preserve capital while earning a market rate of return relative to the acceptable level of risk undertaken as defined in the investment policy,
- Meets the cash flow needs of the College, and
- Satisfies all applicable governing laws, including, but not limited to, the Illinois Compiled Statutes, specifically 30 ILCS 235, the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), and other state laws governing the investment of public funds, as amended from time-to-time.

The College's investment objectives, in order of priority, include:

- **Safety:** The security of monies, whether on hand or invested, and preservation of principal in the overall portfolio shall be the primary concern of the Treasurer in selecting depositories or investments.
- Liquidity: The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all reasonably anticipated operating requirements over the next 3-4 years.
- **Return:** The Treasurer shall seek to attain a return comparable with the average return of a U.S. Treasury Bill or Treasury Index that most closely reflects the duration of the portfolio, taking into account risk, constraints, cash flow, and legal restrictions on investment as defined by this Policy and applicable law and Board policies. All investments shall be selected on the basis of best execution.

The Treasurer will work with the Financial Affairs Department to maintain a cash forecast and allocate the funds by duration and investment type. This forecast will be used by the Treasurer to determine when funds may be required for expenditure.

e) Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund

Expenditures for Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund may be used for:

- Issuance of bonds and related expenditures such as legal fees, consultants, and printing costs.
- Site acquisition and site improvements such as landscaping, drainage, parking lots, walkways and other related costs.
- Building initial construction or remodeling, including fixtures and equipment.
- Original equipping of offices (furniture and equipment).

f) Travel Approval/Other Reimbursable Expenditures

Travel expenditures will be reimbursed within limitations of the budget, Board policies, and existing travel procedures.

g) Tuition and Fees Schedule

The Board of Trustees, on an annual basis, approves tuition and fees prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Community College Act, the guidelines established by the Illinois Community College Board, and the current policies and practices of the College.

h) Tuition Refund

The College will publish procedures for refunding tuition and fees. Refunds are given for cancelled classes, medical withdrawals, College errors and student withdrawals according to

the stated refund policy. A student must withdraw from classes through the Registration Department to receive a refund during the refund period.

i) Budget for Contingencies

Contingency funds are those expenditures budgeted, but not assigned to any direct expenditure category, to be used for emergencies or unforeseen expenditure requirements. A typical reason for accessing these monies might be to cover the cost of additional faculty salaries or laboratory supplies for an instructional discipline in which the enrollment has increased dramatically. Contingency funds are used only by budget transfer to other expenditure categories and require the approval of the Board of Trustees. This insures that all expenditures are recorded directly in the programs to which they relate. Because budget transfers change the original budgeted amount, budget-to-budget comparisons of contingency funds have no meaning once any budget transfers have been applied.

Balanced Budget

Budget decisions shall be made in accordance with the College's Annual Plan and shall conform to the requirements as set forth in the Illinois Community College Board Fiscal Management Manual. The definition of a balanced budget provides for the following:

- Annual expenditures plus other uses (i.e. fund balance) do not exceed projected revenues plus other sources
- Debt service
- Adequate reserves for maintenance and repairs to its existing facilities
- Adequate reserves for acquisition, maintenance, and replacement of capital equipment
- Adequate reserves for strategic capital projects
- Adequate funding levels to fulfill future terms and conditions of employment, including early retirement benefits
- Adequate allocations for special projects related to the strategic direction of the College
- Appropriate provisions for contingencies (unforeseen events requiring expenditures of current resources)
- Cash flow sufficient to provide for expenditures
- Ending fund balances (according to policies set specifically for that purpose)

Policies

A number of policies provide the context for planning and developing the budget in any given year. Fiscal policies address the acquisition and general allocation of resources: cash management, reserves, debt service, etc. Programmatic policies focus on what is done with those resources and how it is accomplished. Long-term policies deal with broad goals that vary little from year-to-year. Short-term policies are specific to the budget year. They address the key issues and concerns that frame the task at hand – preparing a balanced budget that effectively achieves the College's priorities within the context of the current and projected economic and political realities.

Fiscal Policies – Debt Management

The Board has taxing powers and may incur long-term debt obligations. By law, COD cannot have bonded indebtedness greater than 2.875% of the District's equalized assessed valuation of property. COD utilizes the debt market to issue bonds approved by the community through referendum to pay for new construction, land improvements, building improvements, site improvements, and capital equipment that are budgeted in the Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund. The College does not borrow funds for short-term operations as cash reserves are sufficient to manage operations. The College structures its debt in such a way as to maintain a relatively stable tax levy. Referendum-related bond issues may be paid off over a ten to twenty-year period, depending on the size of the referendum and IRS regulations regarding tax-exempt debt.

Long-Term Liabilities

Responsible financial management means looking beyond the next fiscal year to potential liabilities that may impact the College in future years. Retiree healthcare, unused vacation, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are long-term costs that must be addressed. It is essential to plan for such potential liabilities early and allocate resources accordingly to ensure that current budgetary policies and actions do not lead to unexpected financial burdens that could require drastic remedies in the years to come. Provisions are made in the annual budget for estimated payments of these benefits to employees. The College bi-annually has an actuarial calculation performed on its post-employment healthcare benefits so that the financial impact of this benefit is known. These OPEB costs are funded on a "pay as you go" basis; however, the Board has reserved \$12 million of its fund balance to pay for OPEB obligations.

Revenue Estimates

In order to maintain sound fiscal integrity, the College uses conservative estimates when forecasting revenues so that actual revenues equal or exceed budgeted revenues.

Maintenance of Fund Balance

The College will strive to maintain an ongoing unrestricted fund balance in the combined General Fund (comprised of the Education Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund) and Working Cash Fund in an amount equivalent to at least fifty percent (50%) of the College's total annual expenditures in the General Fund, using the modified accrual basis of accounting as reflected in the previous year's uniform financial statements submitted to the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB).

Proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds are not always spent in the year the funds are received. As a result, the College's Capital Projects Fund would reflect these unspent proceeds in the ending fund balance. Thus, the budget in the Capital Projects Fund will include using this fund balance in the next year and may show a current year deficiency to utilize these unspent funds.

The debt service budget reflects debt service payments on existing and new debt. When issuing new debt, COD anticipates whether any principal and interest on the new debt will need to be repaid in the budget year. The College also estimates how much interest might be earned from property taxes receipts between the time they are received and when the debt service payments need to be made. When differences occur between actual and projected debt service payments, COD will maintain additional resources in its fund balance, otherwise known as sinking funds.

The College may budget these funds in future years to help repay debt in those years in order to lower the property tax levy.

Bond Rating

The College is determined to maintain its fiscal integrity by retaining its Aa1/AA+ bond ratings from Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Global Ratings, respectively. Maintenance of these ratings minimizes borrowing costs to the College.

Risk Management

The College maintains a risk management program designed to identify potential events that may affect the College and to protect and minimize risks to the College's property, services, and employees. This program includes a Risk Management Department that oversees comprehensive insurance programs, security and safety committees, employee communications, and a consulting firm retained to assist in the development and maintenance of the program.

Fixed Assets

The Board and the Administration have a fiduciary responsibility to safeguard College property. Addressing this responsibility begins with the establishment of sound Board policies and administrative procedures, along with the implementation of appropriate internal and external controls. Board Policy No. 10-85 (Disposal of College Property) governs the disposal of College property. Various administrative procedures govern the definition of College property, capitalization thresholds, tagging and inventory procedures, and the disposal of College property. Adequate accounting procedures and records for College property are essential to the protective custody of such property.

Procurement

College procurement decisions are made on the basis of serving the overall needs of the College. Authority for College procurement is designated as follows:

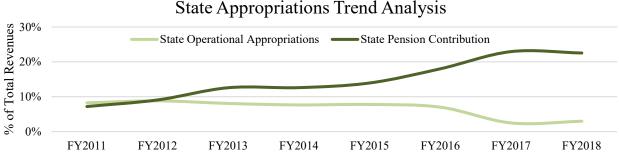
- The College's Procurement Services Department has the authority to enter into all contracts that do not exceed the statutory bid limits, in accordance with Board policy, administrative procedures, the Illinois Public Community College Act, and state statutes.
- Procurement activities exceeding the statutory bid limit must have the approval of the Board of Trustees.
- The Procurement Services Department has the authority to purchase from governmental contracts or cooperative/consortium agreements that have been competitively solicited. Such purchases of \$25,000 or greater must be submitted for approval by the Board of Trustees prior to release of the order.
- All contracts entered into on behalf of the College must be signed by the Vice President, Administrative Affairs.

Independent Audit

Board policy and state law require an annual audit of the financial statements of the College by an independent certified public accounting firm. A certified public accounting firm is hired through a public bidding process to conduct an independent audit of the College's accounting records in compliance with generally accepted accounting and auditing standards as well as Single Audit Act requirements. The College also employs an internal auditor who performs audits of the College's operations throughout the year based on a risk assessment.

OVERVIEW OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND HISTORICAL TRENDS

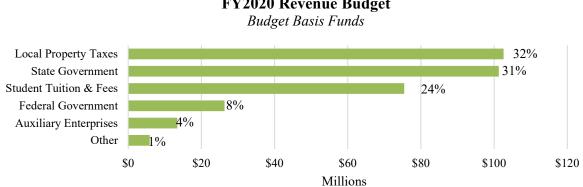
The Changing Revenue Landscape



The College of DuPage's revenue landscape continues to shift as the appropriations from the State of Illinois move towards fulfilling its pension obligation. The decrease in operational funding from the State has put additional strain on the College's financial position.

However, the College of DuPage has a diversified funding base consisting of local property taxes, student tuition and fees, state and federal aid, and other institutionally-generated revenues. The College believes that this diversity, the strength and stability of the local tax base, and its overall sound fiscal management will continue to provide the resources required to fulfill COD's mission now and in the future without significant changes in the level of services provided.

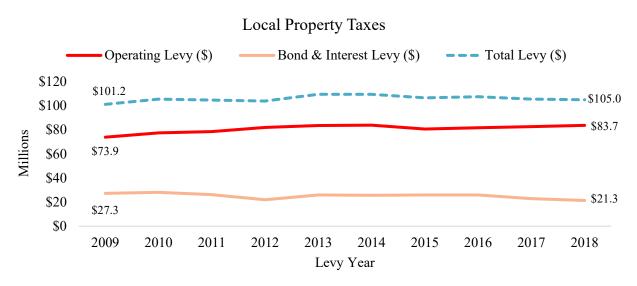
Revenue Trends



FY2020 Revenue Budget

Local Property Taxes

One of the College's major revenue sources is local property taxes, comprising 32% of the total FY2020 budgeted revenues. In the District, taxes are extended on assessed values after equalization. The levy rate displayed on the property owner tax bills is a function of the equalized assessed value and the levied tax amounts. The property tax cycle is based upon the calendar year. Taxes levied in one calendar year become payable during the following calendar year in two equal installments, usually on June 1 and September 1.



Tax Levies. As part of the annual budget process of the College, a resolution is adopted by the College Board of Trustees for the dollar amount of the tax levy for the current calendar year to be collected in the next year.

- 1. Operating Levy The operating tax levy is used to fund expenditures in the Education and Operation and Maintenance Funds.
- 2. Bond and Interest Levy The bond and interest levy is used to pay the principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued by the College that are due during the fiscal year.

In 2015, the College reduced its operating levy by 5%, resulting in savings of \$3.2 million for the community. The 2018 levy (payable in FY2019 and FY2020) was equal to the 2017 final extension.

Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law limits the amount of annual increase in property taxes to be extended for certain Illinois non-home rule units of government, including the College. In general, the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law restricts the amount of such increases to the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the calendar year preceding the levy year. Taxes can also be increased due to assessed valuation increases from new construction, referendum-approved tax rate increases, and consolidations of local government units.

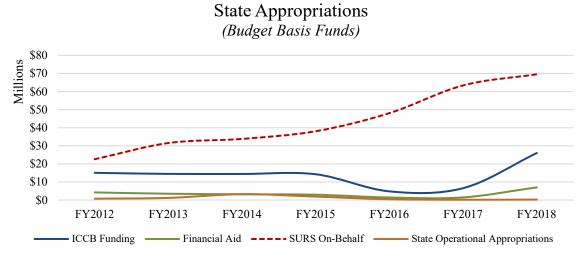
The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law limits the amount of property taxes extended to a taxing body. In addition, general obligation bonds (other than alternate revenue bonds), notes and installment contracts payable from *ad valorem* taxes unlimited as to rate and amount cannot be issued by the affected taxing bodies unless the obligations first are approved at a direct referendum or are for certain refunding purposes.

Property tax rates, a function of assessed values, have an inverse relationship to assessed value changes. In the five years prior to 2010, the average increase in assessed valuations of DuPage,

Cook, and Will counties was 6.2% annually. From 2009 through 2014, the assessed valuations of DuPage, Cook, and Will counties decreased 23.5%, resulting in a tax rate increases to the community. Since 2014, the valuations have recovered, increasing by 22.5% since 2014.

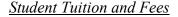
Assessed valuations and tax levies are based on a calendar year. Since COD operates on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30, the tax levy for a calendar year is allocated to the two fiscal years based on a 50% split. For instance, the tax levy for calendar year 2018 is allocated 50% to FY2019 and 50% to FY2020.

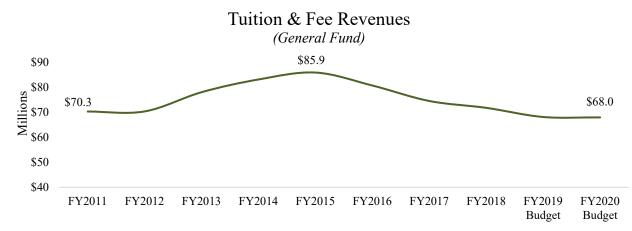
State Appropriations



Driven by an increase in the required pension contributions made on-behalf of the College to the State Universities Retirement System (SURS), total appropriations from the State of Illinois increased 144% from FY2012 through FY2018. SURS on-behalf payments increased 208% over the same period. In FY2018, the College did receive a backlog of its base operating grant payments from the State of Illinois, for a total of \$26 million in ICCB funding. This funding represented a portion of the payments missed in FY2016 and FY2017.

Revenue for FY2020 from the State of Illinois accounts for 8.5% of total General Fund revenues, or \$14.7 million.



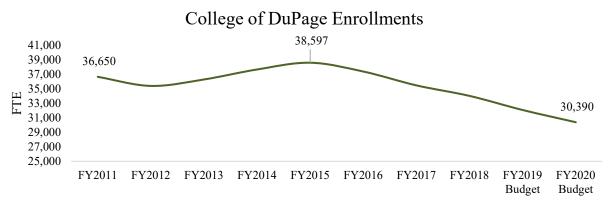


Student tuition and fees make up approximately 25% of total College FY2020 budgeted revenues and 39% of budgeted General Fund revenues. These revenues are collected from students for tuition, materials, and miscellaneous items. These charges may be paid by the student, a relative, an employer, financial aid, a grant, or some other source. Courses dropped within the refund period established by the College will result in a refund at either 50% or 100% depending on when the student dropped the course. Rates for tuition and fees per credit hour are approved by the Board of

Tui	tion a	nd Fee Ra	tes p	er Credit H	our	
				Out-of-		
Fiscal Year	In	In-District District				t-of-State
2020	\$	137.00	\$	324.00	\$	394.00
2019		136.00		323.00		393.00
2018		135.00		322.00		392.00
2017		135.00		322.00		392.00
2016		135.00		322.00		392.00
2015		144.00		331.00		401.00
2014		140.00		327.00		397.00
2013		136.00		323.00		393.00
2012		132.00		319.00		389.00
2011		129.00		316.00		386.00

Source: Internal College Financial Records

Trustees on an annual basis and based upon management's recommendations. The budget assumes the per credit hour rate to increase by \$1.00 in FY2020 to \$137.00 per credit hour.



For FY19, the College has projected an average decline in enrollment of 5.8%. For the FY2020 budget, the College is projecting a 3.0% decline in enrollment.

Expenditure Trends

Analysis by Function

(In Millions)	F	Y2012]	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015]	FY2016	ł	FY2017	F	Y2018
Instruction	\$	86.8	\$	93.4	\$ 93.8	\$ 101.1	\$	105.2	\$	112.8	\$	113.1
Academic Support		9.2		10.1	10.2	10.1		11.2		12.0		15.1
Student Services		11.1		13.8	16.1	17.9		19.8		21.1		22.9
Public Service		2.9		2.2	2.8	2.7		2.5		2.7		3.1
Independent Operations		11.1		9.3	9.5	10.0		10.4		10.7		11.1
Operations & Maintenance		17.2		17.2	18.5	19.1		19.2		19.7		20.2
General Administration		13.4		13.8	14.0	16.1		15.4		17.5		16.7
General Institutional		134.9		143.6	114.8	80.7		62.6		63.3		71.0
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers		37.9		39.8	41.5	43.6		38.1		34.1		39.7
Total	\$	324.5	\$	343.2	\$ 321.2	\$ 301.3	\$	284.4	\$	293.9	\$	312.9

Instruction is the largest component of expenditures on a function basis, accounting for an average of 31% of total expenditures across all funds. Instruction includes all direct costs of teaching (primarily faculty salaries and instructional supplies).

General Institutional is the second largest component of cost on a function basis. This function includes costs for construction, bond redemption, research and development, marketing, information technology, and other central costs. These costs have declined significantly from FY2012 to FY2018 as major construction has diminished across campus.

Student Services expenditures have seen the largest percentage increase since FY2012 at 106%, as the College continues to make student success a major priority. Significant investments have been made in order to provide additional support services to our students.

(In Millions)	F	Y2012	l	FY2013	l	FY2014	FY2015	F	FY2016	F	Y2017	F	Y2018
Salaries	\$	102.0	\$	103.5	\$	103.8	\$ 109.4	\$	109.2	\$	111.4	\$	112.1
Employee Benefits		43.4		50.7		51.4	53.9		65.3		80.5		86.1
Contractual Services		16.4		13.0		15.8	11.9		13.4		10.0		10.5
Materials & Supplies		7.9		7.1		7.5	9.2		9.1		9.4		9.7
Conference & Meeting		1.9		1.9		2.5	2.5		2.4		2.4		2.6
Fixed Charges		41.2		37.0		36.3	36.2		36.4		36.6		42.2
Utilities		4.7		4.5		4.4	4.2		4.1		4.4		4.3
Capital Outlay		66.6		83.9		57.0	29.0		6.4		4.7		5.0
Other		2.7		1.9		1.3	1.5		0.4		0.6		1.0
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers		37.7		39.8		41.2	43.3		37.8		33.8		39.5
Total	\$	324.5	\$	343.2	\$	321.2	\$ 301.3	\$	284.4	\$	293.9	\$	312.9

Analysis by Object Category

Salaries and employee benefits are the largest components of expenditures on an object basis, accounting for 51% of the total budget on average. These expenditures were 63% of the total FY2018 expenditures. Through careful fiscal management, the College has experienced an average salary increase of 1.6% since FY2012. Employee Benefit expenditures have increased significantly over the past few years as the pension contribution made on-behalf of the College has increased. The State of Illinois is currently responsible for making these pension contributions, and the College merely accounts for the charges accordingly.

FY2020 Budget Assumptions

Financial projections are developed initially during the budget planning process and continue to be updated throughout budget development. The assumptions below were used when developing the FY2020 Budget.

Property Values: For FY2020, the College assumes a 2018 EAV of \$44,892,120,691 (an increase from 2017 of 3.7%).

The 2018 operating tax levy, of which the first collections will occur at the end of FY2019 in June and the second collections will occur in FY2020 (September 2019), is at the same level as the prior year's tax extension amount. In effect, this represents an increase in revenue of approximately 1% in FY2020.

Credit Hours (Used for Tuition Revenue Estimate): For FY2020, the budget assumes an enrollment decline of 3%. Estimated total credit hours are 455,844.

Student Tuition and Fees: For FY2020, the budget assumes a tuition fee increase of \$1.00. The in-district rate is \$137 per credit hour.

Base Operating Grant: The College budget reflects receipt of 12 out of 12 monthly payments from the State of Illinois. This is equal to the FY2019 state allocations.

State Grants: Revenues from the state for grants are expected to increase by 1.4% compared to the FY2019 budget. The FY2020 budget includes an allowance for uncollectible state veterans' grants of \$356,000.

Interest Revenue: Interest income increased 142% over the FY2019 budget. This projected increase remains conservative and assumes investment returns equal to 50% of the FY2019 projections.

Salaries: The salary pool was increased 2.4% as the annual wage adjustments included in the current labor contracts and employment agreements were equal to inflation plus 0.5%.

Health Insurance: Health insurance premiums are expected to increase by 8%.

FY2020 Budgeted Interfund Transfers

The College engages in transactions which involve the transfer of cash between funds. The budgeted amounts and explanations for each transfer for FY2020 are outlined below:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Education Fund		
To Restricted Purposes Fund to cover unfunded state veterans' grants.	\$ -	\$ 356,000
To Operations & Maintenance Fund to cover recapitalization projects.	-	1,263,500
To Operations & Maintenance (Restricted) Fund to cover construction projects.	-	7,500,000
To Auxiliary Fund to support Chaparral Fitness Center	-	229,600
To Auxiliary Fund to support Buffalo Theater	-	110,000
To Auxiliary Fund to support MAC Touring Summer Concert Series	-	343,500
To Auxiliary Fund to support New Philharmonic	-	16,500
To Auxiliary Fund to support the Courier student newspaper	-	30,000
From Auxiliary Enterprises Fund.	1,150,000	-
Subtotal Education Fund	 1,150,000	 9,849,100
Operations & Maintenance Fund		
From Education Fund.	 1,263,500	 -
Operations & Maintenance (Restricted) Fund		
From Education Fund.	 7,500,000	 -
Auxiliary Enterprises Fund		
From Education Fund	729,600	-
Bookstore net budget surplus transferred to Education Fund to support student		
services.	-	950,000
Food Service net budget surplus transferred to Education Fund to support student		200.000
services.	 -	 200,000
Restricted Purposes Fund	729,600	1,150,000
From Education Fund	356,000	-
Total	\$ 10,999,100	\$ 10,999,100

Employee Group	Actual FY2018 ¹	Budget 2019	Budget 2020
Administrators			_0_0
Office of the President	1.0	1.0	1.0
Provost	20.0	22.0	24.0
Administrative Affairs	7.0	6.0	6.0
Marketing & Communications	2.0	2.0	2.0
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	2.0	3.0	3.0
Institutional Advancement	1.0	3.0	1.0
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	2.0	2.0	2.0
General Counsel, Compliance & Audit	2.0	3.0	3.0
Legislative Relations	1.0	1.0	1.0
Administrators Total	38.0	43.0	43.0
Managerial Staff			
Provost	72.3	83.5	83.8
Administrative Affairs	40.1	41.0	42.0
Marketing & Communications	6.0	8.0	8.0
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	5.0	5.0	6.0
Institutional Advancement	2.0	2.0	3.0
Managerial Staff Total	125.4	139.5	142.8
Classified Staff			
Office of the President	1.0	1.0	1.0
Provost	283.6	352.0	368.6
Administrative Affairs	194.0	208.0	205.6
Marketing & Communications	24.1	25.0	26.5
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	14.4	16.5	16.5
Institutional Advancement	5.6	9.2	9.7
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	2.0	5.0	7.0
General Counsel, Compliance & Audit	1.0	3.0	3.0
Legislative Relations	1.0	1.0	1.0
Classified Staff Total	526.7	620.7	639.0
Full-Time Faculty			
Provost	286.0	287.0	295.0
Full-Time Faculty Total	286.0	287.0	295.0

Three Year Position Summary Schedule Full-Time Equivalency (FTE)

Employee Group	Actual FY2018 ¹	Budget 2019	Budget 2020
Counselors & Librarians			
Provost	23.0	23.0	23.0
Counselors & Librarians Total	23.0	23.0	23.0
Operating Engineers			
Administrative Affairs	17.0	20.0	20.0
Operating Engineers Total	17.0	20.0	20.0
Grounds, Maintenance, Painters & Carpenters			
Administrative Affairs	15.9	20.0	20.0
Grounds, Maintenance, Painters & Carpenters Total	15.9	20.0	20.0
Fraternal Order of Police			
Administrative Affairs	18.0	18.0	18.0
Fraternal Order of Police Total	18.0	18.0	18.0
Total			
Office of the President	2.0	2.0	2.0
Institutional Advancement	8.6	14.2	13.7
Administrative Affairs	292.0	313.0	311.6
General Counsel, Compliance & Audit	3.0	6.0	6.0
Provost	684.9	767.5	794.4
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	4.0	7.0	9.0
Legislative Relations	2.0	2.0	2.0
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	21.4	24.5	25.5
Marketing & Communications	32.1	35.0	36.5
Total	1,050.0	1,171.2	1,200.8

Three Year Position Summary Schedule Full-Time Equivalency (FTE)

Note: The above schedule includes full-time and part-time regular employees. Student worker, adjunct faculty, and temporary staff are excluded as these vary depending on enrollment levels. These positions are budgeted based on pooled dollar amounts.

¹Actual amounts are calculated based an October pay date in order to keep a consistent count for comparison purposes.

Carryover Expenditures Included in the FY2020 Budget

	GENERAL FUN		REVENUE GENERAL FUND FUND			5	SERVICE FUND	Р	PROJECTS FUND		ENTERPRISE FUND		RMANENT FUND			
1 9 1		Education Fund		perations & Iaintenance Fund		Restricted Purposes Fund		Bond & Interest Fund	Μ	perations & aintenance Restricted Fund	ntenance Auxiliary stricted Enterprises			Working Cash Fund	Total All Funds	
Total Expenditures Less:	\$	159,346,352	\$	17,007,415	\$	113,054,859	\$	29,331,953	\$	16,156,000	\$	14,719,873	\$	7,000	\$	349,623,452
Carryovers		(917,199)		(1,877,900)		-		-		(7,986,000)		-		-		(10,781,099
Net Total Expenditures	\$	158,429,153	\$	15,129,515	\$	113,054,859	\$	29,331,953	\$	8,170,000	\$	14,719,873	\$	7,000	\$	338,842,353

unspent money for major equipment or contractual services budgeted as expenditures in one fiscal year that are not spent and are then budgeted again in the subsequent fiscal year. Removing carryovers from the amount of the total expenditures provides a perspective on the "new money" that is provided in the budget of a given year.

EDUCATION FUND

Education Fund carryovers include a guided pathways software and implementation project, a shared mass storage server, eProcurement services, a Nexlab storm chase van used in the meteorology storm chasing program, time keeping replacement software, software management system for the Dual Credit Program, faculty data management software, admissions tablets, design update to Getting Started page of the COD website, career services management system, and cadavers.

OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE FUND

Operations & Maintenance Fund carryovers include various mechanical work projects.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE RESTRICTED FUND

Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund carryovers include various building renovations, remodels, and upgrades to projects across campus.

ALL FUNDS FY2020 BUDGET

	 FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	 FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Local Property Taxes	\$ 109,154,900	\$ 103,949,861	\$ 101,194,397
Personal Property Replacement Tax	1,382,239	1,300,000	1,400,000
Other Local Revenues	3,595	100,000	-
State Government	103,938,221	100,076,187	101,275,758
Federal Government	27,153,665	25,812,545	26,311,287
Student Tuition and Fees	85,773,826	84,872,169	81,659,168
Sales and Service Fees	3,582,790	4,367,644	5,146,698
Facilities Rental	652,764	687,500	613,000
Interest	3,348,227	1,780,000	4,301,000
Non-Government Gifts, Grants	1,364,630	1,686,431	2,206,348
Other	 923,022	 735,000	 829,000
Total Revenues	 337,277,879	 325,367,337	 324,936,656
Expenditures			
Instruction	113,088,934	124,883,589	123,392,419
Academic Support	15,131,745	15,426,583	15,613,400
Student Services	22,850,605	27,697,011	27,607,023
Public Service	3,073,529	4,733,492	4,725,631
Independent Operations	11,138,483	12,519,545	15,002,521
Operations and Maintenance	20,176,978	23,078,693	23,309,701
General Administration	16,646,610	18,346,937	18,805,442
General Institutional	71,135,544	91,949,760	84,302,938
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers	 39,674,424	 35,675,547	 36,864,377
Total Expenditures	 312,916,852	 354,311,157	 349,623,452
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	 24,361,027	 (28,943,820)	 (24,686,796)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)			
Net Proceeds from Bond Sale	291,409	-	-
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	39,033	-	-
Transfer In	-	6,260,957	10,999,100
Transfer (Out)	 	 (6,260,957)	 (10,999,100)
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	 330,442	 	
Surplus / (Deficiency)	 24,691,469	 (28,943,820)	 (24,686,796)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	 260,851,717	 285,543,186	 287,310,827
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 285,543,186	\$ 256,599,366	\$ 262,624,031
¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balances are projected		 	

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected.

ALL FUNDS EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	 FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	 FY2020 Budget
Expenditures			
Salaries	\$ 112,060,171	\$ 118,339,481	\$ 116,767,706
Employee Benefits	86,066,679	98,437,047	98,468,250
Contractual Services	10,538,108	18,963,501	18,135,591
Materials & Supplies	9,729,417	11,642,965	14,534,884
Conference & Meeting	2,556,216	4,212,941	4,193,784
Fixed Charges	42,157,710	32,562,706	32,105,476
Utilities	4,292,012	4,915,804	4,882,220
Capital Outlay	5,044,298	25,775,026	20,827,270
Other	1,012,995	2,597,227	2,110,755
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers	39,459,246	35,364,459	36,597,516
Contingency	 	 1,500,000	 1,000,000
Total Expenditures	\$ 312,916,852	\$ 354,311,157	\$ 349,623,452

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	ENTERPRISE FUND	PERMANENT FUND	
	Education Fund	Operations & Maintenance Fund	Restricted Purposes Fund	Bond & Interest Fund	Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund	Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	Working Cash Fund	Total All Funds
Revenues								
Local Property Taxes	\$ 71,663,073	\$ 11,875,059	\$ -	\$ 17,656,265	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,194,397
Personal Property								
Replacement Tax	1,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,400,000
State Government	14,735,390	-	86,540,368	-	-	-	-	101,275,758
Federal Government	-	-	25,921,287	390,000	-	-	-	26,311,287
Student Tuition & Fees	65,796,058	2,188,053	73,377	6,381,822	1,002,858	6,217,000	-	81,659,168
Sales & Service Fees	700,793	-	-	-	-	4,445,905	-	5,146,698
Facilities Rental	302,200	-	-	-	-	310,800	-	613,000
Interest	3,000,000	525,000	-	210,000	256,000	190,000	120,000	4,301,000
Non-Government								
Gifts, Grants	32,500	-	163,827	-	-	2,010,021	-	2,206,348
Other	569,000	10,000				250,000	-	829,000
Total Revenues	158,199,014	14,598,112	112,698,859	24,638,087	1,258,858	13,423,726	120,000	324,936,656
Expenditures								
Instruction	74,090,615	-	49,301,804	-	-	-	-	123,392,419
Academic Support	11,141,059	-	4,472,341	-	-	-	-	15,613,400
Student Services	19,490,494	-	8,116,529	-	-	-	-	27,607,023
Public Service	2,266,533	-	1,503,685	-	-	955,413	-	4,725,631
Independent Operations			2,901,547		_	12,100,974	_	15,002,521
Operations & Maintenance	5,930,104	11,905,515	5,474,082	-	-		-	23,309,701
General Administration	12,591,076		6,207,366		_	_	7,000	18,805,442
General Institutional	24,698,471	5,101,900	7,351,128	29,331,953	16,156,000	1,663,486	7,000	84,302,938
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waiver	9,138,000	3,101,700	27,726,377	29,001,900	10,150,000	1,005,400	-	36,864,377
	159,346,352	17 007 415		29,331,953	16,156,000	14,719,873	7,000	
Total Expenditures	159,540,552	17,007,415	113,054,859	29,551,955	10,150,000	14,/19,8/3	/,000	349,623,452
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,147,338)	(2,409,303)	(356,000)	(4,693,866)	(14,897,142)	(1,296,147)	113,000	(24,686,796)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)								
Transfers In / (Out)	(8,699,100)	1,263,500	356,000		7,500,000	(420,400)		
Total Other Financing	(0,022,100)	1,200,500			7,500,000	(420,400)		
-	(8,699,100)	1,263,500	356,000		7,500,000	(420,400)		
Sources / (Uses)	(8,099,100)	1,203,500			7,500,000	(420,400)		
Surplus / (Deficiency)	(9,846,438)	(1,145,803)		(4,693,866)	(7,397,142)	(1,716,547)	113,000	(24,686,796
Beginning Fund Balances ¹	209,862,775	35,752,976		8,111,928	11,062,546	13,853,620	8,666,982	287,310,827
Ending Fund Balances	<u>\$ 200,016,337</u>	<u>\$ 34,607,173</u>	<u>s</u> -	\$ 3,418,062	<u>\$ 3,665,404</u>	<u>\$ 12,137,073</u>	<u>\$ 8,779,982</u>	<u>\$ 262,624,031</u>
¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances a	are proiected							

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected.

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL FUND FY2019 BUDGET

	GENERAL FUND		REVENUE SERVICE I FUND FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	ENTERPRISE FUND	PERMANENT FUND	
	Education Fund	Operations & Maintenance Fund	Restricted Purposes Fund	Bond & Interest Fund	Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund	Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	Working Cash Fund	Total All Funds
Revenues		¢ 11 (44 0 4 (¢	¢ 31.040.105	¢	0	¢.	© 102.040.071
Local Property Taxes Personal Property	\$ 70,456,910	\$ 11,644,846	\$ -	\$ 21,848,105	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,949,861
Replacement Tax	1,300,000							1,300,000
Other Local Revenues	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
State Government	14,137,700	_	85,938,487					100,076,187
Federal Government	14,137,700	-	24,919,933	892,612	-	-	-	25,812,545
Student Tuition & Fees	68,149,170	2,309,447	24, <i>919</i> , <i>935</i> 84,170	6,735,886	1,058,496	6,535,000	-	84,872,169
Sales & Service Fees	706,789	2,507,447	04,170	0,755,000	1,050,470	3,660,855	-	4,367,644
Facilities Rental	297,200	-	-	-		390,300	-	687,500
Interest	1,200,000	250,000	-	- 100,000	- 100,000	65,000	- 65,000	1,780,000
Non-Government	1,200,000	230,000	-	100,000	100,000	03,000	03,000	1,700,000
Gifts, Grants	27,500		160,775			1,498,156		1,686,431
Other		20,000	100,775	-	-		-	735,000
	465,000					250,000		
Total Revenues	156,840,269	14,224,293	111,103,365	29,576,603	1,158,496	12,399,311	65,000	325,367,337
Expenditures								
Instruction	75,783,771	-	49,099,818	-	-	-	-	124,883,589
Academic Support	10,954,242	-	4,472,341	-	-	-	-	15,426,583
Student Services	19,637,514	-	8,059,497	-	-	-	-	27,697,011
Public Service	2,329,069	-	1,470,038	-	-	934,385	-	4,733,492
Independent Operations	-	-	2,901,547	-	-	9,617,998	-	12,519,545
Operations & Maintenance	5,878,893	11,725,718	5,474,082	-	-	-	-	23,078,693
General Administration	12,132,571	-	6,207,366	-	-	-	7,000	18,346,937
General Institutional	24,203,053	5,484,545	7,351,129	31,503,280	21,791,338	1,616,415	-	91,949,760
Scholarships, Student								
Grants, Waivers	9,188,000	-	26,487,547	-	-	-	-	35,675,547
Total Expenditures	160,107,113	17,210,263	111,523,365	31,503,280	21,791,338	12,168,798	7,000	354,311,157
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(3,266,844)	(2,985,970)	(420,000)	(1,926,677)	(20,632,842)	230,513	58,000	(28,943,820)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)								
Transfers In / (Out)	(3,469,043)	1,445,000	420,000	-	3,000,000	(1,395,957)	-	-
Total Other Financing	(0,10)(0,0)	1,110,000			0,000,000	(1,0)0()01)		
Sources / (Uses)	(3,469,043)	1,445,000	420,000		3,000,000	(1,395,957)		
Surplus / (Deficiency)	(6,735,887)	(1,540,970)	<u> </u>	(1,926,677)	(17,632,842)	(1,165,444)	58,000	(28,943,820)
Beginning Fund Balances	197,030,961	36,684,046	53,431	10,210,995	20,839,388	12,163,298	8,561,067	285,543,186
Ending Fund Balances	<u>\$ 190,295,074</u>	<u>\$ 35,143,076</u>	<u>\$ 53,431</u>	<u>\$ 8,284,318</u>	<u>\$ 3,206,546</u>	<u>\$ 10,997,854</u>	<u>\$ 8,619,067</u>	<u>\$ 256,599,366</u>

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL FUNDS FY2018 ACTUAL

	GENERA	AL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	ENTERPRISE FUND	PERMANENT FUND	
Descusa	Education Fund	Operations & Maintenance Fund	ance Purposes Interest Restricted Enterprises		Working Cash Fund	Total All Funds		
Revenues								a 400 4 5 4000
Local Property Taxes	\$ 69,975,226	\$ 11,548,317	s -	\$ 27,631,357	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,154,900
Personal Property								
Replacement Tax	1,382,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,382,239
Other Local Revenues	3,595	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,595
State Government	22,872,783	-	79,940,806	-	1,124,632	-	-	103,938,221
Federal Government	-	-	26,286,540	867,125	-	-	-	27,153,665
Student Tuition & Fees	69,468,120	2,341,641	80,693	6,829,085	1,072,728	5,981,559	-	85,773,826
Sales & Service Fees	542,708	-	-	-	-	3,040,082	-	3,582,790
Facilities Rental	273,833	-	-	-	-	378,931	-	652,764
Interest	2,117,479	452,492	-	238,755	277,691	155,895	105,915	3,348,227
Non-Government								
Gifts, Grants	34,050	-	185,759	-	-	1,144,821	-	1,364,630
Other	720,166	12,123	-	-	-	190,733	-	923,022
Total Revenues	167,390,199	14,354,573	106,493,798	35,566,322	2,475,051	10,892,021	105,915	337,277,879
Expenditures								
Instruction	70,431,212	-	42,657,722	-	-	-	-	113,088,934
Academic Support	10,381,601	-	4,750,144	-	-	-	-	15,131,745
Student Services	15,516,627	-	7,333,978	-	-	-	-	22,850,605
Public Service	1,637,465	-	1,436,064	-	-	-	-	3,073,529
Independent Operations	853	-	2,609,834		_	8,527,796		11,138,483
Operations & Maintenance	6,025,304	9,476,513	4,675,161		_	0,027,770		20,176,978
General Administration	11,597,395	>,470,515	5,045,891			3,324		16,646,610
General Institutional	19,084,710	2,259,150	6,190,552	39,795,028	2,572,055	1,234,049	-	71,135,544
	19,004,/10	2,239,130	0,190,332	39,793,028	2,572,055	1,234,049	-	/1,155,544
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers	0.021.491		20 642 042					39,674,424
	<u>9,031,481</u> 143,706,648	11,735,663	<u>30,642,943</u> 105,342,289	39,795,028	2,572,055	9,765,169		
Total Expenditures	143,/00,048	11,/35,003	105,542,289	39,795,028	2,572,055	9,705,109		312,916,852
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	23,683,551	2,618,910	1,151,509	(4,228,706)	(97,004)	1,126,852	105,915	24,361,027
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)								
Net Proceeds from Bond Sale		-	-	291,409	-	-	-	291,409
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	39,033	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,033
Transfers In / (Out)	(307,418)	-	307,418	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing								
Sources / (Uses)	(268,385)		307,418	291,409				330,442
Surplus / (Deficiency)	23,415,166	2,618,910	1,458,927	(3,937,297)	(97,004)	1,126,852	105,915	24,691,469
Beginning Fund Balances	173,615,795	34,065,136	(1,405,496)	14,148,292	20,936,392	11,036,446	8,455,152	260,851,717
Ending Fund Balances	<u>\$ 197,030,961</u>	<u>\$ 36,684,046</u>	<u>\$ 53,431</u>	<u>\$ 10,210,995</u>	<u>\$ 20,839,388</u>	<u>\$ 12,163,298</u>	<u>\$ 8,561,067</u>	<u>\$ 285,543,186</u>

GENERAL FUND

Together, the Education Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund comprise the General Fund of the College. The General Fund includes the expenditures needed to conduct the day-to-day business of the College. Most of the instruction and instructional support activities are recorded in the Education Fund. The Illinois Community College Board uses a General Fund for financial reporting purposes and to facilitate comparisons between educational institutions.

EDUCATION FUND

The Education Fund is established by Section 3-1 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. The Education Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the academic and service programs of the College. It includes the cost of instructional, administrative, and professional salaries; supplies and moveable equipment; library books and materials; maintenance of instructional and administrative equipment; and other costs pertaining to the educational program of the college.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND

The Operations and Maintenance Fund is established by Section 3-1 and Section 3-20.3 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for expenditures for maintenance of the facilities and grounds of the College.

GENERAL FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 FY2019 Actual Budget				FY2020 Budget		
Revenues							
Local Property Taxes	\$	81,523,543	\$	82,101,756	\$	83,538,132	
Personal Property Replacement Tax		1,382,239		1,300,000		1,400,000	
Other Local Revenues		3,595		100,000		-	
State Government		22,872,783		14,137,700		14,735,390	
Student Tuition and Fees		71,809,761		70,458,617		67,984,111	
Sales and Service Fees		542,708		706,789		700,793	
Facilities		273,833		297,200		302,200	
Interest		2,569,971		1,450,000		3,525,000	
Non-Government Gifts, Grants		34,050		27,500		32,500	
Other		732,289		485,000		579,000	
Total Revenues		181,744,772		171,064,562		172,797,126	
Expenditures							
Instruction		70,431,212		75,783,771		74,090,615	
Academic Support		10,381,601		10,954,242		11,141,059	
Student Services		15,516,627		19,637,514		19,490,494	
Public Service		1,637,465		2,329,069		2,266,533	
Independent Operations		853		-		-	
Operations and Maintenance		15,501,817		17,604,611		17,835,619	
General Administration		11,597,395		12,132,571		12,591,076	
General Institutional		21,343,860		29,687,598		29,800,371	
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers		9,031,481		9,188,000		9,138,000	
Total Expenditures		155,442,311		177,317,376		176,353,767	
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		26,302,461		(6,252,814)		(3,556,641)	
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)							
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets		39,033		_		_	
Transfer In		57,055		2,840,957		2,413,500	
		(207.410)					
Transfer (Out)		(307,418)		(4,865,000)		(9,849,100)	
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		(268,385)		(2,024,043)		(7,435,600)	
Surplus / (Deficiency)		26,034,076		(8,276,857)		(10,992,241)	
Beginning Fund Balance ¹		207,680,931		233,715,007		245,615,751	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	233,715,007	\$	225,438,150	\$	234,623,510	
^{l The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected}							

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected.

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018FY2019ActualBudget		 FY2020 Budget	
Expenditures				
Salaries	\$	103,566,325	\$ 109,403,580	\$ 107,465,751
Employee Benefits		15,530,204	16,995,172	16,993,120
Contractual Services		8,691,894	15,428,733	14,419,941
Materials & Supplies		8,086,306	9,712,371	11,315,019
Conferences & Meetings		1,214,479	2,469,613	2,485,339
Fixed Charges		2,095,928	2,336,579	2,652,223
Utilities		4,290,937	4,912,204	4,880,620
Capital Outlay		2,448,638	4,015,037	4,724,021
Other		486,119	1,356,087	1,279,733
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers		9,031,481	9,188,000	9,138,000
Contingency			 1,500,000	 1,000,000
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	155,442,311	\$ 177,317,376	\$ 176,353,767

Division Name	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget	
Provost	\$ 97,802,363	\$ 111,088,403	\$ 111,183,407	
Administrative Affairs	36,237,132	44,978,150	45,366,745	
General Institutional	10,912,326	7,352,213	6,108,636	
Marketing & Communications	4,967,519	5,982,087	5,878,460	
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	2,485,452	3,149,130	3,211,279	
Institutional Advancement	964,253	1,753,093	1,442,486	
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	641,265	1,085,113	1,210,295	
General Counsel, Compliance & Audit	602,936	905,052	919,027	
Office of the President	546,834	626,304	631,850	
Legislative Relations	251,796	274,121	277,872	
Board of Trustees	30,435	123,710	123,710	
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$ 155,442,311	\$ 177,317,376	\$ 176,353,767	

Three-Year Organizational Division Summary General Fund Expenditures

Organizational Division Summary

Organizational Division Detail FY2020 Expenditure Budget General Fund

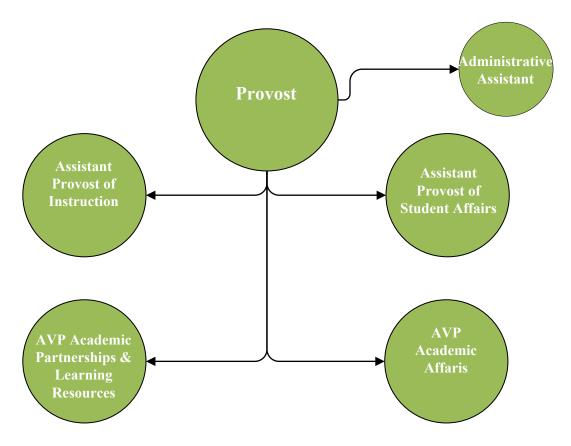
Division Name	Salaries	Employee Benefits	Supplies & Services	Conferences & Meeting	Fixed Charges & Other	Capital	Totals
Provost	\$ 85,850,991	\$ 12,266,061	\$ 7,931,979	\$ 1,840,749	\$ 1,976,706	\$ 1,316,921	\$ 111,183,407
Administrative Affairs	19,467,140	3,679,487	13,819,306	204,305	4,901,907	3,294,600	45,366,745
General Institutional ¹	(6,124,334)	(570,030)	1,190,000	-	11,613,000	-	6,108,636
Marketing & Communications	2,833,585	549,920	1,945,755	115,700	321,000	112,500	5,878,460
Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed	2,162,096	419,748	458,807	97,880	72,748	-	3,211,279
Institutional Advancement	1,032,302	200,416	91,258	73,495	45,015	-	1,442,486
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	860,226	170,769	118,200	56,490	4,610	-	1,210,295
General Counsel	728,539	145,708	22,600	19,270	2,910	-	919,027
Office of the President	451,096	90,219	53,775	33,800	2,960	-	631,850
Legislative Relations	204,110	40,822	330	29,800	2,810	-	277,872
Board of Trustees			102,950	13,850	6,910		123,710
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$ 107,465,751	\$ 16,993,120	\$ 25,734,960	\$ 2,485,339	\$ 18,950,576	\$ 4,724,021	\$ 176,353,767

¹Negative amount is due to position vacancy factor and estimated fringe benefit overhead allocation. The department budgets were developed assuming no vacant positions and benefit costs based on FY2020 budget estimates. The negative amount represents a negative contingency related to a vacancy assumption of about 5.6%.

Salaries 61% Salaries 61% Supplies & Services 14% Conferences & Meetings 1% Fixed Charges & Other 11% Supplies & Services

Organizational Division Expenditure Overiew

Office of the Provost



Office of the Provost

(In Millions)	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Asst. Provost, Instruction	\$ 69.55	\$ 75.39	\$ 73.15
Asst. Provost, Student Affairs	13.70	18.14	19.22
AVP Academic Partnerships & Learning Resources	13.10	14.96	15.52
AVP Academic Affaris	1.35	2.55	2.22
Provost Office	0.10	0.05	1.07
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 97.80</u>	<u>\$ 111.09</u>	<u>\$ 111.18</u>

Function

The Provost, Chief Academic Officer (CAO), reports to the President and is responsible for the development and implementation of the academic and student affairs priorities and policies for the College and the allocation of resources that will support those priorities. The Provost works closely with administrative leaders to provide the highest possible quality of educational programs, both within and outside the classroom.

Reporting Areas

Assistant Provost, Instruction

The Associate VP of Instruction provides leadership in support of the academic mission of the College, with primary responsibility for: Nursing and Health Sciences, Social and Behavioral Science/Library, Arts, Communications and Hospitality, Liberal Arts, Business and Technology, Math and Natural Sciences and Continuing Education.

Assistant Provost, Student Affairs

The Associate VP of Student Affairs oversees student development, admissions and outreach, counseling and advising, athletics, registrar, and student financial assistance areas. Student Affairs is committed to providing outstanding student and campus services. By utilizing a series of highly integrated information systems and a robust reporting environment, student affairs provides ongoing analysis of the characteristics and behaviors of current, prospective, and former students in order to help the campus achieve our enrollment goals.

Associate Vice President, Academic Partnership and Learning Resources

Reporting to and supporting the Provost, the Associate Vice President of Academic Partnerships and Learning Resources provides leadership in support of the academic mission of the College, with primary responsibility for: Adult Fast Track, Centers (Naperville, Addison, Carol Stream, and Westmont), Dual Credit, Office of Adjunct Faculty Support, Field Studies, and Study Abroad (as well as provides opportunities for global learning through institutional globalization initiatives), Curriculum and Scheduling, and McAninch Arts Center.

Associate Vice President Academic Affairs

Reporting to and supporting the Provost, the Associate Vice President of Academic Affairs coordinates academic assessment and program review, Learning Commons and Testing, Learning Technologies and workforce development. In addition, the office initiates and develops strategic

academic partnerships with senior colleges and universities. Furthermore, the office supports the Honors Program, Perkins Grant, and other grant activities.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.

Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Provide program offerings to meet employee and employer skill needs.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 2.3, 2.8, 2.9, 3.7, 5.9, 6.3	
Strategy #2: Grow Pathways for district students' lifelong academic pursuits.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$152,400	
SLRP Objective: 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 3.5, 6.3	
Strategy #3: Build strengthen local, national, and global partnerships.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$2,242,000	
SLRP Objective: 5.1, 5.3, 5.7, 5.8	
Strategy #4: Address facility needs	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$5,612,500	
SLRP Objective: 8.1, 8.2, 8.3	
Strategy #5: Hire personnel to meet the increased demand for Career Services in the workforce pathway.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$98.820	
SLRP Objective: 2.3, 2.6, 3.1, 3.5, 3.8, 6.2	
Strategy #6: Establish practices to support students in identification of education goals.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$1,700,000	
SLRP Objective: 2.1, 2.5, 2.6, 3.1	
Strategy #7: Develop Pathways/Student Success Culture.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$445,000	
SLRP Objective: 1.1, 1.2, 2.1-2.9, 3.1-3.8, 4.6, 4.7, 5.1-5.7, 6.1-6.5	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Increase by 5% the number of students participating in internship/apprenticeship and community engaged learning opportunities at College of DuPage. (AP-00230)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 5.7

Strategy #2: Integrate all disciplines in new Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) Division. (AP-00086)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 4.4

Strategy #3: Provide Guided Pathways opportunities to District 502 Dual Credit high school students that facilitate a seamless transfer to a COD Associate's Degree or certificate program. (AP-00161)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 2.4

Strategy #4: Present Frida Kahlo Exhibition. (AP-00192)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$2,700,000

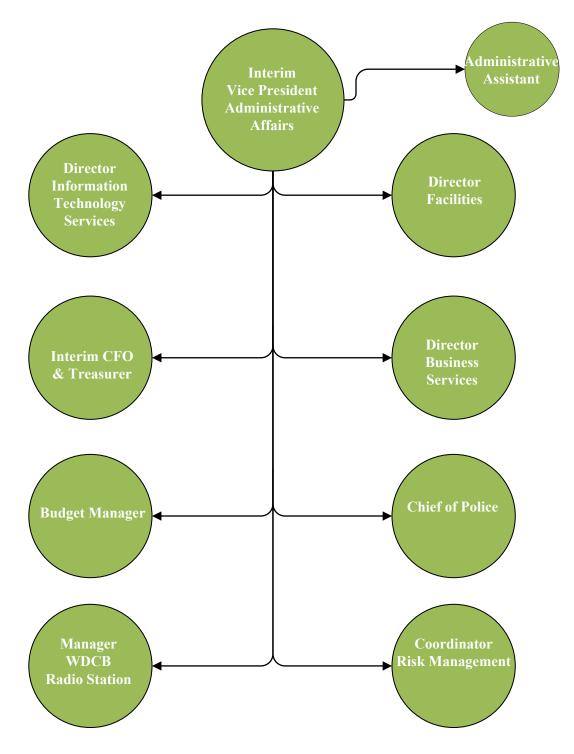
SLRP Objective: 5.6

Strategy #5: Participate in student success initiatives by lowering college costs through improved access to free and low-cost course resources. (AP-00252)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 7.1

Administrative Affairs



(In Millions)	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget	
Facilities	\$ 14.73	\$ 20.09	\$ 20.01	
Information Technology Services	12.49	15.22	15.60	
Financial Affairs	3.59	4.18	4.22	
Police Department	2.29	2.37	2.41	
Business Services	2.26	2.09	2.07	
VP, Administrative Affairs	0.36	0.46	0.47	
Risk Management	0.36	0.37	0.38	
Budget Office	0.16	0.20	0.21	
Total Expenditures	\$ 36.24	<u>\$ 44.98</u>	\$ 45.37	

Administrative Affairs

Function

The Vice President, Administrative Affairs is responsible for the planning, coordination and direction of the departments of Facilities, Information Technology Services, Financial Affairs, Police, Business Affairs, Risk Management, Budget, and the WDCB Radio Station.

Reporting Areas

Facilities

The Facilities Department provides general services, maintenance, and repair to the main campus and off-site locations. Work includes space management, construction, furniture, physical plant operations, maintenance, building cleaning and maintenance, refuse and recycling, roads, grounds maintenance and snow removal, and utilities and energy management. The department implements and manages the development and completion of new building construction, building renovation, and large site improvement projects on campus. Construction includes projects related to the COD Facilities Master Plan and large-scale projects as directed by the College leadership. As the College's planning, design, and construction experts, the department serves the institution's leaders, administrators, and faculty by guiding them through the process of analyzing their space needs, facilitating the development of educational specifications and guiding the process that translates those needs into the construction environment.

Information Technology Services

The Department of Information Technology Services (IT) is a vital component of College of DuPage's ability to achieve strategic objectives. IT provides the technology, data, infrastructure, and tools needed to enable students, faculty, and administrators to maximize the value College of DuPage offers while also delivering objective measures of College of DuPage's progress toward achieving its strategic goals. IT has established a strategy and plan that supports and enables the mission, goals, and objectives of College of DuPage. The Information Technology Plan is an integral part of the college-wide process for institutional planning. The College's Vision, Mission, Values, Goals and Tasks combined with the Information Technology Mission and Key Tenets help guide the development of the Information Technology Plan. The leadership and employees of IT at College of DuPage strive to provide a comprehensive system of hardware, software, services, and support for students, faculty and staff.

Financial Affairs

The Financial Affairs Department includes accounts payable, accounts receivable, capital assets, cash receipts, accounting, and payroll. The department prepares monthly financial statements, coordinates the annual audit, manages investments, maintains system of internal control, and prepares invoices related to student and non-student accounts.

Police

The College of DuPage Police Department is a professional 24-hour law enforcement agency responsible for emergency planning and preparedness as well as providing all expected police services, including criminal and traffic law enforcement, life safety and physical security, and public service response.

Business Services

Business Services includes the offices of dining services, campus bookstore, procurement services, print shop, campus services, copy center, mailroom, warehouse, and conferences and events.

The campus dining services contract is outsourced and offers breakfast, lunch, and dinner at two locations on campus. Catering service is provided that offers an array of food and beverage selections designed to meet the varied needs of the campus community. The selection of food provided for events ranges from simple coffee breaks to elegantly served receptions and dinners.

The campus bookstore is also operated by an outside vendor. The bookstore sells books, school supplies, cards, gifts, clothing, snacks, and emblematic items. The bookstore has convenient hours Monday through Saturday, with extended hours during the first week of classes each semester. The College receives commissions as a percentage of sales.

Risk Management

The Risk Management Department is responsible for managing the process of risk management and loss prevention in all aspects of the College. This department analyzes risk exposure, and establishes procedures for safety and emergencies, as well as financial, legal, contractual, and insurance needs. The department develops, implements, and manages programs on safety, insurance, liability, workers' compensation, and all related policies and procedures for the College. It also evaluates loss prevention programs based on their benefit to the College and the opportunity for human loss, financial loss, or loss of reputation, and makes appropriate recommendations.

Budget

The Budget Office oversees the development of a college-wide budget of more than \$300 million. They facilitate the optimal use of College financial resources and provides timely, useful budget information to the college community and its constituents. The office leverages financial resources that enable the financial, operational, and strategic plans of the College.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.



Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Create more user-friendly financial statements.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.6, 7.3	
Strategy #2: Budget & Budget-in-Brief Publications.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.3	
Strategy #3: Enhance and expand Conference & Events Services	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.5, 1.6, 5.4, 5.8, 6.3, 6.5	
Strategy #4: Execute FY19 Information Technology Plan Projects.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 3.6, 5.5, 6.3, 8.4	
Strategy #5: Facilities Master Plan and Building Conditions Assessment.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 8.1	
Strategy #6: Implement Facilities Projects.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 8.1	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Develop Budget Principles and Policy Manual. (AP-00137)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 6.5
Strategy #2: Implement Facilities Master Plan and Re-capitalization Plan strategies. (AP-
00221)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 8.1
Strategy #3: Review, revise, and develop written accounts receivable procedures for all major
departmental functions. (AP-00197)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 3.6
Strategy #4: Prepare and test the College community's response to emergency events. (AP-
00145)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 4.6
Strategy #5: Improve efficiency of procurement process. (AP-00267)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 1.5

General Institutional

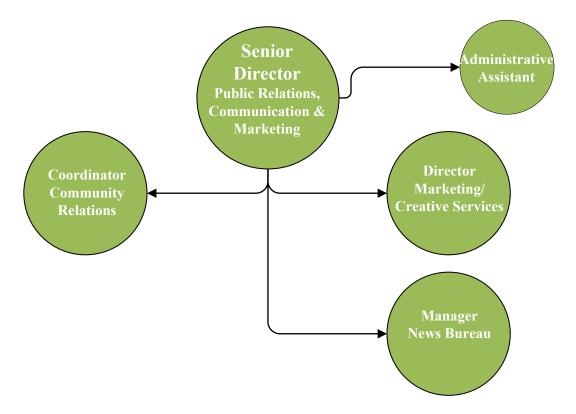
	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020
(In Millions)	Actual	Budget	Budget
General Institutional	\$ 10.91	\$ 12.55	\$ 12.33
Position Vacancy Load		(5.20) (6.22)
Total Expenditures	\$ 10.91	\$ 7.35	\$ 6.11

Function

In certain instances, the College budgets for shared costs as general institutional charges. Expenditures within this category includes risk consortium insurance costs, tuition waivers, scholarships, and rental charges. The category also includes a position vacancy load rate of 5.6%.

Additional information detailing general institutional expenditures is located within the Budget by Fund section of this budget book.

Marketing & Communications



(In Millions)	FY2018	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
(In Millions)	Actual	8	Budget
Marketing & Multimedia	\$ 3.96	\$ 4.80	\$ 4.69
Public Relations	0.68	0.82	0.81
Community Relations Dept.	0.33	0.36	0.38
Total Expenditures	\$ 4.97	\$ 5.98	\$ 5.88

Marketing & Communications

Function

Marketing & Communications advances the College's mission by increasing overall visibility and awareness of its programs, services, thought leadership, faculty, staff and students through a variety of key communications, public relations, social media, marketing, multimedia and community relations platforms.

Reporting Areas

Marketing

The primary purpose of the Marketing Department is to advance the College's mission by increasing overall visibility and awareness of its programs and services. This includes developing and implementing the College's integrated marketing communications strategy; conducting market research; developing and maintaining the College's unique brand identity, and creating print and electronic publications.

Multimedia Services

The Multimedia Services Department provides for the media communication needs of faculty, staff, students and the community-at-large. The department supports all aspects of multimedia design, creation, and distribution. The goal of Multimedia Services is to maintain College of DuPage's high standards by offering instructional enhancement and promotional and marketing programs highlighting College events and accomplishments. The department programs and manages the cable television channel WDCB-TV and the College's YouTube Channel. Multimedia Services also produces "Images," a monthly campus news program. In addition, the department's activities include interdepartmental communications; training; live streaming; maintenance of the archival webpage for the Board of Trustees meetings; and community outreach.

Public Relations and Communications

The Public Relations and Communications Department spearheads best-in-class strategic public relations and communications initiatives to raise awareness of the College and its leadership, faculty, students and staff for internal as well as external audiences. The department also manages the News Bureau, FOIA Office, media relations and social media. The News Bureau is responsible for developing press releases for local, regional, and national media outlets regarding news, programs, students, faculty, events, and other topics; and assigning and photos and determining social media content across multiple platforms that support the College's mission and vision.

Community Relations

Community Relations' mission is to honor College of DuPage's reciprocal relationship with the community and offer mutually beneficial partnership programs, thereby expanding awareness of the contributions to the community by the College's students, faculty and staff. Community Relations is responsible for multiple programs and initiatives designed to engage with and enlighten the public regarding College of DuPage, including but not limited to:

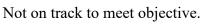
- Arranging speaking engagements, through its Speaker's Bureau, for faculty, staff, and administration at sites throughout the District
- Engaging with businesses, non-profits, and community leaders to ascertain mutually beneficial partnerships
- Coordinating service projects that benefit District 502 organizations
- Organizing events that draw members of the public to campus and engage staff, faculty, and students

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.

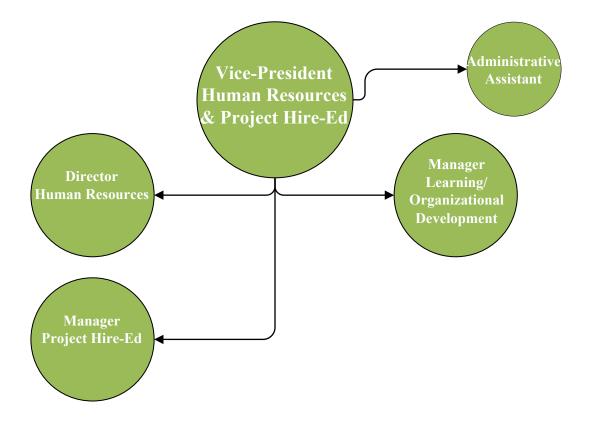


Strategy #1:	Strengthen the visibility of the President and other thought leadership.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obje	ective: 5.3, 5.8, 5.9	
Strategy #2:	Conceptualize and execute a community report.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obj	ective: 5.1, 5.3, 5.8	
Strategy #3:	Augment key signature community programs.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obj	jective: 5.4, 5.1,5.8	
Strategy #4:	Strengthen existing and identify new mutually beneficial community partnerships.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obje	ective: 5.3, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9	
Strategy #5:	Expand awareness of cultural and economic resources.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obj	ective: 5.1, 5.3, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9	
Strategy #6:	Develop and implement an annual direct marketing and advertising plan.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obj	ective: 2.2, 2.7, 2.9, 5.3, 5.4, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9	
Strategy #7:	Complete website redesign.	
Total Anti	cipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Obj	ective: 2.2, 2.7, 2.9, 3.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9	
•		

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the department will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the department's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #298: Develop and maintain a catalog of program marketing materials. (AP-00163)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 2.9
Strategy #299: Create marketing and communications initiatives that help to grow enrollment.
(AP-00162)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 2.9
Strategy #301: Develop insight into attitudes about the College through student, parent,
prospect, and community research that will inform all of our marketing efforts. (AP-00167)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$144,000
SLRP Objective: 6.2
Strategy #302: Support College of DuPage mission and initiatives by providing multimedia
solutions, which may include podcasts, web support, videos, animation, etc. (AP-00047)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 5.3
Strategy #304: Support the communication efforts of College of DuPage's Guided Pathways
initiative. (AP-00044)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 5.3
,

Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed



	F	Y2018	F	Y2019	F	Y2020
(In Millions)	А	ctual	B	udget	B	udget
Human Resources	\$	1.93	\$	2.12	\$	2.11
Project Hire-Ed		0.04		0.39		0.55
Learning & Organizational Development		0.48		0.60		0.51
Employee Wellness		0.04	_	0.04	_	0.04
Total Expenditures	\$	2.49	\$	3.15	\$	3.21

Human Resources & Project Hire-Ed

Function

The Vice President of Human Resources is responsible for the operation of the College's complex human resources function. The Vice President exercises the necessary authority for planning, organizing, controlling, decision-making and leadership of the human resources function. This includes the development and operation of wage, salary and benefits policies, recruitment and hiring of employees, resolution of labor issues, administration of collective bargaining agreements, management of employee relations and legal issues, training and professional development of staff, and management of record systems and procedures.

Reporting Areas

Human Resources

The Office of Human Resources Division at College of DuPage is dedicated to the College's mission of excellence in teaching and learning and student success through providing quality service and a supportive environment to all employees and departments of the College as follows:

Recruitment & Employment strives to present the College of DuPage as an employer of choice for applicants seeking positions in the education field. The goal is to attract highly qualified potential job seekers with our team-based, collaborative environment which offers a diverse workforce (including student employees) of nearly 4,000, of which 3,000 are active at any given time.

Compensation & Benefits plans, organizes and directs the activities of all compensation and benefit practices and procedures to enable the College to attract and retain a qualified workforce to meet current and future institutional needs. The Compensation Department maintains, develops, and manages all human resource data systems as well as manages and administers the College's salary/compensation administration process. The Benefits Department is responsible for designing benefit plans and administering related processes including employee eligibility and enrollment, dependent verification, payroll deduction accuracy, vendor management, benefits invoice processing, and annual medical reimbursement payments for over 700 retirees.

Labor & Employee Relations serves as the College's contact for all labor and employee relations matters as well as department organization and reorganization initiatives. This department provides guidance on employment policies and practices for staff. The department also counsels on workplace issues to ensure fair and consistent treatment of employees and compliance with federal/state laws and regulations and Board policies.

Project Hire-Ed

The Project Hire-Ed initiative, which began in FY2018, strives to foster the development of career pathways programs for a range of workers within DuPage County. Through the establishment of partnerships with employers to develop educational programs that meet their existing and changing workforce needs.

Learning & Organizational Development

The Learning & Organizational Development Department is comprised of three areas:

Learning and Organizational Development designs, develops, and delivers employee training and development events on compliance, leadership, orientation, professional development, training, and service excellence.

Teaching and Learning Center (TLC) Operations manages the logistical operations of events by securing rooms, marketing, registration, attendance tracking, and preparation of course materials. This is done for both TLC-initiated events as well as in partnership with other departments in the College to facilitate the delivery and coordination of their events (i.e., college-wide, in-service activities).

TLC Lab is a technology lab accessible to all staff and faculty. Employees can work in the lab individually or seek consultation from TLC technology experts.

Employee Wellness

Employee Wellness focuses on prevention, health care accountability through consumer driven behavior, and increasing employee knowledge of the impact and benefits of enhanced nutrition, exercise, financial planning, wellness and stress management.

Prevention - 100% College-paid preventative care (medical plan members) includes on-site flushots and biometric screenings.

Support - Wellness Program - \$240 set aside for fitness membership or Weight Watchers program (provided via individual development budget) and Wellness Fair.

Additional Resources:

- Financial wellness classes
- CHC Wellbeing newsletter
- Employee Assistance Program-a work-based program that offers confidential short-term counseling, referrals, and follow-up services to employees who have personal and/or work-related problems.
- Blue Cross Blue Shield of Illinois Well-a program designed to support healthy choices through participation in self-directed courses, access to a library of health information, and interactive tools and trackers to monitor diet and exercise.
- Access to wellness articles available through the HR Benefits website.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.



Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Implement professional development programs.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 3.2. 3.8, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 6.1, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5	
Strategy #2: Provide compliance training and administration.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 3.2, 4.6, 5.3	
Strategy #3: Continue to promote positive labor and employee relations.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.6, 1.7, 3.5, 3.8, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7	
Strategy #4: Develop and implement innovative strategies to improve employee population health and	
wellbeing.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.3, 1.4, 4.1, 4.2, 6.1, 6.3, 7.1, 7.5	
Strategy #5: Develop Project Hire-Ed Models/Programs.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.2, 2.1, 2.3, 2.6, 2.8, 3.8, 4.6, 5.1, 5.7, 5.8, 6.1, 7.2, 7.3	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Streamline HR processes for improved efficiency and user experience. (AP-00007)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 1.3

Strategy #2: Implement expanded Human Resources technology and tools. (AP-00010)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 6.3

Strategy #3: Develop and implement professional development programs in accordance with the College's priorities, goals and objectives. (AP-00018)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$50,000

SLRP Objective: 4.3

Strategy #4: Provide compliance training and compliance administration in accordance with the College's priorities, goals and objectives. (AP-00013)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

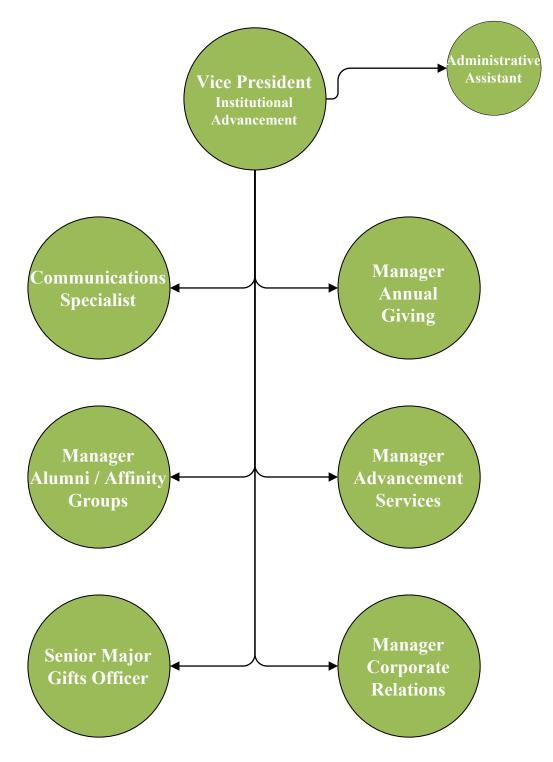
SLRP Objective: 1.5

Strategy #5: Identify and develop partnership opportunities with DuPage County employers to assist them in meeting their workforce planning and talent pipeline needs. (AP-00045)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$37,000

SLRP Objective: 2.3

Institutional Advancement



(In Millions)	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Institutional Advancement	0.96	1.34	0.98
VP, Institutional Advancement	-	0.41	0.46
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.44

Institutional Advancement

Function

The mission of the Office of Institutional Advancement is to advance the goals and institutional priorities of the College by providing exemplary leadership in building a culture of philanthropy, securing external funding to support College programs, and developing lifelong connections with alumni.

Reporting Areas

Institutional Advancement

The Institutional Advancement Division is responsible for the overall resource development for the College. The primary resource development arm of the College, the Foundation, is a separate legal entity with its own governing board and nearly \$15 million in invested assets. The Foundation focuses on securing corporate and private philanthropy. Foundation fundraising efforts support students directly through scholarships, and more generally through obtaining funds for academic and community programs.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.



Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Promote and advance the student and programmatic needs of the college.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.2, 2.7, 2.9, 3.1, 3.5, 3.7, 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9	
Strategy #2: Seek external funding to support students, faculty, and college programs.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.4	
Strategy #3: Engage alumni with students, faculty, and college programs.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.6	
Strategy #4: Build an internal and external culture of philanthropy.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 4.1, 4.6, 7.4	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Establish the Office of Institutional Advancement as a key member of college strategic planning teams, community outreach, and resource development efforts. (General). (AP-00078)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$84,700

SLRP Objective: 5.3

Strategy #2: Develop relationships that leverage the expertise and interests of alumni into meaningful college initiatives. (Alumni Relations). (AP-00087)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 7.6

Strategy #3: Collaborate with College of DuPage Foundation to expand philanthropic support to the College of DuPage.

(Foundation). (AP-00088)

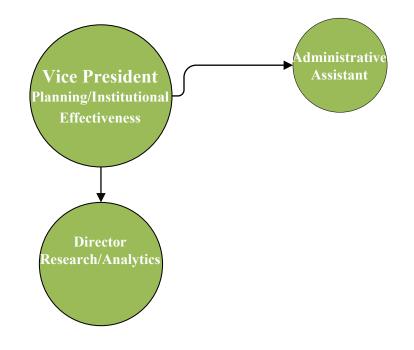
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$8,800

SLRP Objective: 7.4

Strategy #4: To build corporate and private foundation relationships in support of key college initiatives such as STEM and health care programs. (Corporate -Foundation Relations). (AP-00280)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0 **SLRP Objective:** 5.3

Planning & Institutional Effectiveness



	FY2018	FY	Y2019	F	Y2020	
(In Millions)	Actual		Budget		Budget	
Planning & Institutional Effectiveness	\$ 0.64	\$	1.09	\$	1.21	
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.64	\$	1.09	\$	1.21	

Planning & Institutional Effectiveness

Function

The Vice President of Planning & Institutional Effectiveness is the chief planning officer of the College. The position is responsible for the development of an annually updated Strategic Long Range Plan (SLRP); overseeing the production of appropriate planning documents for the institution; ensuring the preparation of an Annual Action Plan; ensuring the integration of the SLRP and the Annual Action Plan; producing a comprehensive Fact Book; and producing an Annual Outcomes Document connected to the SLRP. In addition, the position is the College's Accreditation Liaison Officer to the Higher Learning Commission, and oversees and manages all activities and reports related to regional accreditation. The position also oversees the statutory status (recognition) of the College with Illinois Community College Board.

Reporting Area

Research and Analytics

The Office of Research and Analytics supports the mission of the College by providing accurate, reliable, and timely information and analysis to support the academic, accreditation, regulatory and operational processes. In addition, the Office of Research and Analytics is responsible for producing, verifying, and submitting key regulatory reports, such as the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data system report to the U.S. Department of Education. The Office of Research and Analytics also functions as a clearing house for survey research projects, which includes addressing research-related questions on policy, questionnaire design, procedures, sampling, and analysis.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.

Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Actively engaging members of the College community with the Higher Learning Commission and with the HLC's Criteria for Accreditation. **Total Anticipated Cost:** \$0 SLRP Objective: 1.1, 3.6 Strategy #2: Develop staff capacity to support the Guided Pathways initiative. **Total Anticipated Cost:** \$0 **SLRP Objective:** 2.6, 3.3, 3.4 Strategy #3: Track COD alumni who have transferred to a four-year institution. **Total Anticipated Cost:** \$0 **SLRP Objective:** 1.2 Strategy #4: Lead and coordinate the FY19 update to the 2017-2021 Strategic Long Range Plan and FY20 Annual Action Plan. **Total Anticipated Cost:** \$0 SLRP Objective: 1.4, 5.3 Strategy #5: Ensure required external regulatory, accreditation, and comparative data reporting, submissions. **Total Anticipated Cost:** \$0 SLRP Objective: 1.3, 1.6

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Prepare institution for fall 2019 HLC Focused Visit. (AP-00287)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 1.1

Strategy #2: Develop greater understanding and engagement of College community with the Higher Learning Commission's (HLC) revised Criteria for Accreditation that will be adopted by the HLC Board in Feb. 2019. (AP-00288)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$10,000

SLRP Objective: 1.1

Strategy #3: Lead and coordinate the FY20 update to the 2017-2021 Strategic Long Range Plan. (AP-00290)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 1.4

Strategy #4: Continue to develop staff capacities to support the College's Guided Pathways initiative. (AP-00292)

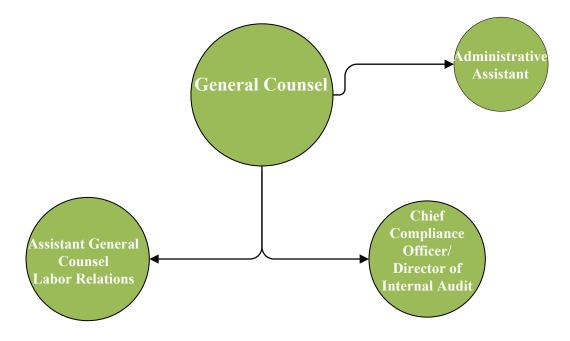
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$255,000

SLRP Objective: 2.6

Strategy #5: Gather qualitative data from students and other key stakeholders about their perceptions, opinions, beliefs, and attitudes towards the education and services provided by COD. (AP-00293)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$14,000 **SLRP Objective:** 3.4

General Counsel, Compliance, & Audit



	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	
(In Millions)	Actual	Budget	Budget	
General Counsel	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.60	
Internal Auditor	0.30	0.31	0.32	
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.92	

General Counsel, Compliance, & Audit

Function

The General Counsel, Compliance, & Audit Division is responsible for managing the institution's legal affairs, including advising on legal rights, obligations, and related matters. The General Counsel oversees the Director of Compliance and Internal Audit, reports to the President, and serves at the pleasure of the Board.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.

Not on track to meet objective.

Strategy #1: Provide advice on legal questions as they arise.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.1	
Strategy #2: Review and revise Board of Trustees Policy Manual.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.1, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7	\bigcirc
Strategy #3: Conduct and oversee confidential internal reviews on matters relating to compliance	e and
internal process.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.1, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7	
Strategy #4: Manage and direct responses to pending and future litigation.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.1	
Strategy #5: Identify and hire additional support staff member. (<i>To be completed in FY2020</i>)	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.1	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: Provide effective ongoing legal advice on future legal questions and issues. (AP-00272)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 7.1

Strategy #2: Revise and modernize Board of Trustees Policy Manual. (AP-00273)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 1.1

Strategy #3: Develop and mature new internal compliance function in conjunction with Director of Compliance. (AP-00274)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 1.1

Strategy #4: Manage labor negotiations and relations with various bargaining units. (AP-00276)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

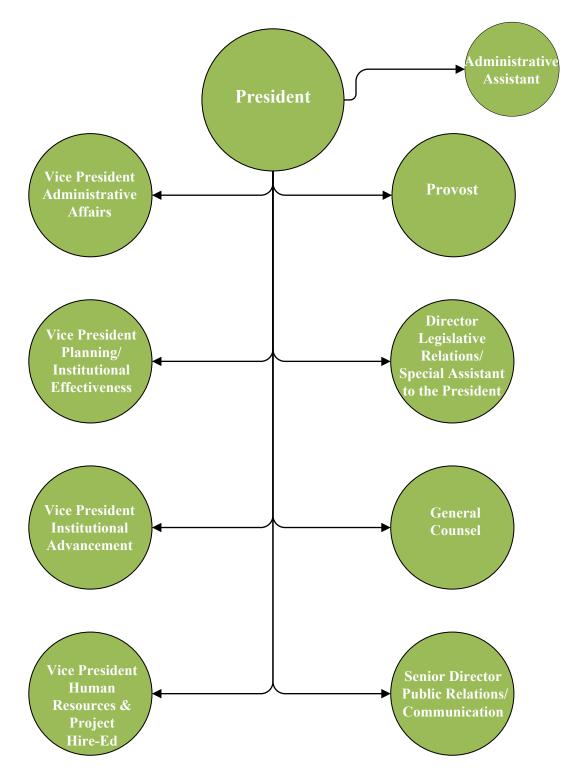
SLRP Objective: 7.1

Strategy #5: Ensure that Title IX/campus safety framework and access and accommodations protocols are legally compliant and effective. (AP-00277)

Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0

SLRP Objective: 7.1

Office of the President



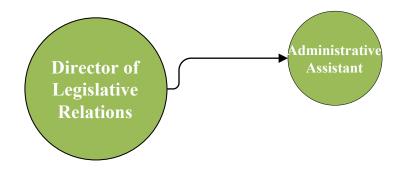
(In Millions)	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget		FY2020 Budget	
President's Office	\$ 0.55	\$	0.63	\$	0.63
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.55	\$	0.63	\$	0.63

Office of the President

Function

College of DuPage is currently headed by President Dr. Brian Caputo. The following report directly to the President: Provost; Interim Vice President, Administrative Affairs; Vice President, Planning and Institutional Effectiveness; Vice President, Human Resources and Project Hire-Ed; Vice President, Institutional Advancement; Director, Legislative Relations; General Counsel; Senior Director, Marketing and Communications.

Legislative Relations



Legislative Relations

	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	
(In Millions)	Actual	Budget	Budget	
Legislative Relations	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.28	
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.28	

Function

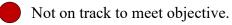
Director Legislative Relations/Special Assistant to the President is responsible for local, state and federal government relations; serves as liaison to the Board of Trustees; provides support for all presidential initiatives; and acts on behalf of the President and College in a manner reflective of the institution's mission, vision and values.

FY2019 Annual Plan Updates

These strategies were among the more significant strategies that the division pursued during the 2019 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2019 Annual Plan.



On track to meet objective.



Strategy #1: Increase visibility of the College in the community and advance mutual interests.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.7, 5.8, 6.4	
Strategy #2: Increase sense of community within the College.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.7, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2	
Strategy #3: Strengthen the College's financial position	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 7.2, 7.3	
Strategy #4: Interface with the Board of Trustees.	
Total Anticipated Cost: \$0	
SLRP Objective: 1.7, 3.4, 3.7, 4.6, 5.8, 6.2	

These strategies are among the more significant strategies that the division will pursue during the 2020 fiscal year. For a complete list of the division's strategies, see the College's Fiscal Year 2020 Annual Plan.

Strategy #1: To advance approved legislative agenda. (AP-00283)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 5.8
Strategy #2: To help strengthen the College's financial position. (AP-00284)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 7.3
Strategy #3: To carry out other administrative roles and responsibilities as needed to advance
project initiatives. (AP-00285)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 6.1
Strategy #4: To interface with the Board of Trustees to enhance their knowledge and
effectiveness. (AP-00286)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 1.1
Strategy #5: To increase visibility of the College in the community and advance mutual
interest in strengthening partnerships. (AP-00281)
Total Anticipated New Cost: \$0
SLRP Objective: 5.8

Board of Trustees

	FY2018	FY2018 FY2019 Actual Budget		FY2020 Budget	
(In Millions)	Actual				
Board of Trustees	\$ 0.03	\$	0.12	\$	0.12
Total Expenditures	\$ 0.03	\$	0.12	\$	0.12

Function

The College of DuPage Board of Trustees is comprised of seven publicly elected trustees and one non-voting student trustee. The Board is the institution's governing authority with responsibility for the development and adoption of COD's policies, oversight of the activities of the College, and jurisdiction in all matters of the College and its mission.

The Board of Trustees budget is in place to cover expenditures related to training events, professional dues, and other contractual services.

General Fund – Education Fund

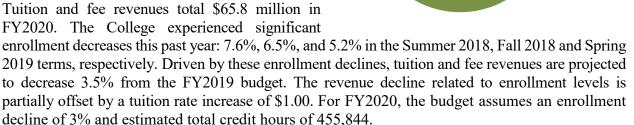
The Education Fund is established by Section 3-1 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. The Education Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the academic and service programs of the College. This fund includes the cost of instructional, administrative, and professional salaries; supplies and moveable equipment; library books and materials; maintenance of instructional and administrative equipment; and other costs pertaining to the educational programs of the College. The statutory maximum property tax rate for the Education Fund is 75 cents per \$100 of equalized assessed valuation (EAV) for community college districts in cities with fewer than 500,000 inhabitants.

Revenues

Revenues in FY2020 are projected at \$158.2 million, or 0.9% higher than the FY2019 budget. Two categories, property tax, and tuition and fees comprise 86.9% of the total revenues. The College continues to rely minimally on the State of Illinois. State revenues are equivalent to only 9.3% of the Education Fund revenues.

Property tax revenues are projected at \$71.7 million or 1.7% higher than the FY2019 budget due to an increase in property development and a 1% property tax levy increase. From 2009 through 2014 the District's EAV declined by 24%, resulting in property tax rate increases to the district residents. To ease the burden on our community, the Board of Trustees voted to lower the 2015 tax levy by 5%. Since 2014, the District's EAV has increased by 22.5%.

Tuition and fee revenues total \$65.8 million in FY2020. The College experienced significant



FY2020 revenues from the State of Illinois are projected at \$14.7 million, equal to the FY2019 funding levels. During the two-year budget impasse at the state level, the College's funding level was significantly reduced. However, in FY2018 the College received \$22.9 million. The State of Illinois distributed both the FY2017 and FY2018 allocations in FY2018.

Other revenues are projected at \$6.0 million and include investment income, sales and service fees for hotel room rentals, food sales from the culinary arts program, tax increment financing surplus distribution revenue, public safety fines, library fees, and other miscellaneous fees.



Budgeted Revenues

Tuition & Fees

41.6%

State Funding 9.3%

Other

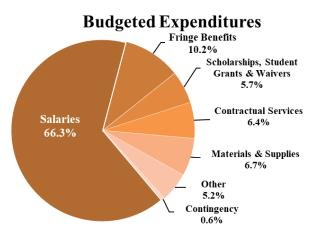
3.8%

Expenditures

FY2020 Education Fund budgeted expenditures are projected at \$159.3 million, a 1.0% decrease from the FY2019 budget. Two categories,

salaries and fringe benefits, comprise 75.4% of the total expenditures.

Salary costs are projected to decrease 1.9% from the FY2019 budget. Several groups of the College's employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements or other employment agreements. Contracts with the full-time faculty association, painters, groundskeepers, classified staff associationmechanics and carpenters, Fraternal Order of Police, and operating engineers are currently under negotiations. The adjunct



association contract has been extended through FY2021. Prior contract extensions included an increase to the salary schedule pool equivalent to the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) plus 0.5%. These salary pool increases were extended to other personnel groups in February 2019.

Like other businesses, the cost of providing benefits is a significant portion of the budget at the College. Total employee benefits in the Education Fund are projected at \$16.3 million. The College continues to be a member of the Community College Healthcare Consortium whose focus is to procure the lowest possible rates for healthcare coverage by combining purchasing power with other community colleges. To mitigate rising healthcare costs, the College adjusted its health insurance offerings for the 2019 calendar year. The FY2020 budget also includes funding for legislation that requires the College to make pension contributions on behalf of select groups of employees. The budgeted pension contribution by the College for FY2020 is \$300,000.

Contractual service charges are projected to decrease by \$0.5 million compared to the FY2019. This decline is due to a reduction in Information Technology Plan project budgets in FY2020.

Fixed charges are projected to increase \$0.4 million, or by 32%. This increase is directly related to investments into the Innovation DuPage business incubator and an increase in general insurance coverage.

Scholarships, student grants, and waivers are equal to the FY2019 budget.

Finally, the FY2020 Education Fund expenditure budget includes a \$1.0 million contingency. This contingency is in place to cover unanticipated costs related to enrollment increases, legal services, or other unexpected costs.

EDUCATION FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Local Property Taxes	\$ 69,975,22	6 \$ 70,456,910	\$ 71,663,073
Personal Property Replacement Tax	1,382,23	9 1,300,000	1,400,000
Other Local Revenues	3,59	,	-
State Government	22,872,78		14,735,390
Student Tuition & Fees	69,468,12		65,796,058
Sales and Service Fees	542,70		700,793
Facilities Rental	273,83		302,200
Interest	2,117,47		3,000,000
Non-Government Gifts, Grants	34,05		32,500
Other	720,16	6 465,000	569,000
Total Revenues	167,390,19	9 156,840,269	158,199,014
Expenditures			
Instruction	70,431,21	2 75,783,771	74,090,615
Academic Support	10,381,60	1 10,954,242	11,141,059
Student Services	15,516,62	7 19,637,514	19,490,494
Public Service	1,637,46	5 2,329,069	2,266,533
Independent Operations	85		-
Operations and Maintenance	6,025,30	4 5,878,893	5,930,104
General Administration	11,597,39	5 12,132,571	12,591,076
General Institutional	19,084,71	0 24,203,053	24,698,471
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers	9,031,48	1 9,188,000	9,138,000
Total Expenditures	143,706,64	8 160,107,113	159,346,352
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	23,683,55	1 (3,266,844)	(1,147,338)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)			
Proceeds from Disposal of Fixed Assets	39,03	3 _	_
Transfer In	57,05	- 1,395,957	1,150,000
Transfer (Out)	(307,41		(9,849,100)
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	(268,38		
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	(208,38	<u>5) (5,409,043</u>)	(8,099,100)
Surplus / (Deficiency)	23,415,16	6 (6,735,887)	(9,846,438)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	173,615,79	5 197,030,961	209,862,775
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 197,030,96	1 \$ 190,295,074	\$ 200,016,337
¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected.			

EDUCATION FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual		FY2019 Budget		FY2020 Budget
Expenditures					
Salaries	\$	100,360,624	\$	105,899,857	\$ 103,913,820
Employee Benefits		14,903,622		16,225,789	16,251,760
Contractual Services		6,926,426		10,639,238	10,151,397
Materials & Supplies		7,689,776		9,063,671	10,643,863
Conferences & Meetings		1,210,758		2,450,663	2,466,389
Fixed Charges		1,414,324		1,346,934	1,786,223
Utilities		22,030		33,793	24,700
Capital Outlay		1,666,410		2,466,637	2,754,021
Other		481,197		1,292,531	1,216,179
Scholarships, Student Grants & Waivers		9,031,481		9,188,000	9,138,000
Contingency				1,500,000	 1,000,000
Total Expenditures	\$	143,706,648	\$	160,107,113	\$ 159,346,352

General Fund – Operations and Maintenance Fund

The Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Fund is established by Section 3-1 and Section 3-20.3 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for expenditures for the improvement, maintenance, or benefit of buildings and property, including the cost of interior decorating and the installation. It is also used to account for improvement, repair, replacement, and maintenance of building fixtures; rental of buildings and property for community college purposes; payment of all premiums for insurance upon buildings and building fixtures. The statutory maximum property tax rate is set at 10 cents per \$100 of equalized assessed valuation (EAV) for community college districts in cities with fewer than 100,000 inhabitants.

Over the last several years, new construction and renovation of existing facilities at the College have allowed the campus to accommodate new and expanded programs. Because of the expansion of the physical plant and infrastructure, annual maintenance costs have increased. To ensure that adequate funding is available to maintain these significant investments, the Board of Trustees established a fund balance restriction in the amount of \$52.9 million for recapitalization projects to protect these investments.

Projects for recurring capital maintenance expenditures are charged to this fund under the section called "Capital Maintenance Projects." Capital maintenance projects are used to account for capital expenditures that may repeat in a multi-year facilities maintenance cycle.

Capitalization Policy Thresholds:

Asset	Dollar Threshold	Useful Life (Years)
• Buildings	\$100,000	50
Building Improvements	\$50,000	20
Land Improvements	\$50,000	20
• Infrastructure	\$50,000	20
• Equipment	\$5,000	6
• Vehicles	\$5,000	4
Computer Equipment	\$5,000	4
• Land	All	Indefinite

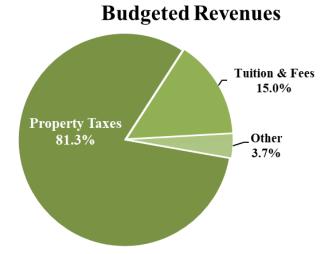
The following capitalization thresholds are used by the College:

Revenues

The funding for the Operation & Maintenance Fund comes primarily from property taxes and a portion of a student construction fee charged as part of tuition and fees. Revenues in FY2020 are projected to be \$14.6 million.

Property tax revenues are projected at \$11.9 million or 2.0% higher than the FY2019 budget due to an increase in property development and a 1% property tax levy increase. From 2009 through 2014 the District's EAV declined by 24%, resulting in property tax rate increases to the district residents. To ease the burden on our community, the Board of Trustees voted to lower the 2015 tax levy by 5%. Since 2014, the District's EAV has increased by 22.5%.

The student fee revenues are projected at



\$2.2 million, or 5.3% lower than the FY2019 budget. The College experienced significant enrollment decreases this past year: 7.6%, 6.5%, and 5.2% in the Summer 2018, Fall 2018 and Spring 2019 terms, respectively. For FY2020, the budget assumes an enrollment decline of 3% and estimated total credit hours of 455,844.

The Board of Trustees has provided management the authority to change the allocation of the Construction Fee between two funds based on annual budgetary needs. The FY2020 \$7.00 Student Construction Fee allocation follows:

Student Construction Fee

•	69% allocated to Operations & Maintenance Fund	\$4.80
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• 31% allocated to Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund \$2.20

The fee in the Operations & Maintenance Fund will be used to fund capital maintenance projects.

Expenditures

The FY2020 budgeted expenditures are projected at \$17.0 million, a 1.2% decrease over the FY2019 budget. The decrease is related to a reduction in planned capital maintenance projects. In FY2019 the plant administration department, budgeted in the Education Fund, was consolidated with the construction administration department and budgeted in the Operations & Maintenance Fund, reported as "Facilities."

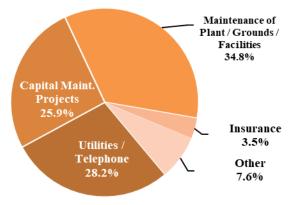
	(In Millions)					Budget		
	FY2018		FY2019		FY2020		Increase	
Description	A	ctual	Budget		Budget		(Decrease)	
Utility Department	\$	4.0	\$	4.4	\$	4.5	\$	0.1
Capital Maintenance Projects		1.8		4.7		4.4		(0.3)
Maintenance of Plant		2.7		3.0		3.1		0.1
Facilities		0.4		1.5		1.6		0.1
Grounds		0.8		1.1		1.2		0.1
Building Construction & Repairs		0.9		1.0		1.1		0.1
Regional Center Maintenance		0.4		0.5		0.5		-
Insurance		0.5		0.7		0.6		(0.1)
Telephone		0.2		0.5		0.3		(0.2)
Negative Labor Contingency		-		(0.2)		(0.3)		(0.1)
Total Expenditures	\$	11.7	\$	17.2	\$	17.0	\$	(0.2)

The primary expenditure drivers within the Operating & Maintenance Fund are utility costs, facility and maintenance personnel, and capital maintenance projects.

Utility department expenditures are projected to remain flat in FY2020. The College is always looking for ways to mitigate these costs escalations. The FY2020 budget includes two solar projects on the Culinary and Hospitality Center and Physical Education Center.

Facility personnel counts are unchanged in FY2020. Salary variances over the FY2019 budget are due to employee turnover.

Budgeted Expenditures



The final expenditure driver is the capital maintenance project list for FY2020. Further detail on those projects can be found in the following pages.

FY2020 Capital Maintenance Projects

Capital maintenance projects include capital expenditures that may repeat in a multi-year facilities maintenance cycle. The budget includes \$1.3 million for recapitalization projects, funded through a restricted fund balance transfer from the Education Fund. The budget also includes \$0.4 million for unidentified projects in order to address additional maintenance needs throughout the year. Given the healthy fund balance, the College wants to ensure it is able to address maintenance needs as they arise and not defer those costs.

Dept		FY2020	Dept		FY2020	
No.	Project Description	Budget	No.	Project Description		Budget
Capital I	Maintenance Subgroup		Recapita	alization Project Subgroup		
20024	Parking Lot/Roadway Resurfacing ¹	\$ 800,000	21003	Emergency Generator Emissions ¹	\$	315,000
20999	Emerging Projects - TBD	450,000	21014	Elevator Renovation Plan		170,000
20025	Space & Planning	325,000	21006	TEC-BAS Replacement ¹		112,500
20177	PE Solar Application Project ¹	300,000	21007	PE-Pre-cast Joints ¹		105,000
20022	FF&E Purchases	200,000	21013	BIC South Exterior Concrete Replacement		100,000
20070	Concrete Roadways/Sidewalk Repairs ¹	165,000	21018	LED Signs Regional/Main Campus		100,000
20186	Auto Shop - Epoxy Floor Replacement	150,000	21008	TEC-Stack Replacement ¹		72,000
20118	Culinary Mechanical Work ¹	140,000	21004	Carol Stream Roof Replacement ¹		50,000
20189	MAC Gallery Waterproofing	100,000	21010	Carol Stream BAS Replacement ¹		45,000
20141	BIC - Boiler Breeching - Asbestos ¹	90,000	21012	Westmont Roof Top Air Handling Unit		45,000
20192	Warehouse Dock Levelers	80,000	21015	HEC / HSC Re-commissioning		40,000
20147	Central Chiller Repairs ¹	60,000	21002	BIC-Former Planter/Roof Replacement ¹		32,000
20178	CHC Solar Project ¹	50,000	21001	Carol Stream Boiler Replacement ¹		27,000
20157	BIC - Boiler Control Overhaul ¹	45,900	21016	Seaton Lobby Lighting Replacement		25,000
20175	PE-Exterior Wall Panel ¹	31,500	21017	Utility Steam Vault Door		25,000
20187	Jet East Campus Storm Drains	30,000		Total Recapitalization Projects	\$	1,263,500
20193	Workforce Development ADA Upgrades	30,000				
20180	Soccer Field Repairs	25,000				
20185	Addison - HVAC Repairs	25,000				
20098	BIC - Stand-by Generator Plant ¹	20,000		Total Facility Maintenance Projects	\$	4,420,900
20142	MAC-Entry Glazing Leak Repair	20,000				
20188	MAC AHU #2 Steam Coil	20,000	_			
	Capital Maintenance Projects	\$3,157,400	_	¹ FY2019 Carryover projects.		

The FY2020 capital maintenance project listing follows:

Project descriptions can be found on the following pages.

Project Number, Name & Description:

20022	FF&E Purchases	Furniture, Fixture and Equipment. Purpose: Purchase furniture, fixtures and equipment as needed.
		FY2020 Budget - \$200,000
20024	Parking Lot / Roadway Resurfacing	Maintain Roads/Walkways/Parking Lots. Purpose: Maintain safe roads/walkways for vehicle & pedestrian circulation. FY2020 Budget - \$800,000
20025	Space & Planning	Space & Planning Needs. Purpose: Provide for space and planning needs as required. FY2020 Budget - \$325,000
20070	Concrete Roadways / Sidewalk Repairs	Concrete Repairs - Campus Wide Purpose: Maintain safe walk and road ways for students and other users. FY2020 Budget - 165,000
20098	BIC - Stand-by Generator Plant	Boiler DA Tank Controller Installation Purpose: Provide necessary heating system repairs. FY2020 Budget - \$20,000
20118	Culinary Mechanical Work	Culinary Mechanical Work Purpose: Mechanical repairs and updates to culinary building. FY2020 Budget - \$140,000
20141	BIC Boiler Breeching Asbestos	Boiler Repairs Purpose: Repair and replacement of Boiler insulating jackets and distribution insulation. FY2020 Budget - \$90,000
20142	MAC- Entry Glazing Leaks Repair	MAC- Entry Glazing Leaks Repair Purpose: Repairs of MAC entry glazing. FY2020 Budget - \$20,000
20147	Central Chiller Repairs	Central Chiller Repairs Purpose: Air Conditioning Repairs FY2020 Budget - \$60,000

20157	BIC - Boiler Control; Overhaul	Variable Refrigerant Flow System Purpose: Provide adequate refrigerant flow system. FY2020 Budget - \$45,900
20175	PE Exterior Wall Panel	PE Exterior Wall Panel Purpose: To replace exterior wall panel. FY2020 Budget: \$31,500
20177	PE Solar Application Project	PE Solar Application Project Purpose: Put up solar panels on PE building. FY2020 Budget - \$300,000
20178	CHC Solar Project	CHC Solar Project Purpose: Install solar panels on CHC building. FY2020 Budget - \$50,000
20180	Soccer Field Repairs	Athletic Field Repairs Purpose: Repair areas damaged by regular sports usage FY2020 Budget - \$25,000
20185	Addison-HVAC Repairs	Addison-HVAC Repairs Purpose: Heating and cooling repairs to Addison Regional Center. FY2020 Budget - 25,000
20186	Auto Shop-Epoxy Floor Replacement	Auto Shop-Epoxy Floor Replacement Purpose: Epoxy floor replacement at auto tech shop and building. FY2020 Budget - \$150,000
20187	Jet East Campus Storm Drains	Jet East Campus Storm Drains Purpose: Installation of storm drain on the East side campus. FY2020 Budget: \$30,000
20188	MAC AHU #2 Steam Coil	MAC AHU #2 Steam Coil Purpose: Replacement of steam coil at MAC AHU FY2020 Budget - \$20,000
20189	MAC Gallery Waterproofing	MAC Gallery Waterproofing Purpose: Waterproofing in preparation for Frida Kahlo exhibit. FY2020 Budget: \$100,000

20192	Warehouse Dock Levelers	Warehouse Dock Levelers Purpose: Installation of dock levelers at warehouse in BIC building. FY2020 Budget - \$80,000
20193	Workforce Development ADA Upgrades	Workforce Development ADA Upgrades Purpose: Design ADA workforce development upgrades. FY2020 Budget - \$30,000
20999	Emerging Projects	Emerging Projects Purpose: Provide adequate funds for unanticipated projects. FY2020 Budget - \$450,000
21001	Carol Stream Boiler Replacement	Boiler Replacement Purpose: Replace boiler reaching end of service life. FY2020 Budget - \$27,000
21002	BIC - Former Planter Roof Replacement	Roofing Replacement Purpose: Replace portion of original built up roofing reaching end of service life. FY2020 Budget - \$32,000
21003	Emergency Generator Emissions	Regulatory Compliance Purpose: Upgrade emissions control equipment to comply with new standards. FY2020 Budget - \$315,000
21004	Carol Stream Roof Replacement Project	Roof Replacement Purpose: Replace existing roof reaching end of service life. FY2020 Budget - \$50,000
21006	TEC - Building Automation System Replacement	Equipment Upgrade Purpose: Upgrade building automation system to eliminate outdated control equipment. FY2020 Budget - \$112,500
21007	PE - Pre-cast Joints	Exterior Envelope Repair Purpose: Replace original 1983 precast concrete panel sealant joints FY2020 Budget - \$105,000

21008	TEC - Stack Replacement	HVAC Equipment Replacement Purpose: Replace main boiler flue stack to eliminate condensate leakage. FY2020 Budget - \$72,000
21010	Carol Stream BAS Replacement	Equipment Upgrade Purpose: Upgrade building automation system to eliminate outdated control equipment.
		FY2020 Budget - 45,000
21012	Westmont Roof Top Air Handling Unit	Westmont Roof Top Air Handling Unit Purpose: Installation of a roof top air handling unit. FY2020 Budget - \$45,000
21013	BIC South Exterior Concrete Replacement	BIC South Exterior Concrete Replacement Purpose: Concrete replacement at South exterior at BIC building. FY2020 Budget: \$100,000
21014	Elevator Renovation Plan	Elevator Renovation Plan Purpose: Elevator repairs and installation at various locations. FY2020 Budget: \$170,000
21015	HEC/HSC Recommissioning	HEC/HSC Recommissioning Purpose: Seeking recommissioning of HEC/HSC building. FY2020 Budget - \$40,000
21016	Seaton Lobby Lighting Replacement	Seaton Lobby Lighting Replacement Purpose: Lighting replacement in lobby of Seaton building. FY2020 Budget - \$25,000
21017	Utility Steam Vault Door	Utility Steam Vault Door Purpose: Installation of Utility Steam Vault door. FY2020 Budget - \$25,000
21018	LED Signs Regional/ Main Campus	LED Signs Regional/ Main Campus Purpose: Purchase and installation of LED signs at the regional and main campus. FY2020 Budget - \$100,000

OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Local Property Taxes	\$ 11,548,317	\$ 11,644,846	\$ 11,875,059
Student Tuition and Fees	2,341,641	2,309,447	2,188,053
Interest	452,492	250,000	525,000
Other	12,123	20,000	10,000
Total Revenues	14,354,573	14,224,293	14,598,112
Expenditures			
Operations and Maintenance	9,476,513	11,725,718	11,905,515
General Institutional	2,259,150	5,484,545	5,101,900
Total Expenditures	11,735,663	17,210,263	17,007,415
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	2,618,910	(2,985,970)	(2,409,303)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)			
Transfer In		1,445,000	1,263,500
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		1,445,000	1,263,500
Surplus / (Deficiency)	2,618,910	(1,540,970)	(1,145,803)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	34,065,136	36,684,046	35,752,976
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 36,684,046	<u>\$ 35,143,076</u>	<u>\$ 34,607,173</u>
¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected			

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected.

OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget		 FY2020 Budget
Expenditures				
Salaries	3,205,701	\$	3,503,723	3,551,931
Employee Benefits	626,582		769,384	741,360
Contractual Services	1,765,468		4,789,495	4,268,544
Materials & Supplies	396,530		648,700	671,156
Conferences & Meetings	3,721		18,950	18,950
Fixed Charges	681,604		989,645	866,000
Utilities	4,268,907		4,878,411	4,855,920
Capital Outlay	782,228		1,548,400	1,970,000
Other	4,922		63,555	 63,554
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 11,735,663</u>	\$	17,210,263	\$ 17,007,415

Restricted Purposes Fund

The Restricted Purposes Fund is used for the accounting of monies that have restrictions regarding their use, such as grants. Each specific project should be accounted for separately using a complete group of self-balancing accounts within the Restricted Purposes Fund. The College records its state and federal grants in this fund. Because expenditures are limited to the amount of grant funds awarded, the Restricted Purposes Fund balance should equal zero.

Revenues

Student financial aid, federal grants, state grants, and private foundation grants are examples of resources accounted for in the Restricted Purposes Fund. In recent years, the State of Illinois has not

funded grants for veterans, requiring the College to provide services to qualifying individuals at no cost. For FY2020, the total amount of Restricted Fund revenue budgeted is \$112.7 million.

The budget for FY2020 shows an increase in revenues of \$1.6 million from the FY2019 budget driven by additional federal revenues.

The SURS revenue and expenditure is not received or paid by the College but is contributed to the retirement system by the State of Illinois on behalf of the College (i.e., on-behalf contributions).

State of Illinois

SURS on Behalf Pension and Retiree Health Contribution

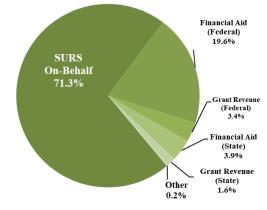
The State of Illinois makes the pension and healthcare plan payments to the State Universities Retirement System (SURS) on behalf of the College. Per GASB Statement 24, the payment made by the state to SURS is recognized both as revenue and an expenditure on the College's financial statements.

Student Financial Aid - State

This represents student financial assistance for programs such as the Monetary Assistance Program (MAP), Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act, and Department of Human Service Office of Rehabilitation Services scholarship programs. The largest portion is \$3,801,000 from the Illinois Student Assistance Commission for the MAP grant.

The state has not fully appropriated funds for IVG, ING, and MIA/POW for FY2013 – FY2019. Therefore, the College is anticipating funding these scholarships in the amount of \$356,000 with its own revenues. The FY2020 budget includes a transfer in from the Education Fund to cover the costs of these unfunded mandates.

Budgeted Revenues



\$4,378,500

\$80,400,000

State Grant Revenue

Adult Education, Illinois Community College Board \$1,659,350 Provides support for instruction and administration of Adult Education, Literacy, ESL, and GED courses.

Other State Grants

Federal Government

Student Financial Aid - Federal

This represents student financial assistance such as Department of Education Pell Grants, Special Education Opportunity Grants, and College Work Study. The largest portions are \$21.0 million for Pell Grants.

Federal Grant Revenue

Carl Perkins, Department of Education \$1,403,193 Provides support to improve student achievement and prepares students for postsecondary education, furthering learning and careers.

Adult Education and Family Literacy, Department of Education \$879,640 Provides support for instruction and administration of Adult Education, Literacy, English as a Second Language, and General Education Degree courses.

Military Award Programs

These awards provide educational assistance to service members, veterans, and their dependents.

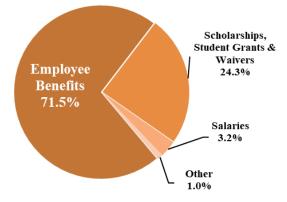
Other Federal Grants

Other federal grants include Procurement Technical Assistance Center and Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity grants.

Expenditures

Expenditures budgeted and incurred in the Restricted Purposes Fund are dictated generally by the grant revenues that are awarded to the College. The changes noted above in the FY2020 budgeted revenue categories have a direct relationship on the total budgeted expenditures for FY2020. A summary of the major expenditure categories in the Restricted Purposes Fund is shown in the chart to the right.

Budgeted Expenditures



\$102,518

\$1,761,868

\$22,100,000

\$3,821,287

\$553.454

115

\$985.000

RESTRICTED PURPOSES FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	 FY2020 Budget		
Revenues					
State Government	\$ 79,940,806	\$ 85,938,487	\$ 86,540,368		
Federal Government	26,286,540	24,919,933	25,921,287		
Student Tuition and Fees	80,693	84,170	73,377		
Non-Government Gifts, Grants	185,759	 160,775	 163,827		
Total Revenues	106,493,798	 111,103,365	 112,698,859		
Expenditures					
Instruction	42,657,722	49,099,818	49,301,804		
Academic Support	4,750,144	4,472,341	4,472,341		
Student Services	7,333,978	8,059,497	8,116,529		
Public Service	1,436,064	1,470,038	1,503,685		
Independent Operations	2,609,834	2,901,547	2,901,547		
Operations and Maintenance	4,675,161	5,474,082	5,474,082		
General Administration	5,045,891	6,207,366	6,207,366		
General Institutional	6,190,552	7,351,129	7,351,128		
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers	30,642,943	 26,487,547	 27,726,377		
Total Expenditures	105,342,289	 111,523,365	 113,054,859		
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	1,151,509	 (420,000)	 (356,000)		
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)					
Transfer In	307,418	 420,000	 356,000		
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	307,418	 420,000	 356,000		
Surplus / (Deficiency)	1,458,927	 	 		
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	(1,405,496)	 53,431	 		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 53,431	\$ 53,431	\$ 		
¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balances are projected					

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected.

RESTRICTED PURPOSES FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	 FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	 FY2020 Budget
Expenditures			
Salaries	\$ 3,422,423	\$ 3,307,614	\$ 3,581,136
Employee Benefits	69,965,651	80,791,929	80,842,804
Contractual Services	314,238	312,085	330,355
Materials & Supplies	529,814	336,167	286,330
Conferences & Meetings	139,840	221,895	123,473
Capital Outlay	320,825	253,731	248,102
Other	223,968	123,486	186,143
Scholarships, Student Grants & Waivers	 30,425,530	 26,176,459	 27,456,516
Total Expenditures	\$ 105,342,289	\$ 111,523,365	\$ 113,054,859

Bond and Interest Fund

The Bond and Interest Fund is established by Section 3A-1 of the Public Community College Act. The Bond and Interest Fund is used to account for the payment of principal, interest, and related charges on any outstanding long-term debt issued by the College.

SUMMARY

For FY2020, the College is budgeting \$29.3 million for debt service expenditures, which includes \$20.1 million for principal, \$9.3 million for interest, and \$6,000 for fees. The debt service expenditures for FY2020 represent 8.4% of the total budget of the College. The College has structured its debt service expenditures to maintain a level debt service in the Bond and Interest Fund and to minimize annual fluctuations in the amount taxpayers are required to support on their property tax bills.

BOND REFUNDING

Refunding bonds are bonds issued to refinance previously issued capital project bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. In March 2019, the College issued Series 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source) in the amount of \$40.8 million. The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund the College's Series 2009B General Obligation Taxable Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source) resulting in a net present value savings of \$3.1 million.

The College was initially guaranteed a federal rebate on the Build America Bonds of 35% of interest paid; because of a sequester, the College has received between 8.7% and 6.6% less (2013-present) of this promised interest reimbursement.

DEBT RATINGS

The College has Aa1/AA+ bond ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively. Maintenance of these ratings minimizes borrowing costs to the College. On March 14, 2019, Standard & Poor's affirmed its "AA+" bond rating and outlook of "stable" on the College's outstanding general obligation bonds.

S&P cited the College's

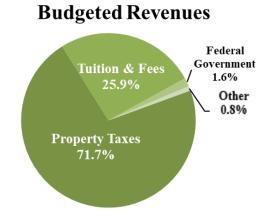
- Very strong incomes and extremely strong market value per capita;
- Very strong financial position with very little reliance on the state of Illinois; and
- Low-to-moderate overall debt burden with limited future capital needs.

Revenues

The Bond and Interest Fund's revenue sources are property taxes and a debt service fee included as part of tuition and fees. The FY2020 debt service fee is \$14.00 per credit hour.

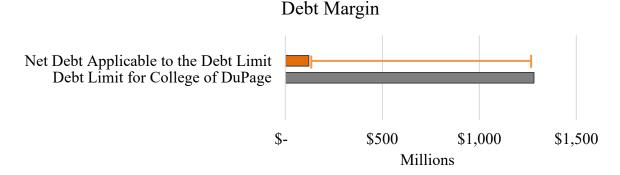
As part of the federal government sequester, the Build America Bond subsidy was reduced by 6.6% for FY2019. The FY2020 budget assumes the same rate.

In November 2010, voters of District 502 approved a referendum that authorized the College to issue up to \$168.0 million in bonds to fund various capital improvements. The College has issued all \$168.0 million of the approved referendum bonds. The first \$84.0 million



was part of Series 2011A issued in August 2011 and the second \$84.0 million was issued as Series 2013A in April 2013.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN



The State of Illinois has established limits on the amount of bonded indebtedness that a local government can have outstanding. Borrowing amounts available below this limit are referenced as the "legal debt margin." For Illinois community colleges, the debt limit is 2.875% of the most current equalized assessed valuation of property within the community college's borders.

Based on the 2018 estimated EAV, the College's outstanding debt cannot exceed \$1.28 billion. The College will have \$128.2 million of net debt outstanding applicable to the limitation, leaving an estimated margin of \$1.15 billion as of June 30, 2019.

The following is calculation of the legal debt margin as of June 30, 2018 and the estimated debt margin of the College as of June 30, 2019. The EAV for the tax year 2017 is based on the final 2017 EAV of the District and the EAV for tax year 2018 is based on the estimated 2018 EAV of the District.

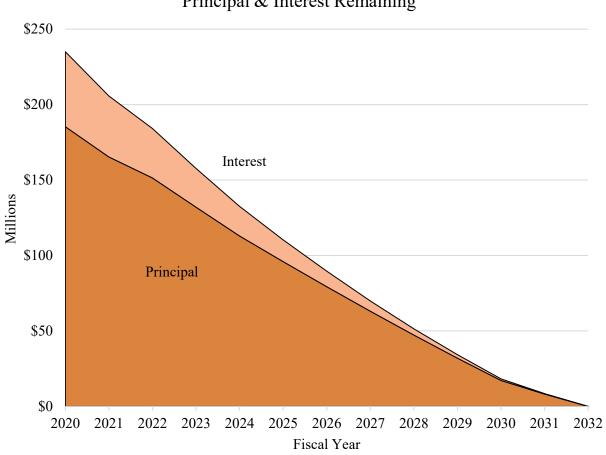
	Tax Year	Tax Year					
	 2017		2018				
Equalized Assesed Valuation (EAV)	\$ 43,277,237,219	\$	44,575,554,336				
Debt Limit Rate	 2.875%		2.875%				
Debt Limit for College of DuPage	\$ 1,244,220,570	\$	1,281,547,187				
Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limit ¹	\$ 141,314,005	\$	128,158,072				
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,102,906,565	\$	1,153,389,115				

¹ Balances include current and non-current portions of Series 2011A, Series 2013A, and Series 2018 bond principal outstanding, less amount available in debt service subfund.

Bonds that are paid back from revenues the College generates (alternate revenue bonds) are excluded from the debt limit calculation. The College has issued bonds that are funded by property taxes and alternative revenues generated by the College. The following table summarizes debt outstanding by the type of payment source as of June 30, 2019:

	Funded by	Funded by	
G.O. Bond Issue	Tax Levy	Alternate Revenues	Totals
Series 2006	\$ -	\$ 1,985,000	\$ 1,985,000
Series 2011 A	45,190,000	-	45,190,000
Series 2011 B	-	6,345,000	6,345,000
Series 2013 A	68,160,000	-	68,160,000
Series 2018	22,920,000	-	22,920,000
Series 2019		40,780,000	40,780,000
Totals	\$ 136,270,000	\$ 49,110,000	\$ 185,380,000

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST SUMMARY



Principal & Interest Remaining

The following table is a summary of principal and interest due by fiscal year for all outstanding bonds. By the end of FY2031, or over the next twelve years, the College will repay 100% of its outstanding debt.

Fiscal Year	Principal		 Interest	 Total
2020	\$	20,060,000	\$ 9,265,953	\$ 29,325,953
2021		13,915,000	7,677,730	21,592,730
2022		19,410,000	7,002,230	26,412,230
2023		19,110,000	6,076,505	25,186,505
2024		16,965,000	5,134,030	22,099,030
2025		16,595,000	4,285,780	20,880,780
2026		16,220,000	3,438,630	19,658,630
2027		15,805,000	2,627,630	18,432,630
2028		15,380,000	1,837,380	17,217,380
2029		14,720,000	1,281,525	16,001,525
2030		9,015,000	709,425	9,724,425
2031		8,185,000	326,975	8,511,975
Total	\$	185,380,000	\$ 49,663,793	\$ 235,043,793

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE LONG - TERM DEBT ANNUAL PRINCIPAL REQUIREMENTS

		Interest						2025-	
General Obligation Bond Issue	Purpose	Rate	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023	 2024	 2031	 Total
Funded by Tax Levy:									
Series 2011A	Refunded Series 2011A, Construction								
	Projects	3.0-3.7%	\$ 2,915,000	\$ 1,840,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 2,905,000	\$ 7,785,000	\$ 29,020,000	\$ 45,190,000
Series 2013A	Construction Projects	3.15-5.0%	4,350,000	4,565,000	4,795,000	4,995,000	5,240,000	44,215,000	68,160,000
Series 2018	Refunded Series 2007	4.0-5.0%	7,430,000	2,065,000	8,190,000	5,235,000	-	-	22,920,000
Total Funded by Tax Levy			\$ 14,695,000	\$ 8,470,000	\$ 13,710,000	\$ 13,135,000	\$ 13,025,000	\$ 73,235,000	\$ 136,270,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds:									
Series 2006	Partially Refunded Series 2003B	3.75-4.00%	\$ 1,985,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,985,000
Series 2011B	Refunded Series 2003B	4.0-4.75%	-	2,025,000	2,110,000	2,210,000	-	-	6,345,000
Series 2019	Refunded Series 2009B	3.0-5.0%	3,380,000	3,420,000	3,590,000	3,765,000	3,940,000	22,685,000	40,780,000
Total Alternate Revenue Bonds	i		\$ 5,365,000	\$ 5,445,000	\$ 5,700,000	\$ 5,975,000	\$ 3,940,000	\$ 22,685,000	\$ 49,110,000
Total Principal			\$ 20,060,000	\$ 13,915,000	\$ 19,410,000	\$ 19,110,000	\$ 16,965,000	\$ 95,920,000	\$ 185,380,000

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE LONG - TERM DEBT ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

General Obligation Bond Issue	Purpose	Interest Rate	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025- 2031	Total
Funded by Tax Levy:			 	 	 	 	 	 	
Series 2011A	Refunded Series 2011A, Construction								
	Projects	3.0-3.7%	\$ 5,182,800	\$ 3,962,050	\$ 2,755,050	\$ 4,899,800	\$ 9,634,550	\$ 33,412,200	\$ 59,846,450
Series 2013A	Construction Projects	3.15-5.0%	7,385,980	7,383,480	7,385,230	7,383,980	7,386,730	51,700,595	88,625,995
Series 2018	Refunded Series 2007	4.0-5.0%	 8,576,000	 2,839,500	 8,861,250	 5,496,750	 -	 -	 25,773,500
Total Funded by Tax Levy			\$ 21,144,780	\$ 14,185,030	\$ 19,001,530	\$ 17,780,530	\$ 17,021,280	\$ 85,112,795	\$ 174,245,945
Alternate Revenue Bonds:									
Series 2006	Partially Refunded Series 2003B	3.75-4.00%	\$ 2,060,430	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,060,430
Series 2009B	Construction Projects	3.75-5.75%	1,193,451	-	-	-	-	-	-
Series 2011B	Refunded Series 2003B	4.0-4.75%	286,200	2,311,200	2,315,200	2,314,975	-	-	7,227,575
Series 2019	Refunded Series 2009B	3.0-5.0%	 4,641,092	 5,096,500	 5,095,500	 5,091,000	 5,077,750	 25,314,550	 50,316,392
Total Alternate Revenue Bonds			\$ 8,181,173	\$ 7,407,700	\$ 7,410,700	\$ 7,405,975	\$ 5,077,750	\$ 25,314,550	\$ 60,797,848
Total Debt Service			\$ 29,325,953	\$ 21,592,730	\$ 26,412,230	\$ 25,186,505	\$ 22,099,030	\$ 110,427,345	\$ 235,043,793

BOND & INTEREST FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Local Property Taxes	\$ 27,631,357	\$ 21,848,105	\$ 17,656,265
Federal Government	867,125	892,612	390,000
Student Tuition and Fees	6,829,085	6,735,886	6,381,822
Interest	238,755	100,000	210,000
Total Revenues	35,566,322	29,576,603	24,638,087
Expenditures - General Institutional			
Principal Payments			
General Obligation Bonds			
Series 2007	12,775,000	-	-
Series 2011A	5,025,000	3,935,000	2,915,000
Series 2013A	5,115,000	4,180,000	4,350,000
Series 2018		7,140,000	7,430,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds	22,915,000	15,255,000	14,695,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds			
Series 2006	1,840,000	1,910,000	1,985,000
Series 2009B	3,625,000	3,730,000	-
Series 2019			3,380,000
Subtotal Alternate Revenue Bonds	5,465,000	5,640,000	5,365,000
Total Principal Payments	28,380,000	20,895,000	20,060,000
Interest Payments			
General Obligation Bonds			
Series 2007	1,752,288	-	-
Series 2011A	2,715,800	2,464,550	2,267,800
Series 2013A	3,458,930	3,203,180	3,035,980
Series 2018	246,554	1,431,600	1,146,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds	8,173,572	7,099,330	6,449,780
Alternate Revenue Bonds			
Series 2006	217,010	148,010	75,430
Series 2009B	2,736,396	2,568,740	1,193,451
Series 2009B	286,200	286,200	286,200
Series 2019	-	-	1,261,092
Subtotal Alternate Revenue Bonds	3,239,606	3,002,950	2,816,173
Total Interest Payments	11,413,178	10,102,280	9,265,953
Other	1,850	506,000	6,000
Total Expenditures	39,795,028	31,503,280	29,331,953
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(4,228,706)	(1,926,677)	(4,693,866)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds Premium on Bonds	30,060,000 2,606,409	-	-
Premium on Bonds Payment to Refunding Agent	(32,375,000)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	291,409		
Surplus / (Deficiency)	(3,937,297)	(1,926,677)	(4,693,866)
		(1,720,077)	(1,025,000)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	14,148,292	10,210,995	8,111,928
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 10,210,995	\$ 8,284,318	\$ 3,418,062
¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balance is projected			

¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected.

Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund

The Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund ("Construction Fund") is established by Section 3-14 of the Illinois Public Community College Act. This fund is used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of funds for building purposes and site acquisition not to exceed an amount equal to five percent of the District's equalized assessed valuation. Building bond proceeds are also accounted for in this fund.

Expenditures in this fund are commonly referred to as non-recurring capital expenditures and relate to projects which often take more than a year to complete and, once placed in service, may cause an increase in operating expenditure due to additional maintenance, utility, and custodial costs.

Projects within this fund are placed in the following construction categories:

- <u>New buildings</u> construction of new buildings including furnishings.
- <u>Building renovations</u> major renovations to existing buildings.
- <u>Infrastructure</u> major renovations to vital campus infrastructure to reduce operating, maintenance, and energy costs, and to provide for a healthier user environment.
- <u>Site and ground improvements</u> landscaping and sidewalks, paths, and streets for safe and efficient pedestrian/vehicle circulation.

Capitalization Policy Thresholds:

Effective July 1, 2017, the following capitalization thresholds are used by the College:

As	set	Dollar Threshold	Useful Life (Years)
٠	Buildings	\$100,000	50
٠	Building Improvements	\$50,000	20
٠	Land Improvements	\$50,000	20
•	Infrastructure	\$50,000	20
•	Equipment	\$5,000	6
•	Vehicles	\$5,000	4
•	Computer Equipment	\$5,000	4
•	Land	All	indefinite

Revenues

The primary source of funding for the Construction Fund is bond proceeds from voterapproved referendums. Other sources of funding include income from the investment of bond proceeds, student construction fee, grants from the State of Illinois, and transfers from the General Fund. Several state grant applications are pending funding appropriation from the state.

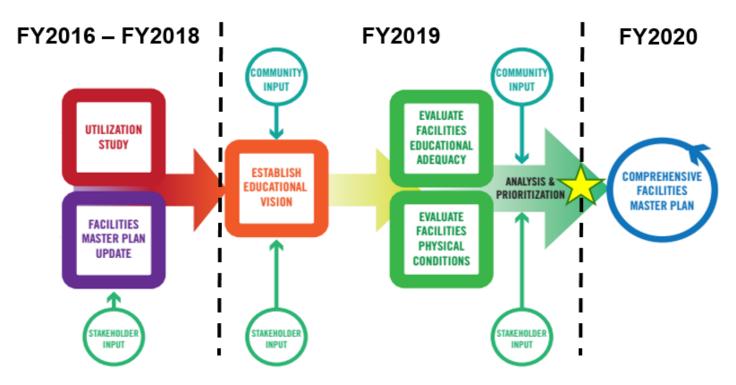
Student Construction Fee

Students are charged a \$7.00 construction fee as part of overall tuition and fees.

To maintain flexibility and continue to fund both construction and capital maintenance projects, the COD Board provided management with the flexibility to allocate these funds as needed between the Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund. The total \$7.00 construction fee is expected to generate \$3.3 million in revenues in FY2020.

The allocation of the fee for FY2020 will be \$2.20 per credit hour (\$1.0 million) to the Operations & Maintenance Restricted Fund and \$4.80 per credit hour (\$2.2 million) to the Operations & Maintenance Fund.

Facilities Master Plan (FMP):



The College is required to provide the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) with an updated District Site and Construction Master Plan. The College refers to this long-term planning document as the Facilities Master Plan (FMP). The purpose of the plan is to inform the ICCB of possible primary site new construction and secondary site acquisition/construction plans for the next five to ten years throughout the district.

FY2016 - Facilities Master Plan Update

The Master Plan Update provides an overview of the basic demographics on campus and identifies challenges. The goals were as follows:

- Illustrate and quantify physical site and building changes on campus since 2010 when the previous master plan update was completed.
- Create a physical framework plan that provides a foundation for future master planning and decision-making addressing campus growth.
- Define programmatic space needs that the College may need in the near future that may be required to expand academic program offerings.
- Identify transportation, parking, and infrastructure needs.

FY2017 - Utilization Study - Space Needs Analysis

In a continued effort to provide quality education, a space needs analysis was conducted in order to examine the space needs of the College. A list of physical spaces was gathered and organized by geographic area. The list included a wide range of different space types including academic classrooms, teaching labs, student support and student life spaces, and offices among others. The overarching space use ideas were as follows:

- Unify east and west campuses into a "one campus" feeling.
- Increase amenities, support services, and learning environments on west campus to build a critical mass of activity and optimize land use.
- Relocate some program and/or administrative areas from the SRC/BIC/HSC to west campus to enable backfill opportunities for learning environments on east campus.

FY2019 - Comprehensive Master Plan

In FY2019, the College completed its comprehensive facilities master plan. The development of the plan was a collaborative effort with the Master Plan Advisory Task Force and the Facilities Master Plan Advisory Committee. The plan was presented to the community, senior management team, and the Board of Trustees for review and approval. The plan will be reviewed on an annual basis with changes recommended based on input from students and the community and College needs. Included in this plan are goals, principals, an existing condition assessment, space needs identifications, learning environment recommendations, land use, and infrastructure planning. Taken as a composite, these elements form the 'roadmap' to guide the College into the future.

Influences Shaping the Master Plan:

- *Pathways Initiative*-Pathways is an initiative that rethinks the traditional approach to student success by collecting data, evaluating student behavior, and improving one-on-one support services and enhancing learning resources.
- *Strategic Long Range Plan*-The master plan aligns with the College's current strategic plan by making physical planning recommendations that support our institutions strategic goals and objectives.
- *Academic Excellence*-The College continues to invest in academic excellence by switching to a Provost model, evolving its science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) curriculum, continuing to invest in state-of-the-art classrooms, and becoming a Pathways-driven institution.
- *Changes in Technology*-In order to accommodate more technologically driven students, the campus has a strong WiFi backbone, seamless connectivity, and fully integrated technology in classrooms, labs, and study spaces.
- *Competition*-Without effective planning, colleges could lose out to competition. This master plan is not just influenced by competitors, but motivated to continue COD's reputation as the best-in-class, first choice community college.
- *Physical Connections on Campus*-There is a need to recommit to improving outdoor pedestrian connections resulting from the stark east-west divide on campus, increase development of new facilities on the west side of campus and improve Lambert Road for pedestrians.
- *Focus on Retention*-Related to Pathways, the need to focus on retention is directly related to student success and enrollment growth.
- *Utilization of Resources*-This master plan seeks ways to best use what the College already has by identifying ways the College can better utilize future resources.

FY2020 Construction Projects

The following sections provide detailed information on the future construction projects, organized by their respective funding sources. In FY2020, the majority of the construction budget will be used to support the recommendations of the Facilities Master Plan and renovate existing college facilities.

			Anticipated		
Const	ruction Project	Construction Category	Completion Date:	B	udget FY2020
005	Emerging Projects	Building Renovations	FY2020	\$	4,000,000
050	Center Student Success-Pathway Perm.	Building Renovations	FY2020		3,000,000
033	Institutional Resource Center	Building Renovations	FY2020		2,600,000
045	Cleve Carney Museum of Art Expansion	Building Renovations	FY2020		2,471,000
036	BIC Academic Space Conversion	Building Renovations	FY2020		1,900,000
039	HEC Emergency Generator	Building Renovations	FY2020		850,000
051	Academic Affairs Suite Remodel	Building Renovations	FY2020		350,000
047	BIC Stem Pilot-Classroom Remodel	Building Renovations	FY2020		300,000
024	Innovation DuPage Renovation	Building Renovations	FY2020		250,000
053	PE Arena Scoreboard	Building Renovations	FY2020		200,000
032	PE Switchgear Site	Building Renovations	FY2020		90,000
052	PE Office Remodel	Building Renovations	FY2020		75,000
046	SRC 1144 Pathway Temp Space	Building Renovations	FY2020		50,000
027	SSC 2200 Equipment Replacement	Building Renovations	FY2020		20,000
		В	udgeted Expenditure Total	\$	16,156,000
		Use of Fund Balance / Unsper	nt Bond Proceeds	\$	14,897,142
		Student Construction Fee (\$2.	20 per credit hour)		1,002,858
		Investment Income			256,000
			Funding Sources Total	\$	16,156,000

FY2020 Budget for Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund (03):

Construction Impact on FY2020 Operating and Maintenance (Fund 02) Budget:

After major renovations, the following buildings were placed in service in FY2014 and completed in FY2015: Student Resource Center (SRC), McAninch Arts Center (MAC), the Physical Education Center (PEC), and the Campus Maintenance Center (CMC). In FY2016, one new building, the Homeland Security Center, Phase II, was placed into service.

As a result of these new buildings, the College has incurred incremental costs in its operating and maintenance budget related to insurance, utilities, and maintenance and custodial services. These expenditure increases have become a permanent part of the annual budget.

The FY2020 construction projects are primarily renovations to existing college spaces and are expected to result in reducing future maintenance expenditures.

The financial impact of construction on the operating budget is monitored on an ongoing basis throughout the year. In addition to providing for the needs of the students, the emphasis has been placed on savings through energy efficiencies and reduced maintenance requirements.

Detailed Descriptions of FY2020 Projects - Fund 03:

OTH	IER CONSTRUCTION:	
024	Innovation DuPage Renovation	Renovating the Glen Ellyn Civic Center. Purpose: To provide space for the Innovation DuPage cooperative venture <i>FY2020 Budget - \$250,000 Total Project Cost - \$2,924,500</i>
027	SSC 2200 Equipment Replacement	Equipment Replacement.Purpose: to replace various pieces of equipment in SSC 2200.FY2020 Budget - \$20,000Total Project Cost - \$163,722
032	PE Switchgear Site	Investigation/Correction of a Drainage Issue.Purpose: Eliminate the causes of significant amounts of water leaking into the main electrical switchgear room serving the Physical Education Center.FY2020 Budget - \$90,000Total Project Cost - \$97,260
033	Institutional Resource Center	Institutional Resource Center remodel (formerly Beem Building). Purpose: Repurpose the early childcare building for administrative service departments. <i>FY2020 Budget - \$2,600,000 Total Project Cost - \$7,940,499</i>
036	BIC-Academic Space Conversion	Renovation of space in the BIC.Purpose: Optimize backfill remodeling of those spaces formerlyoccupied by the new tenants of the Beem Building.FY2020 Budget - \$1,900,000Total Project Cost - \$3,092,211
039	HEC Emergency Generator	Creation of Emergency Generator. Purpose: Enable HEC to be utilized as the College's back-up operations facility in the event that a natural disaster disables the east campus. <i>FY2020 Budget - \$850,000</i> Total Project Cost - \$1,050,000
045	Cleve Carney Museum of Art Expansion	Expansion of Cleve Carney Museum of Art.Purpose: Provide additional space needed for future events.FY2020 Budget - \$2,471,000Total Project Cost - \$2,500,000
046	SRC 1144 Pathway Temp Space	Creation of Temporary Space. Purpose: To convert existing space to house the new Student Services Support Center. <i>FY2020 Budget - \$50,000 Total Project Cost - \$150,000</i>
047	BIC Stem Pilot-Classroom Remodel	Classroom Remodel.Purpose: To create a space for the STEM Pilot Program.FY2020 Budget - \$300,000Total Project Cost - \$300,000
050	Center Student Success (Pathway Permanent)	Renovation and Expansion of Student Success Center.Purpose: To provide permanent space for Pathway NavigatorsFY2020 Budget - \$3,000,000Total Project Cost - \$3,000,000

Remodel of Academic Affairs Suite.							
- \$350,000							
\$75,000							
oreboards.							
\$200,000							
New Projects Arising During FY20. Purpose: Budget to enable College to respond to programmatic							
and operational needs that were not anticipated in the annual budget.							
st - \$4,000,000							
5 0							

FY2020 budget by construction category:

		Architectural	New	Building	Equipment	Equipment	
Project Nos./Description		Services	Buildings	Remodeling	Office	Service	Total
005	Emerging Projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,000,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,000,000
024	Innovation DuPage Renovation	-	-	250,000	-	-	250,000
027	SSC 2200 Equipment Replacement	-	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
032	PE Switchgear Site	-	-	90,000	-	-	90,000
033	Administrative Annex	150,000	-	2,150,000	300,000	-	2,600,000
036	BIC Academic Space Conversion	40,000	-	1,560,000	300,000	-	1,900,000
039	HEC Emergency Generator	20,000	-	130,000	-	700,000	850,000
045	Cleve Carney Gallery Expansion	150,000	-	2,071,000	250,000	-	2,471,000
046	SRC 1144 Pathway Temp Space	-	-	20,000	30,000	-	50,000
047	BIC Stem Pilot-Classroom Remodel	30,000	-	130,000	140,000	-	300,000
050	Center Student Success-Pathway Perm.	100,000	-	2,600,000	300,000	-	3,000,000
051	Academic Affairs Suite Remodel	-	-	300,000	50,000	-	350,000
052	PE Office Remodel	-	-	75,000	-	-	75,000
053	PE Arena Scoreboard	-	-	-	200,000	-	200,000
	Tota	1 \$ 490,000	\$-	\$ 13,376,000	\$ 1,590,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 16,156,000

OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE RESTRICTED FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget	
Revenues				
State Government	\$ 1,124,633	\$ -	\$ -	
Student Tuition and Fees	1,072,728	1,058,496	1,002,858	
Interest	277,691	100,000	256,000	
Total Revenues	2,475,051	1,158,496	1,258,858	
Expenditures				
General Institutional	2,572,055	21,791,338	16,156,000	
Total Expenditures	2,572,055	21,791,338	16,156,000	
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(97,004)	(20,632,842)	(14,897,142)	
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)				
Transfer In / (Out)		3,000,000	7,500,000	
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		3,000,000	7,500,000	
Surplus / (Deficiency)	(97,004)	(17,632,842)	(7,397,142)	
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	20,936,392	20,839,388	11,062,546	
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 20,839,388</u>	\$ 3,206,546	\$ 3,665,404	
¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected				

¹ *The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected.*

OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE RESTRICTED FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	FY2018 Actual		FY2019 Budget		FY2020 Budget	
Expenditures						
Contractual Services	\$	356,713	\$	1,315,080	\$	490,000
Capital Outlay		2,215,343		20,476,258		15,666,000
Total Expenditures	\$	2,572,055	\$	21,791,338	\$	16,156,000

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund

The Auxiliary Enterprises Fund is used to record revenues and expenditures related to providing services to students, faculty, staff, and the general public for which a fee is charged that is directly related to the services provided. The intent is that this fund will be self-supporting and that the fee will cover the cost of the service, although this is not always the case.

- ICCB Definition:
 - Established by Section 3-31.1 of the Public Community College Act.
 - Accounts for college services where a fee is charged to students/staff and the activity is intended to be self-supporting. Each enterprise/service should be accounted for separately using a group of self-balancing accounts within the fund. Examples of accounts in this fund include food services and student stores.
- College of DuPage / GAAP Definition:
 - The Auxiliary Enterprises Fund is used to record revenues and expenditures related to providing services to students, faculty, staff, and the general public for which a fee is charged that is directly related to the service provided. The intent is that this fund be self-supporting and that any fees will cover the costs of the services.

Each activity is accounted for similar to that of a private business enterprise. Food Service, the Bookstore, the Courier, the McAninch Art Center (MAC), WDCB Radio, and Continuing Education are examples of activities residing in the Auxiliary Enterprises Fund. In FY2014, the Chaparral Fitness Center opened in the newly renovated Physical Education Building and operates as an auxiliary unit. The total amount of revenues budgeted for FY2020 is \$13.4 million; total amount of expenditures is \$14.7 million resulting in a net deficiency of \$1.3 million. The FY2020 budget also includes operating transfers into the Chaparral Fitness Center, Courier, and the MAC. The Bookstore and Food Services departments have budgeted transfers out to support college operations if needed. The following is a selected list of activities in the Auxiliary Enterprise Fund:

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund Surplus / (Deficiency)											
FY 2020 Budget											
FY2020 Beginning				Surplus /	Transfer In /	FY2020 Ending Fund					
Subfund	Fund Balance	Revenues	Expenditures	(Deficiency)	(Out)	Balance					
Continuing Education	\$ 1,362,928	\$ 4,994,000	5,432,156	\$ (438,156)	\$ -	\$ 924,772					
The MAC	527,555	2,178,821	2,858,927	(680,106)	470,000	317,449					
Frida Kahlo Exhibit	-	1,604,705	2,562,600	(957,895)	-	(957,895)					
WDCB Radio	2,936,691	1,355,500	1,663,486	(307,986)	-	2,628,705					
Field Studies	30,544	1,325,000	1,317,550	7,450	-	37,994					
Bookstore	6,815,543	950,000	-	950,000	(950,000)	6,815,543					
Chaparral Fitness	176,032	194,000	423,584	(229,584)	229,600	176,048					
Food Service	1,319,804	237,500	24,500	213,000	(200,000)	1,332,804					
Courier	247,885	100,000	135,612	(35,612)	30,000	242,273					
Other	436,638	484,200	301,458	182,742		619,380					
	\$ 13,853,620	\$ 13,423,726	\$ 14,719,873	\$ (1,296,147)	\$ (420,400)	\$ 12,137,073					

Continuing Education

There are over 35 departments under the banner of Continuing Education (CE) organized into three main divisions: Business Solutions, Youth Academy, and Adult Enrichment. CE provides both credit and non-credit classes. Some of the CE course offerings include Suburban Law Enforcement Academy, which provides training for law enforcement personnel; Business Solutions, which provides continuing professional education for such areas as healthcare, real estate, commercial driver's licensure, and project management; High School, which provides recovery or enrichment credit to high school students at local area high schools; Kids Off Campus, which provides summer youth programs for children aged 6 to12, including an all-day camp, enrichment courses, academic offerings, field trips, physical education, and art. In comparison to FY2019, the FY2020 revenues for Continuing Education are projected to decrease by 2.3%. Expenditures are projected to decrease by 1.6%.

The MAC

The McAninch Arts Center (MAC) houses and manages all the performances for the College. The three major components of the art center consist of direct performing events both by internal performers and hired artists (New Philharmonic); the operations and building upgrades (Friends of MAC, MAC Operations, MAC Rentals); and MAC Touring shows. The MAC seeks to cover its own operating costs. However, its mission is to provide opportunities and venues for the College's students and local population to experience art and culture. As with most performing arts programs, contributions are required from donors for operations to break even. Operating transfers of \$470,000 are allocated to the MAC to provide funding for the Buffalo Theater, New Philharmonic, Lakeside Pavilion Summer Concert Series, and to allow discounted ticketing for students. Revenues of the MAC are projected to decrease in FY2020 by \$198,000 to bring them more in line with prior year revenue trends. The expenditure budget has remained flat compared to the FY2019 budget.

Frida Kahlo Exhibit

The College will be hosting a historic and extraordinary cultural event in the summer of 2020: an exhibition that includes over one hundred million dollars in rare and valuable Frida Kahlo art. The FY2020 budget provides the necessary funding to operate the event. The projected FY2020 deficit is expected to be offset by the event revenues coming in the first quarter of FY2021 because the event crosses fiscal years.

WDCB Radio

WDCB is a broadcast outreach service of College of DuPage which reaches a vast audience through cultural and public affairs programming. WDCB's weekly listenership of well over 100,000 extends from District 502 throughout the entire Chicago metro area and also includes more than 10,000 weekly listeners across the country and overseas via web audio streaming. In comparison to FY2019, the FY2020 budgeted revenues of the radio station are projected to increase by 1.9%. Expenditures are also projected to increase by 2.9%.

Field Studies

Field Studies offers credit courses that combine classroom work with field experiences. Classes are experience-based and faculty-led. Courses include Arts and Culture, Interdisciplinary Learning Communities, Outdoor Adventure, and Science and Nature. The courses vary from local to

international destinations. Study Abroad courses immerse the student in culture and language of the host country.

Bookstore

The Bookstore offers textbooks, supplies, COD logo gifts, and sundry items for sale. The Bookstore is operated by an outside vendor, Follett Higher Education Group. Under the terms of this agreement, the service provider agrees to operate the bookstore facility and pay the College a minimum of \$950,000 in FY2020. FY2020 expenditures are expected to decrease due to a recent property tax reassessment. The Bookstore commissions are driven by student purchases and thus are being invested back into student programming.

Chaparral Fitness Center

The Chaparral Fitness Center opened its doors in January 2014. Students and community members have access to the 11,000 square-foot fitness center; the eight-lane, 25-yard lap pool; as well as personal and group fitness training. Fitness lab membership is \$35 a month/\$396 annually for community members and \$26 a month/\$288 annually for seniors. Full-time students receive membership to the club as part of their tuition. FY2020 revenues of the fitness center have decreased \$96,000 because the prior year student activity fee allocations have been changed to an operating transfer beginning in FY2020. FY2020 expenditures are projected to increase due to capital purchases in FY2020.

Food Service

Food Service includes both cafeteria and vending services. The cafeteria provides breakfast, lunch, and dinner throughout the academic year. The cafeteria offers branded food options to students, including Subway, Chick-fil-A, and Starbucks. In addition to providing food services on campus, Sodexo provides catering for special events on campus. The College earns revenue as a commission that is based on a 50/50 split of the vendor's profits each year.

Vending services are provided by Pepsi and Canteen at all campus facilities. Vending machines are located at numerous places throughout the campus and are accessible on a continuous basis whenever the buildings are open. The machines offer a variety of traditional and new age beverages, coffee, sandwiches, and snack items including candy, chips, and other popular snack items. The College earns revenue from a commission that is based on a percentage of the sales of the vendors.

Courier

The Courier is a student newspaper which is published weekly throughout the fall and spring semesters (27 issues total). Revenue is generated from advertising sales and a portion of the student activity fee. In FY2020, a \$30,000 operating transfer has been allocated to the Auxiliary Enterprises Fund in order to support expenditures for the Courier. Expenditures include stipends to students, printing, and other supplies.

Auxiliary Enterprises Fund Financial Information

Activity	 FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget			
Continuing Education	\$ 4,663,863	\$ 5,110,000	\$ 4,994,000			
The MAC	2,085,849	2,376,706	2,178,821			
Frida Kahlo Exhibit	-	-	1,604,705			
WDCB Radio	1,175,001	1,330,500	1,355,500			
Field Studies	1,104,125	1,325,000	1,325,000			
Bookstore	1,079,406	1,250,000	950,000			
Other	190,388	359,200	484,200			
Food Service	223,804	237,500	237,500			
Chaparral Fitness	260,123	290,405	194,000			
Courier	109,462	120,000	100,000			
	\$ 10,892,021	\$ 12,399,311	\$ 13,423,726			

Revenues

Expenditures

Activity		FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget		FY2020 Budget			
Continuing Education	\$	4,549,427	\$ 5,522,122	\$	5,432,156			
The MAC		2,288,833	2,826,994		2,858,927			
Frida Kahlo Exhibit		-	-		2,562,600			
WDCB Radio		1,234,049	1,616,415		1,663,486			
Field Studies		1,118,879	1,317,550		1,317,550			
Chaparral Fitness		297,270	355,644		423,584			
Other		43,671	293,695		301,458			
Courier		94,243	144,835		135,612			
Food Service		51,750	39,944		24,500			
Bookstore		87,047	 51,599		-			
	<u>\$</u>	9,765,169	\$ 12,168,798	<u>\$</u>	14,719,873			

The amounts in the tables above represent only Auxiliary Enterprises Fund activity for these business units. The MAC and Continuing Education incur costs in other College funds as well.

COLLEGE OF DuPAGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NUMBER 502

AUXILIARY ENTERPRISES FUND FY2020 BUDGET

	 FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 5,981,559	\$ 6,535,000	\$ 6,217,000
Sales and Service Fees	3,040,082	3,660,855	4,445,905
Facilities Rental	378,931	390,300	310,800
Interest	155,895	65,000	190,000
Non-Government Gifts, Grants	1,144,821	1,498,156	2,010,021
Other	 190,733	 250,000	 250,000
Total Revenues	 10,892,021	 12,399,311	 13,423,726
Expenditures			
Independent Operations	8,531,120	10,552,383	13,056,387
General Institutional	 1,234,049	 1,616,415	 1,663,486
Total Expenditures	 9,765,169	 12,168,798	 14,719,873
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	 1,126,852	 230,513	 (1,296,147)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)			
Transfer In	-	-	729,600
Transfer (Out)	-	(1,395,957)	(1,150,000)
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	 	 (1,395,957)	 (420,400)
Surplus / (Deficiency)	1,126,852	(1,165,444)	(1,716,547)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	 11,036,446	 12,163,298	 13,853,620
Ending Fund Balance ¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balances are projected	\$ 12,163,298	\$ 10,997,854	\$ 12,137,073

COLLEGE OF DuPAGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NUMBER 502

AUXILIARY ENTERPRISES FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FY2020 BUDGET

	 FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	 FY2020 Budget
Expenditures			
Salaries	\$ 5,071,423	\$ 5,628,287	\$ 5,720,819
Employee Benefits	570,824	649,946	632,326
Contractual Services	1,175,263	1,900,603	2,888,295
Materials & Supplies	1,113,297	1,594,427	2,933,535
Conference & Meeting	1,202,412	1,521,433	1,584,972
Fixed Charges	268,605	228,847	127,300
Utilities	1,076	3,600	1,600
Capital Outlay	59,101	30,000	189,147
Other	 303,168	 611,655	 641,879
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,765,169	\$ 12,168,798	\$ 14,719,873

Working Cash Fund

The Working Cash Fund is established by Chapter 110, Act 805, Section 3-33.1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. This fund was first established without voter approval by resolution of the Board of Trustees for the purpose of enabling the district to have on-hand at all times sufficient cash to meet the demands for ordinary and necessary expenditures. This fund is used to account for the proceeds of working cash bonds. Bonds were issued on May 1, 1983 in the amount of \$5 million to supplement the \$3 million that previously existed in the Working Cash Fund; the 1983 bonds have been repaid. Additional bonds may not be issued without voter approval.

The Working Cash Fund is used as a source of working capital by other funds. The monies in the Working Cash Fund are used to make temporary loans to funds that are in need of cash. Any working cash loans to other funds are to be repaid by the end of the fiscal year.

Payments for the principal or interest of working cash bonds should be made from within the Bond and Interest Fund. At this time, the College has no working cash bonds outstanding.

The budget for FY2020 consists of investment income and bank and investment fees. The investment earnings are kept in this fund to achieve growth in the fund balance.

	FY2018 Actual	FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget
Revenues			
Investment Income	\$ 105,915	\$ 65,000	\$ 120,000
Expenditures			
Contractual Services	 -	 7,000	 7,000
Surplus / (Deficiency)	\$ 105,915	\$ 58,000	\$ 113,000

COLLEGE OF DuPAGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NUMBER 502

WORKING CASH FUND FY2020 BUDGET

		FY2018 Actual	 FY2019 Budget	FY2020 Budget		
Revenues						
Interest	\$	105,915	\$ 65,000	\$	120,000	
Total Revenues		105,915	 65,000		120,000	
Expenditures						
General Administration			 7,000		7,000	
Total Expenditures		-	 7,000		7,000	
Surplus / (Deficiency)		105,915	 58,000		113,000	
Beginning Fund Balance ¹		8,455,152	 8,561,067		8,666,982	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	8,561,067	\$ 8,619,067	\$	8,779,982	
¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balances are projected	J					

IV. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLAN SECTION

Values:

Honesty – We expect truthfulness and trustworthiness.

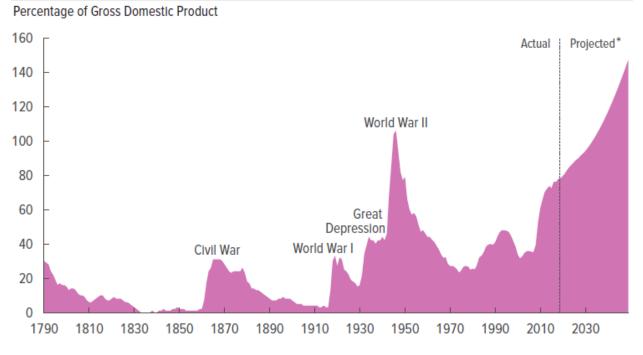
FY2020-2024 Financial Plan

The purpose of this FY2020-2024 Financial Plan ("Plan") is to create a framework which allows the Board of Trustees, Administration, and Strategic Long Range Planning Committee to examine the implications of the major financial decisions that must be made to protect the overall financial strength of the College. The Plan is developed using the most current information available for enrollment, assessed property values in the District, state and federal budget conditions, economic trends, current College spending patterns, and future College program needs. With input from the Cabinet, assumptions are made for the next five years about projected revenues and expenditures. The Plan is prepared for the General, Debt Service, Construction, Auxiliary Enterprises, and Working Cash Funds.

The Plan reflects the challenges presented by the national and state economies and their effect on the College's finances. The College has three primary sources of General Fund revenue: tuition and fees, local property taxes, and state support.

National Outlook

In their May 2019 economic release, the Congressional Budget Office ("CBO") discussed the federal deficit and national debt:



Federal Debt Held by the Public

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Debt Held by the Public Is Projected to Approach 150 Percent of GDP

"Federal debt held by the public is projected to reach \$16.6 trillion at the end of 2019. Relative to the size of the economy, that amount—at 78 percent of GDP—would be nearly twice its average over the past 50 years. By 2029, debt is estimated to reach \$28.7 trillion, or 93 percent of GDP—a higher level than at any time since just after World War II. It would continue to grow after 2029, reaching about 150 percent of GDP by 2049.

Consequences of Growing Debt

Such high and rising debt would have significant negative consequences, both for the economy and for the federal budget, including these:

• As interest rates continue to rise toward more typical levels, federal spending on interest payments would increase substantially.

• Because federal borrowing reduces national saving over time, the nation's capital stock ultimately would be smaller, and productivity and total wages would be lower than would be the case if the debt was smaller.

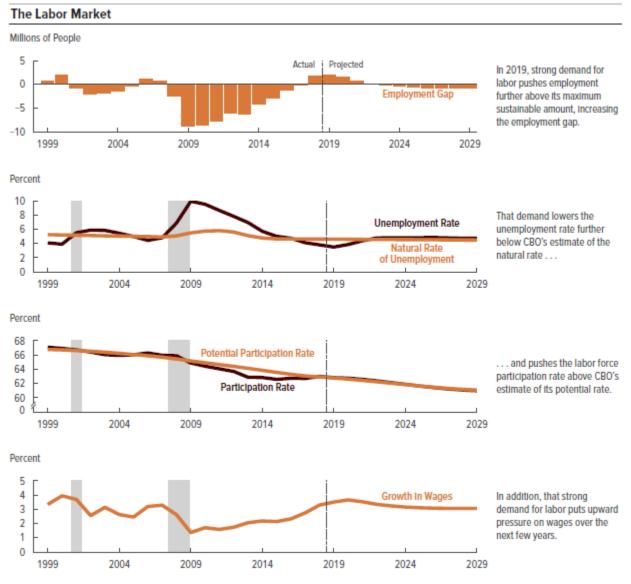
• Lawmakers would have less flexibility than otherwise to use tax and spending policies to respond to unexpected challenges.

• The likelihood of a fiscal crisis in the United States would increase. Specifically, the risk would rise of investors being unwilling to finance the government's borrowing unless they were compensated with very high interest rates. If that occurred, interest rates on federal debt would rise suddenly and sharply relative to rates of return on other assets."

As our federal government's interest payments increase over time and national savings decrease, our legislators will have less flexibility with tax dollars which could result in income tax increases or a reduction in a higher education expenditure category to cover increased spending elsewhere resulting in potential or current students finding it more difficult to pursue higher education.

Labor Market Analysis

As stated in *The Budget and Economic Outlook FY2019 to 2029*, many developments, such as unexpected changes in international conditions, business confidence, or underlying productivity growth, could make economic outcomes differ significantly from CBO's projections. Recent and prospective changes in U.S. trade policy and possible further retaliatory actions by key U.S. trading partners add to that uncertainty. Because of that uncertainty, the agency constructs its projections so that they represent the average of a distribution of possible outcomes.



Sources: Congressional Budget Office; Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Unemployment

CBO's Econo	mic Projections	s for Calenda	r Years 201	8 to 2029	
	Actual	For	ecast	•	ected Average
	2018	2019	2020	2021-2022	2023-2029
		Year to Ye	ar (Percent	age Change)	
Inflation (CPI-U)	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.5	2.4
		Cale	ndar Year A	verage	
Unemployment Rate (Percent)	3.9	3.5	3.7	4.4	4.8

Unemployment rates are a factor driving enrollment within the community college system. For many, the choice to attend college is often weighed against the opportunity to work. In CBO's projections, the unemployment rate falls to 3.5 percent in the second half of 2019, its lowest point since the 1960s, before rising steadily between 2020 and 2023 as output growth slows during those years. The decline will increase demand for labor encouraging people to remain in the labor force or rejoin it and continue to draw workers back into the workforce and away from the pursuit of higher education.

State of Illinois Outlook

In June 2019, the Illinois House approved a state budget which includes a \$40 billion state spending plan. The budget included \$134 million for public universities, including a \$50 million increase for grants to low-income students through the Monetary Award Program. However, the state is still facing financial pressures as a result of the two year budget impasse and increasing public pension costs. As of July 2019, the state's backlog of unpaid bills is close to \$6 billion. Late payment interest penalties, consent decrees and judicial orders still in place today continue to strain the budget. Illinois' current general obligation bond ratings remain at Baa2, stable outlook; BBB-, stable outlook; and BBB, stable outlook (Moody's, S&P, and Fitch, respectively), the lowest among the states. The bond ratings will not only affect finances at the state level, but many universities and public institutions, reliant on state support, will risk being downgraded. Ultimately, taxpayers will be burdened with the increased cost of borrowing resulting from the state's inability to create financial stability.

The Governor is also proposing a multi-tiered approach to pension stabilization. The multi-tiered approach would include extending the pension funding target date from FY2045 to FY2052 while maintaining the 90% funding target, issuing \$2 billion in pension funding bonds, and making the Pension Acceleration Program permanent.

In addition, the Governor signed into law a bill approving annual minimum wage increases over the next five years to \$15 per hour. The first increase will take place January 1st 2020 raising the minimum wage from \$8.25 to \$9.25 an hour. According to a study conducted by the Illinois Economic Policy Institute last October, the results of this increase will generate millions of dollars in new state tax revenue, property tax revenue, and a savings in food stamp assistance as more workers move out of poverty.

College of DuPage Outlook

College of DuPage management and Board of Trustees have been very thoughtful and deliberate in their actions to mitigate future risk to the College from both internal and external sources, such as the State of Illinois. The Board of Trustees has restricted \$124.2 million of the current General Fund balance to ensure the overall financial strength of the College:

IT Strategic Plan	\$ 5,000,000
Retiree OPEB Liability	12,000,000
Recapitalization Plan	52,900,000
Capital Projects	54,300,000
Total	\$ <u>124,200,000</u>

The authorization of these fund balance restrictions provides the College with the resources for anticipated long-term strategic capital initiatives while maintaining compliance with its unrestricted fund balance policy. The FY2020 budget calls for the use of \$8.8 million of the college's restricted fund balance to provide resources for its capital projects.

One of the primary goals of the Five-Year Plan is to position College of DuPage as the choice for higher education in Community College District 502.

No matter how well the operations of the College are managed, the institution will be impacted by factors beyond its control, primarily at the State of Illinois. Risks to the College with respect to the state budget are:

- Reduction or elimination of base operating grant payments.
- The call for a permanent property tax freeze.
- Allowing bankruptcy protection for Illinois municipalities.
- Creating local employee empowerment zones.

The Plan assumes continued stabilization of the property tax values in the District with modest EAV increases in the later years due to price appreciation and value of new construction.

Prior to the State of Illinois budget impasse, the College historically received \$12 million in state base operating grant payments annually. In FY2016 and FY2017 the College had received 29% and 45% of that funding level, respectively. However, in FY2018, the College received over \$20 million as the state distributed both FY2017 and FY2018 appropriations. As described in the College's Strategic Long Range Plan, the College will continue to develop a financial model that identifies new revenue sources while eliminating the reliance on the State of Illinois apportionment funds.

The aforementioned discussion details the challenging period the College is entering into over the next five years. Projected enrollment declines will require the usage of fund balance reserves, bringing the FY2024 unrestricted fund balance to 57%, slightly above the College's 50% goal.

Five-Year Plan Summary

As a result of the uncertainty clouding the business environment in which the College of DuPage operates, we have prepared the Five-Year Plan based on conservative assumptions. The Plan assumptions, consistent with the CBO projections, assume a stable and improving business environment with low inflation.

The Plan is based on a recovery of the residential housing market with EAV values stabilizing and increasing modestly at 4.0% through the 2022 levy year. Beginning in levy year 2018 (FY2020) the property tax levy is assumed to increase by one percent.

Tuition rates increase by \$1.00 per credit hour each year to cover inflationary costs and partially offset the projected enrollment decline. Although the Guided Pathways initiative will yield relief by enhancing persistence, the effect will likely not be seen until FY2022.

State operating grant funding is projected to remain flat through FY2024 given the financial challenges of the state.

The College must continue to mitigate cost increases through careful fiscal management. Pathways initiative costs will begin to normalize in future years. Furthermore, the College will continue evaluating position vacancies to balance its overall labor budget over the next two years. Cost escalations related to increases in wage rates and health insurance premium will require careful management of the College's existing employment levels. The majority of the College's operating expenditure budget is comprised of salaries and benefits, normally accounting for 70 to 80% of total operating expenditures. Controlling these expenditure categories is crucial to the overall financial health of the College.

Other major cost considerations relate to the College's long-term capital plan. Over the past year, the College completed its comprehensive facilities master plan. Included in this plan are goals, principals, an existing condition assessment, space needs identifications, learning environment recommendations, land use, and infrastructure planning. Taken as a composite, these elements form the 'roadmap' to guide the College into the future. Plan recommendations were as follows:

- Improve east-west unity on main campus by revolutionizing Lambert road in partnership with the Village of Glen Ellyn.
- Become the country's best student-focused, Pathways-driven institution and grow enrollment through retention.
- Double-down on the College's existing STEM education program by enhancing capabilities, offerings, and integrating with arts to boost stature of the college in the innovation economy.
- Focus on student success for a diverse student body through effective outreach, best-in-class environments, and high flexibility of spaces.

The high-priority master plan projects were in excess of \$40 million; however, the College plans to utilize the \$54 million restricted fund balance for these capital projects. The projects are currently being prioritized by college leadership before moving forward.

		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023	FY2024
		112020		112021	-	Revenues	_	1 12025	 1 12021
Property Tax Levy Year		2018		2019		2020		2021	2022
Assessed Valuation Change		3.7%		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%	4.0%
Operating Levy Estimate	\$	83,540,219	\$	84,375,621	\$	85,219,377	\$	86,071,571	\$ 86,932,287
State Support - ICCB Operating Grants	\$	14,735,390	\$	14,800,000	\$	14,800,000	\$	14,800,000	\$ 14,800,000
Inflation (Consumer Price Index)		2.1%		2.6%		2.5%		2.5%	2.4%
Enrollment Decline		-3.0%		-3.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Auxiliary Revenue Growth		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Tuition and Fees In-District Rate	\$	137	\$	138	\$	139	\$	140	\$ 141
Percentage Change		0.7%		0.7%		0.7%		0.7%	0.7%
					F	xpenditures			
Salaries ^{1,2}		Base Year		0.0%		3.0%		3.0%	2.9%
Healthcare Benefits		Base Year		6.0%		6.0%		6.0%	6.0%
Contractual Services ¹		Base Year		-2.0%		1.0%		1.0%	2.4%
Supplies & Materials ¹		Base Year		-2.0%		1.0%		1.0%	2.4%
Conferences & Meetings		Base Year		-1.5%		1.0%		1.0%	2.4%
Fixed Charges		Base Year		2.6%		2.5%		2.5%	2.4%
Utilities		Base Year		2.6%		2.5%		2.5%	2.4%
Capital Outlay		Base Year		2.6%		2.5%		2.5%	2.4%
Scholarships, Student Grants, Waivers ³		Base Year		-3.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%
Other Expenditures		Base Year		2.6%		2.5%		2.5%	2.4%
						Transfers			
In to Education Fund (from Auxiliary)	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,200,000	\$	1,200,000	\$	1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000
Out to Operations & Maint. Fund (from Education)	\$	(1,263,500)	\$	(3,670,000)	\$	(5,355,000)	\$	(6,685,000)	\$ (3,165,000
Out to Restricted Purposes Fund (from Education)	\$	(356,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Out to Construction Fund (from Education)	\$	(7,500,000)	\$	(2,000,000)					\$ (2,000,000
Out to Auxiliary (from Education)	\$	(729,600)	\$	(729,600)	\$	(729,600)	\$	(729,600)	\$ (729,600
¹ Expenditures expected to decline as Pathways initia	tiv	e costs norma	lize	in future years					
² The College will continue to evaluate position vacar	ncie	es in an effort t	o r	educe its over	all	labor budget i	ı fi	uture years.	
³ Scholarships, Student Grants, & Waiver expenditu						0		•	

Operating deficiencies are projected for the General Fund (Education and Operating and Maintenance Funds) through FY2024 due to a \$20 million investment into the Recapitalization Plan over that period paired with revenues not keeping pace with inflationary cost increases.

General Fund Surplus / (Deficiency)												
FY2020		FY2021		FY2022	FY2023	FY2024						
\$ (10,992,241)	\$	(7,695,398)	\$	(11,785,393)	\$ (15,643,129)	\$ (14,422,925)						

The College has a strong funding base with property taxes and student tuition and fees accounting for 88% of General Fund revenues in FY2020.

Property Taxes

The Plan assumes continued stabilization of the property tax values in the District with modest EAV increases in the later years due to price appreciation and value of new construction. The growth in property tax revenue for the College will be driven by an annual 1.0% operating levy increase, well below the allowable inflationary increase.

Property taxes are collected on a calendar year basis while the College operates on a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year. Taxes levied in 2018 are collected in 2019. Therefore, the taxes are divided between two fiscal years. Of the 2018 levy taxes collected in 2019, one-half are recorded in fiscal year 2019 and the other half in fiscal year 2018. The following example shows the property tax revenue estimated for the General Fund:

FY2020 Estimated	d Prop	erty Tax Rev	enue				
	I	Es timate d		Recorded in			
	Lev	y Collections	FY2019				
2018 Levy Final Extension, est.	\$	83,540,219	50%	\$	41,770,111		
2019 Levy Request, est.		84,375,621	50%		42,187,812		
Subtotal					83,957,922		
Estimated Collection Rate			_		99.5%		
Net Local Property Taxes for FY2020			:		83,538,132		

Based on the College's current debt outstanding, the debt levy is projected to decrease from \$21.2 million for levy year 2018 to \$14.3 million for levy year 2019. The debt service levy decline is a result of the early principal redemption in FY2018. The chart below summarizes assessed valuations and tax levies for the five-year period.

Five-	Year	Property EA	V ar	nd Tax Collec	tion	Estimates				
	_	2018	_	2019]	Levy Year 2020	_	2021	_	2022
Equalized Assessed Valuation	\$4	4,892,120,691	\$4	6,687,805,519	\$48,555,317,739		\$ 50,497,530,449		\$5	2,517,431,667
Percentage Change		3.70%		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%
Consumer Price Index		1.90%		2.10%		2.60%		2.50%		2.40%
Levy Increase Estimate		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%
Operating Levy Estimate	\$	83,540,219	\$	84,375,621	\$	85,219,377	\$	86,071,571	\$	86,932,287
Debt Service Levy Estimate	\$	21,163,095	\$	14,185,030	\$	19,001,530	\$	17,780,530	\$	17,021,280
Total Estimated Tax Levy	\$	104,703,315	\$	98,560,651	\$	104,220,907	\$	103,852,101	\$	103,953,567
					I	Fiscal Year				
		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023		FY2024
Operating Levy Estimated Collection										
50% Prior Year Levy	\$	42,187,812	\$	42,609,689	\$	43,035,786	\$	43,466,143	\$	44,509,331
50% Two Years Ago Levy		41,770,110		42,187,811		42,609,689		43,035,786		43,466,143
Assumed Uncollectable of 0.5%		(419,790)		(423,988)		(428,228)		(432,509)		(439,878)
Total General Fund	\$	83,538,132	\$	84,373,512	\$	85,217,247	\$	86,069,420	\$	87,535,596
Fund Allocation:										
Education	\$	71,663,073	\$	72,561,220	\$	73,286,832	\$	74,019,702	\$	75,280,612
Operations and Maintenance		11,875,059		11,812,292		11,930,415		12,049,719		12,254,983
Subtotal General Fund	\$	83,538,132	\$	84,373,512	\$	85,217,247	\$	86,069,420	\$	87,535,596
Debt Service Levy Estimated Collection										
50% Prior Year Levy	\$	7,092,516	\$	9,500,765	\$	8,890,265	\$	8,510,640	\$	7,902,515
50% Two Years Ago Levy	Ψ	10,581,549	Ψ	7,092,515	Ψ	9,500,765	Ψ	8,890,265	Ψ	8,510,640
Assumed Uncollectable of 0.5%		(88,370)		(82,966)		(91,955)		(87,005)		(82,066)
Total Debt Service	\$	17,585,695	\$	16,510,314	\$	18,299,075	\$	17,313,900	\$	16,331,089

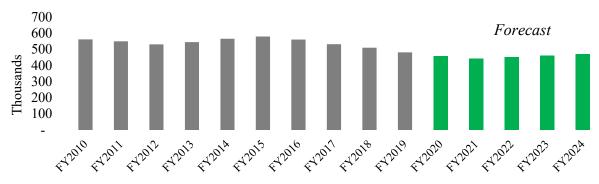
The College is subject to Property Tax Extension Law Limit (PTELL), which limits increases in its property tax extensions to the lesser of 5% or the increase in the national Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the year proceeding the levy year. This amount is adjusted by the value of new construction in the District as well as the expiration of tax increment financing districts and other factors. The 1991 tax levy was the first levy affected by the tax cap legislation. When a District levies more than 105% of the previous year's tax extensions, the District must have at least one public hearing regarding the proposed tax extension. A newspaper notice must be published no more than 14 days nor less than seven days prior to the date of the public hearing. The notice must be published in each county in a newspaper of general circulation.

The recently released CPI by the Illinois Department of Revenue for PTELL use was 2.1% for calendar year 2018 (this is the CPI used for the 2018 levy year). Economists continue to project low inflation during this five-year time horizon. As a result, the Plan is projecting annual CPI used for PTELL calculations between 2.4% and 2.6% in FY2020 – FY2024.

Student Tuition & Fees

The College has conservatively projected a 3.0% decline in enrollment through FY2021 followed by annual enrollment increases of 2.0% over the following three years. This projection is driven by the following assumptions

- Local economy starts to slow and the DuPage County unemployment rate experiences modest increases
- Confidence in Illinois higher education improves
- The Guided Pathways initiative begins showing results in 2023FA, with a modest improvement in retention and persistence
- Strategic Enrollment Management is successful in affecting key markets
- High school enrollment experiences a modest upturn between 2022FA and 2029FA
- COD is successful in providing general education dual enrollment at its Centers



Annual Credit Hour Enrollment Forecast

Tuition rates are projected to moderately increase year over year at a rate below inflation. The modest increases result in a tuition rate in FY2024 of \$141.00.

The College is limited as to how much it can charge for tuition to one-third of the College's per capita cost. At June 30, 2018, the per capita cost on a semester hour basis was \$496.17; one-third of that is \$165.39. The College is below that maximum in all plan years.

]	fuition and F	ees	Five-Year P	roje	ection				
		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023		FY2024
				Tuition and	Fee	e Rates per (Cree	dit Hour		
In-District	\$	104.15	\$	105.15	\$	106.15	\$	107.15	\$	108.15
Out-of-District		290.15		291.15		292.15		293.15		294.15
Out-of-State/International		360.15		361.15		362.15		363.15		364.15
Technology Fee	\$	8.00	\$	8.00	\$	8.00	\$	8.00	\$	8.00
Construction Fee (F02)		4.80		4.80		4.80		4.80		4.80
Construction Fee (F03)		2.20		2.20		2.20		2.20		2.20
Debt Service Fee		14.00		14.00		14.00		14.00		14.00
Student Activities Fee		3.70		3.70		3.70		3.70		3.70
Student-to-Student Fee		0.15		0.15		0.15		0.15		0.15
Subtotal Fees		32.85		32.85		32.85		32.85		32.85
Total In-District Tuition and Fees	\$	137.00	\$	138.00	\$	139.00	\$	140.00	\$	141.00
				P	Ann	ual Estimate	s			
Credit Hours - 10th Day Estimates		455,844		442,169		451,012		460,032		469,233
Tuition and Fee Revenue Education Fund	\$	65,796,058	\$	64,264,349	\$	66,000,648	\$	67,780,694	\$	69,605,540
Operations and Maintenance Fund	·	2,188,053	•	2,122,410		2,164,858	•	2,208,155	•	2,252,318
Operations and Maintenance - Restricted Fund		1,002,858		972,771		992,227		1,012,071		1,032,312
Bond and Interest Fund		6,381,822		6,190,362		6,314,169		6,440,452		6,569,261
Auxiliary Enterprises Fund		6,217,000		6,341,340		6,468,167		6,597,530		6,729,481
Restricted Purposes Fund		73,377		66,325.30		67,651.81		69,004.84		70,384.94
Total Tuition and Fee Revenue	\$	81,659,168	\$	79,957,557	\$	82,007,720	\$	84,107,907	\$	86,259,298

State Revenues

The budget assumes the State's appropriation of annual operating grant payments to the College during this five-year time horizon remains flat at \$14.8 million.

Other Income

Interest revenues increase slightly each year primarily due to higher interest rates. Personal Property Replacement Taxes and Other Local Taxes are expected to increase by approximately 1% each year, while Sales and Service Fees are also projected at a 1% increase each year.

The bookstore and the food service auxiliary operations will continue supporting educational services by transferring \$1.1 million earned through commissions to the General Fund.

Operating Expenditures

With respect to operating expenditures, salary and benefits are the largest single component of the College's operating budget normally accounting for 70 to 80% of expenditures. The College Board approved annual salary increases equal to current year inflation plus 0.5%, or 2.4% for the non-bargaining units. Collective bargained employees are currently under negotiations. The Plan continues this trend with annual wage increases tied to the rate of inflation. Furthermore, the

College will continue evaluating position vacancies to reduce its overall labor budget over the next year. As described above, control of these expenditure categories is crucial to the overall financial health of the College.

Health insurance costs for employees in FY2020-2024 are projected to increase 6% each year after FY2020 primarily due to healthcare inflation. This cost projection is below the College's previous estimates due to the redefined benefit plans the College implemented in FY2017. The College will continue to evaluate options to minimize the effect of rising healthcare costs in FY2020 and going forward.

General Fund transfers out include transfers to the Construction Fund and the Auxiliary Enterprises Fund. The Construction Fund transfers will draw down the \$51 million capital investment project reserve. The Auxiliary Enterprises transfers are to subsidize the McAninch Arts Center, Chaparral Fitness Center, and the Courier Student Newspaper.

There is a great deal of uncertainty in the higher education community given the issues occurring at the state level. The College, through its conservative fiscal management, has fund balance reserves that allow it to continue to operate at a level that serves stakeholders well. Because of the uncertainty with any projection, a sensitivity analysis shows how a 1% change in key variables impacts revenue up or down. For example, a 1% change in enrollment affects revenues by \$624,506 while a \$1.00 change in the tuition or fees rate impacts revenue \$455,844. Conversely, a 1% change in labor costs of \$107.5 million impacts operating expenditures by \$1.07 million.

Sensitivity Analysis on Key Ger	1e ra	l Fund Revenu	es/	Expens	es	
		2020 Budget ase Amount)	Cl	nange	1	-Year Effect
Property Tax Revenues	\$	83,538,132		1.0%	\$	835,381
Property Tax Rates, Assuming no EAV change	\$	0.1847	\$	0.01	\$	4,489,212
In-District Tuition/Fees Rate	\$	137.00	\$	1.00	\$	455,844
Enrollment (Annual FTE)		30,390		1.0%	\$	624,506
Investment Earnings Rate		0.5%		0.1%	\$	600,000
Salary Increase - All Groups	\$	107,465,751		1.0%	\$	1,074,658
Salary Increase - Administrators	\$	6,441,540		1.0%	\$	64,415
Salary Increase - FT Faculty/Counselors/Librarians	\$	36,218,200		1.0%	\$	362,182
Salary Increase - PT Faculty/Advisors	\$	23,207,002		1.0%	\$	232,070
Salary Increase - Classified/Managerial	\$	41,545,713		1.0%	\$	415,457
Employee Benefits	\$	16,251,760		1.0%	\$	162,518

Other Fund Highlights

The Bond and Interest Fund has a fund balance deficiency beginning in FY2023. This deficiency is a result of the College's projected enrollment decline over the next five-year period. A portion of the College's outstanding debt is financed through a \$14.00 per year student fee. The College will evaluate its student fee structure over the next five years to address the projected fund balance shortfall.

The Construction Fund five-year projection will change significantly over the next year as the College finalizes the prioritization of its Facilities Master Plan projects. The plan will serve as the roadmap for construction activities over the next several years. Anticipated future educational needs of the community college district are key considerations in the development of the plan.

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN GENERAL FUND (COMBINED EDUCATION AND OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE FUNDS)

	 FY2020	 FY2021		FY2022	 FY2023		FY2024
Revenues							
Local Property Taxes	\$ 83,538,132	\$ 84,373,512	\$	85,217,247	\$ 86,069,420	\$	87,535,596
Personal Property Replacement Tax	1,400,000	1,414,000		1,428,140	1,442,421		1,456,846
State Government	14,735,390	14,800,000		14,800,000	14,800,000		14,800,000
Student Tuition and Fees	67,984,111	66,386,759		68,165,506	69,988,849		71,857,858
Sales and Service Fees	700,793	707,801		714,879	722,028		729,248
Interest	3,525,000	3,560,250		3,595,853	3,631,811		3,668,129
Other	 913,700	 922,837		932,065	 941,386		950,800
Total Revenues	 172,797,126	 172,165,159		174,853,690	 177,595,915		180,998,477
Expenditures							
Salaries	107,465,751	107,465,751		110,689,724	114,010,415		117,316,717
Employee Benefits	16,993,120	18,012,707		19,093,470	20,239,078		21,453,422
Contractual Services	14,419,941	16,563,312		18,377,245	19,837,468		16,633,127
Materials & Supplies	11,315,019	11,088,719		11,199,606	11,311,602		11,583,080
Conferences & Meetings	2,485,339	2,448,059		2,472,540	2,497,265		2,557,199
Fixed Charges	2,652,223	2,721,181		2,789,210	2,858,941		2,927,555
Utilities	4,880,620	5,007,516		5,132,704	5,261,022		5,387,286
Capital Outlay	4,724,021	4,846,846		4,968,017	5,092,217		5,214,430
Other	1,279,733	1,313,006		1,345,831	1,379,477		1,412,584
Scholarships, Student Grants & Waivers	9,138,000	8,863,860		9,041,137	9,221,960		9,406,399
Contingency	 1,000,000	 -		-	 -		-
Total Expenditures	 176,353,767	 178,330,956	_	185,109,483	 191,709,444	_	193,891,801
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (3,556,641)	 (6,165,798)		(10,255,793)	 (14,113,529)		(12,893,325)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)							
Transfer In / (Out)	 (7,435,600)	 (1,529,600)		(1,529,600)	 (1,529,600)		(1,529,600)
Surplus / (Deficiency)	 (10,992,241)	 (7,695,398)		(11,785,393)	 (15,643,129)		(14,422,925)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	 245,615,751	 234,623,510		226,928,112	 215,142,719		199,499,590
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 234,623,510	\$ 226,928,112	\$	215,142,719	\$ 199,499,590	\$	185,076,665
¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balance is projected							

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN EDUCATION FUND

		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022	_	FY2023	 FY2024
Revenues									
Local Property Taxes	\$	71,663,073	\$	72,561,220	\$	73,286,832	\$	74,019,701	\$ 75,280,613
Personal Property Replacement Tax		1,400,000		1,414,000		1,428,140		1,442,421	1,456,846
State Government		14,735,390		14,800,000		14,800,000		14,800,000	14,800,000
Student Tuition and Fees		65,796,058		64,264,349		66,000,648		67,780,694	69,605,540
Sales and Service Fees		700,793		707,801		714,879		722,028	729,248
Interest		3,000,000		3,030,000		3,060,300		3,090,903	3,121,812
Other		903,700		912,737		921,864		931,083	940,394
Total Revenues	_	158,199,014	_	157,690,107	_	160,212,664	_	162,786,830	 165,934,452
Expenditures									
Salaries		103,913,820		103,913,820		107,031,235		110,242,172	113,439,195
Employee Benefits		16,251,760		17,226,866		18,260,478		19,356,106	20,517,473
Contractual Services		10,151,397		9,948,369		10,047,853		10,148,331	10,391,891
Materials & Supplies		10,643,863		10,430,986		10,535,296		10,640,649	10,896,024
Conferences & Meetings		2,466,389		2,429,393		2,453,687		2,478,224	2,537,701
Fixed Charges		1,786,223		1,832,665		1,878,481		1,925,443	1,971,654
Utilities		24,700		25,342		25,976		26,625	27,264
Capital Outlay		2,754,021		2,825,626		2,896,266		2,968,673	3,039,921
Other		1,216,179		1,247,800		1,278,995		1,310,970	1,342,433
Scholarships, Student Grants & Waivers		9,138,000		8,863,860		9,041,137		9,221,960	9,406,399
Contingency		1,000,000		-		-		-	 -
Total Expenditures	_	159,346,352		158,744,726		163,449,403		168,319,153	 173,569,955
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,147,338)		(1,054,618)		(3,236,739)		(5,532,323)	(7,635,503)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)				,					
Transfer In / (Out)		(8,699,100)	<u> </u>	(5,199,600)		(6,884,600)		(8,214,600)	 (4,694,600)
Surplus / (Deficiency)		(9,846,438)		(6,254,218)		(10,121,339)		(13,746,923)	 (12,330,103)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹		209,862,775		200,016,337		193,762,119		183,640,780	 169,893,857
Ending Fund Balance	\$	200,016,337	\$	193,762,119	\$	183,640,780	\$	169,893,857	\$ 157,563,754

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE FUND

	ŀ	Y2020	 FY2021		FY2022	 FY2023	 FY2024
Revenues							
Local Property Taxes	\$	11,875,059	\$ 11,812,292	\$	11,930,415	\$ 12,049,719	\$ 12,254,983
Student Tuition and Fees		2,188,053	2,122,410		2,164,858	2,208,155	2,252,318
Interest		525,000	530,250		535,553	540,908	546,317
Other		10,000	 10,100		10,201	 10,303	 10,406
Total Revenues		14,598,112	 14,475,051		14,641,026	 14,809,085	 15,064,025
Expenditures							
Salaries		3,551,931	3,551,931		3,658,489	3,768,244	3,877,523
Employee Benefits		741,360	785,842		832,992	882,972	935,950
Contractual Services		3,005,044	2,944,943		2,974,393	3,004,136	3,076,236
Recapitalization Projects		1,263,500	3,670,000		5,355,000	6,685,000	3,165,000
Materials & Supplies		671,156	657,733		664,310	670,953	687,056
Conferences & Meetings		18,950	18,666		18,852	19,041	19,498
Fixed Charges		866,000	888,516		910,729	933,497	955,901
Utilities		4,855,920	4,982,174		5,106,728	5,234,396	5,360,022
Capital Outlay		1,970,000	2,021,220		2,071,751	2,123,544	2,174,509
Other		63,554	 65,206		66,837	 68,507	 70,152
Total Expenditures		17,007,415	 19,586,231	_	21,660,080	 23,390,291	 20,321,846
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(2,409,303)	 (5,111,179)		(7,019,054)	 (8,581,206)	 (5,257,822)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)							
Transfer In / (Out)		1,263,500	 3,670,000		5,355,000	 6,685,000	 3,165,000
Surplus / (Deficiency)		(1,145,803)	 (1,441,179)		(1,664,054)	 (1,896,206)	 (2,092,822)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹		35,752,976	 34,607,173		33,165,994	 31,501,940	 29,605,734
Ending Fund Balance	\$	34,607,173	\$ 33,165,994	\$	31,501,940	\$ 29,605,734	\$ 27,512,912

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE RESTRICTED FUND

	FY2	020	 FY2021	 FY2022	 FY2023	 FY2024
Revenues						
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 1,0	02,858	\$ 972,771	\$ 992,227	\$ 1,012,071	\$ 1,032,312
Interest	2	256,000	 258,560	 261,146	 263,757	 266,395
Total Revenues	1,2	258,858	 1,231,331	 1,253,372	 1,275,828	 1,298,707
Expenditures						
Contractual Services	2,6	640,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Capital Outlay	13,5	16,000	 3,000,000	 3,000,000	 3,000,000	 3,000,000
Total Expenditures	16,1	56,000	 4,000,000	 4,000,000	 4,000,000	 4,000,000
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(14,8	<u>97,142)</u>	 (2,768,669)	 (2,746,628)	 (2,724,172)	 (2,701,293)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses) Transfer In / (Out)	7,5	500,000	 2,000,000	 2,000,000	 2,000,000	 2,000,000
Surplus / (Deficiency)	(7,3	97,142)	 (768,669)	 (746,628)	 (724,172)	 (701,293)
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	11,0	62,546	 3,665,404	 2,896,735	 2,150,107	 1,425,935
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,6	65,404	\$ 2,896,735	\$ 2,150,107	\$ 1,425,935	\$ 724,642

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN BOND & INTEREST FUND

	 FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023		FY2024
Revenues									
Local Property Taxes	\$ 17,585,695	\$	16,510,314	\$	18,299,075	\$	17,313,900	\$	16,331,089
Federal Government	390,000		-		-		-		-
Student Tuition and Fees	6,381,822		6,190,362		6,314,169		6,440,452		6,569,261
Interest	210,000		212,100		214,221		216,363		218,527
Total Revenues	 24,567,517		22,912,776		24,827,465		23,970,715		23,118,877
	 21,007,017				2.1,027,100		201010110		20,110,077
Expenditures - General Institutional									
Principal Payments									
General Obligation Bonds									
Series 2011A	2,915,000		1,840,000		725,000		2,905,000		7,785,000
Series 2013A	4,350,000		4,565,000		4,795,000		4,995,000		5,240,000
Series 2018	 7,430,000		2,065,000		8,190,000		5,235,000		-
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds	 14,695,000		8,470,000		13,710,000		13,135,000		13,025,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds									
Series 2006	1,985,000		-		-		-		-
Series 2011B	-		2,025,000		2,110,000		2,210,000		-
Series 2019	 3,380,000		3,420,000		3,590,000		3,765,000		3,940,000
Subtotal Alternate Revenue Bonds	 5,365,000		5,445,000		5,700,000		5,975,000		3,940,000
Total Principal Payments	 20,060,000		13,915,000		19,410,000		19,110,000		16,965,000
Interest Payments									
General Obligation Bonds									
Series 2011A	2,267,800		2,122,050		2,030,050		1,994,800		1,849,550
Series 2013A	3,035,980		2,818,480		2,590,230		2,388,980		2,146,730
Series 2018	 1,146,000		774,500		671,250		261,750		_
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds	 6,449,780		5,715,030		5,291,530		4,645,530		3,996,280
Alternate Revenue Bonds									
Series 2006	75,430		-		-		-		-
Series 2009B	1,193,451		-		-		-		-
Series 2011B	286,200		286,200		205,200		104,975		-
Series 2019	 1,261,092		1,676,500		1,505,500		1,326,000		1,137,750
Subtotal Alternate Revenue Bonds	 2,816,173		1,962,700		1,710,700		1,430,975		1,137,750
Total Interest Payments	 9,265,953		7,677,730		7,002,230		6,076,505		5,134,030
Other	6,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000
Total Expenditures	 29,331,953		21,602,730		26,422,230		25,196,505		22,109,030
Surplus / (Deficiency)	 (4,764,436)		1,310,046		(1,594,765)		(1,225,790)		1,009,847
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	 8,111,928		3,347,492		4,657,538		3,062,772		1,836,983
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 3,347,492	\$	4,657,538	\$	3,062,772	\$	1,836,983	\$	2,846,830
¹ The FY2020 beginning fund balance is projected	 _	_		_	_	_	_	_	_

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN AUXILIARY ENTERPRISES FUND

RevenuesStudent Tuition and Fees\$ 6,217,000\$ 6,341,340\$ 6,468,167\$ 6,597,530\$ 6,729,Sales and Service Fees4,445,9054,534,8234,580,1714,625,9734,672,Facilities310,800317,016320,186323,388326,Interest190,000191,900193,819195,757197,Non-Government Gifts, Grants2,010,0212,050,2212,070,7242,091,4312,112,Other250,000255,000257,550260,126262,Total Revenues13,423,72613,690,30113,890,61714,094,20514,301,	
Sales and Service Fees4,445,9054,534,8234,580,1714,625,9734,672,Facilities310,800317,016320,186323,388326,Interest190,000191,900193,819195,757197,Non-Government Gifts, Grants2,010,0212,050,2212,070,7242,091,4312,112,Other255,000255,000257,550260,126262,Total Revenues13,423,72613,690,30113,890,61714,094,20514,301,	
Facilities 310,800 317,016 320,186 323,388 326, Interest 190,000 191,900 193,819 195,757 197, Non-Government Gifts, Grants 2,010,021 2,050,221 2,070,724 2,091,431 2,112, Other 255,000 255,000 257,550 260,126 262, Total Revenues 13,423,726 13,690,301 13,890,617 14,094,205 14,301,	481
Interest190,000191,900193,819195,757197,Non-Government Gifts, Grants2,010,0212,050,2212,070,7242,091,4312,112,Other250,000255,000257,550260,126262,Total Revenues13,423,72613,690,30113,890,61714,094,20514,301,	233
Non-Government Gifts, Grants2,010,0212,050,2212,070,7242,091,4312,112,Other250,000255,000257,550260,126262,Total Revenues13,423,72613,690,30113,890,61714,094,20514,301,	622
Other 250,000 255,000 257,550 260,126 262, Total Revenues 13,423,726 13,690,301 13,890,617 14,094,205 14,301,	715
Total Revenues 13,423,726 13,690,301 13,890,617 14,094,205 14,301,	345
	727
	122
Expenditures	
Salaries5,720,8195,720,8195,892,4446,069,2176,245,	224
Employee Benefits 632,326 670,266 710,481 753,110 798,	297
Contractual Services 2,888,295 2,830,529 2,858,834 2,887,423 2,956,	721
Materials & Supplies 2,933,535 2,874,864 2,903,613 2,932,649 3,003,	033
Conferences & Meetings1,584,9721,561,1971,576,8091,592,5771,630,	799
Fixed Charges127,300130,610133,875137,222140,	515
	766
Capital Outlay189,147194,065198,916203,889208,	
Other 641,879 658,568 675,032 691,908 708,	514
Total Expenditures 14,719,873 14,642,559 14,951,688 15,269,720 15,693,	652
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures (1,296,147) (952,259) (1,061,071) (1,175,516) (1,392,	<u>530)</u>
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	
Transfer In / (Out) (420,400) (470,400)	400)
Surplus / (Deficiency) (1,716,547) (1,422,659) (1,531,471) (1,645,916) (1,862,	<u>930)</u>
Beginning Fund Balance ¹ 13,853,620 12,137,073 10,714,414 9,182,943 7,537,	027
Ending Fund Balance \$ 12,137,073 \$ 10,714,414 \$ 9,182,943 \$ 7,537,027 \$ 5,674, ¹ The EV2020 beginning fund balance is projected	098

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN WORKING CASH FUND

	 FY2020	 FY2021	 FY2022	FY2023	 FY2024
Revenues					
Interest	\$ 120,000	\$ 121,200	\$ 122,412	\$ 123,636	\$ 124,872
Total Revenues	 120,000	 121,200	 122,412	 123,636	 124,872
Expenditures					
Contractual Services	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000
Total Expenditures	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000	 7,000
Surplus / (Deficiency)	 113,000	 114,200	 115,412	 116,636	 117,872
Beginning Fund Balance ¹	 8,666,982	 8,779,982	 8,894,182	 9,009,594	 9,126,230
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 8,779,982	\$ 8,894,182	\$ 9,009,594	\$ 9,126,230	\$ 9,244,103

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN FUND BALANCE CALCULATION (BOARD POLICY 10-40)

	 FY2020	 FY2021	 FY2022	 FY2023	 FY2024
Fund Balances					
Education Fund	\$ 200,016,337	\$ 193,762,119	\$ 183,640,780	\$ 169,893,857	\$ 157,563,754
Operations & Maintenance Fund	34,607,173	33,165,994	31,501,940	29,605,734	27,512,912
Working Cash Fund	8,779,982	8,894,182	9,009,594	9,126,230	9,244,103
Total Fund Balances	\$ 243,403,492	\$ 235,822,295	\$ 224,152,314	\$ 208,625,821	\$ 194,320,769
General Fund Expenditures	176,353,767	178,330,956	185,109,483	191,709,444	193,891,801
% of General Fund Expenditures	138%	132%	121%	109%	100%
Fund Balance Restrictions					
IT Plan	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Retiree OPEB Liability	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000
Recapitalization Plan	51,825,000	48,155,000	42,800,000	36,115,000	32,950,000
Capital Investment Projects	 51,329,320	49,329,320	47,329,320	45,329,320	43,329,320
Total Fund Balance Restrictions	\$ 120,154,320	\$ 114,484,320	\$ 107,129,320	\$ 98,444,320	\$ 93,279,320
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ 123,249,172	\$ 121,337,975	\$ 117,022,994	\$ 110,181,501	\$ 101,041,449
As a % of General Fund Revenues	70%	69%	66%	62%	57%

V. STATISTICAL SECTION / APPENDIX

Values:

Respect – We expect openness to difference and to the uniqueness of all individuals.

Responsibility – We expect fulfillment of obligations and accountability.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

HISTORY OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2009		2010		2011		2012
OPERATING REVENUES BY SOURCE								
Local government								
Local taxes	\$	70,633,294	\$	73,497,591	\$	76,802,162	\$	79,907,411
Chargeback revenue		517,541		775,955		662,258		673,262
Corporate personal property replacement tax		1,814,989		1,252,327		1,624,041		1,494,002
Total local government		72,965,824		75,525,873		79,088,461		82,074,675
State government								
Illinois Community College Board		10,185,251		15,582,870		12,770,564		8,513,709
ICCB-Career and Technical Education		577,555		965,013		954,226		949,453
Other state grants		-		-		-		-
Total state government		10,762,806		16,547,883		13,724,790		9,463,162
Federal government								
Other		3,568		461,659		-		29,219
Total federal government		3,568		461,659		-		29,219
Student tuition and fees								
Tuition & Universal Fees		54,764,145		54,319,237		61,600,732		57,891,729
Other Fees		8,104,862		7,812,169		8,736,005		12,481,989
Total student tuition and fees		62,869,007		62,131,406		70,336,737		70,373,718
Other sources								
Investment revenue		1,438,053		346,517		187,228		266,171
Other		521,613		1,572,790		759,828		605,193
Transfers from non-operating subfunds		261,146		90,343		-		263,828
Total other sources		2,220,812		2,009,650		947,056		1,135,192
Total operating revenues	\$	148,822,017	\$	156,676,471	\$	164,097,044	\$	163,075,966
OPERATING EXPENDITURES BY PROGRAM Instruction Academic support Student services	\$	74,540,219 9,255,291 12,628,453	\$	71,187,671 9,185,239 12,355,236	\$	68,457,861 8,162,548 10,509,285	\$	70,262,946 7,768,567 9,035,526
Public service		1,000,519		1,020,106		711,901		716,621
Operations and maintenance of plant		14,468,424		14,885,996		14,314,476		15,595,390
General administration		10,587,783		11,654,227		10,981,973		11,371,599
General institutional		10,399,783		9,585,180		16,352,550		24,180,963
Scholarships, student grants, waivers		8,209,772		8,865,198		8,087,108		7,398,633
Transfers		278,832		8,475,898		577,560		179,500
Total operating expenditures by program	\$	141,369,076	\$	147,214,751	\$	138,155,262	\$	146,509,745
ВУ ОВЈЕСТ								
Salaries	\$	95,314,207	\$	93,391,771	\$	93,147,009	\$	93,745,280
Employee benefits	4	13,883,430		15,647,631	-	14,167,194	Ŧ	19,355,194
Contractual services		4,933,454		4,644,661		7,694,394		5,949,416
General materials and supplies		6,043,658		4,843,776		5,129,162		5,882,401
Conference and meeting		694,548		473,128		332,205		435,246
Fixed charges		2,139,393		2,330,289		2,114,936		2,486,128
Utilities		4,727,706		4,798,151		4,351,616		4,729,031
Capital outlay		3,925,268		3,020,202		2,002,999		4,888,871
Other		9,428,580		9,589,244		8,638,187		8,858,678
Transfers		278,832		8,475,898		577,560		179,500
Total operating expenditures by object	\$	141,369,076	\$	147,214,751	\$	138,155,262	\$	146,509,745
1 0 1	<u> </u>	, ,	-	.,,,		,		- , ,

Sources: College of DuPage Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports and general ledger reports.

Note: General Fund includes the Education Fund and Operations and Maintenance Fund.

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	76,947,743	\$	82,313,861	\$	82,580,585	\$	82,806,741	\$	81,321,424	\$	81,523,543
Φ	764,431	ψ	754,539	φ	557,633	φ	394,500	φ	115,129	φ	3,595
	1,526,489		1,544,222		1,660,637		1,520,291		1,679,128		1,382,239
	79,238,663		84,612,622		84,798,855		84,721,532	-	83,115,681		82,909,377
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0.,012,022		0.,,,,0,,000		01,721,002				02,707,07,7
	15,525,035		13,242,154		11,925,844		3,501,271		5,375,886		20,305,293
	927,782		934,215		1,011,715		-		1,122,521		2,565,540
	378,823		17,598		11,237		-		101,940		1,950
	16,831,640		14,193,967		12,948,796		3,501,271		6,600,347		22,872,783
	-		-	·	-		-		-		-
											-
	62,763,330		67,272,229		69,313,249		65,334,341		60,681,717		58,423,277
	15,305,618		15,890,194		16,615,874		15,407,701		13,869,642		13,386,484
	78,068,948		83,162,423		85,929,123		80,742,042		74,551,359		71,809,761
	(65,036)		1,256,754		(1,335,824)		930,563		1,239,321		2,569,971
	726,183		1,060,961		1,829,723		1,390,719		1,346,078		1,621,913
	769,105		769,105		769,105		769,105		769,105		-
\$	1,430,252	¢	3,086,820	¢	1,263,004	\$	3,090,387	¢	3,354,504	¢	4,191,884
\$	175,569,503	\$	185,055,832	\$	184,939,778	\$	172,055,232	\$	167,621,891	\$	181,783,805
\$	71,722,905 8,288,789	\$	70,968,094 8,315,791	\$	75,901,494 8,153,163	\$	74,404,447 8,550,126	\$	73,265,419 8,520,469	\$	70,431,212 10,381,601
	11,333,730		13,064,145		14,244,859		15,105,075		14,811,124		15,516,627
	1,207,339		1,213,764		1,419,201		1,500,705		1,496,603		1,637,465
	15,076,887		16,129,400		16,535,012		15,989,344		15,337,826		15,501,817
	11,505,119 22,010,319		11,538,602 19,138,674		12,804,915 17,704,633		11,788,857 20,975,073		12,516,020 21,077,809		11,598,248 21,343,860
	9,346,575		19,138,074		12,496,222		10,478,753		9,021,562		9,031,481
	179,500		179,500		624,909		1,150,154		1,177,742		307,418
\$	150,671,163	\$	151,011,727	\$	159,884,408	\$	159,942,534	\$	157,224,574	\$	155,749,729
		-		+	,		,			-	
<i>~</i>	0 4 0 5 5 1 5 1	-		~	100 (CT == -	<i>~</i>	100 000 00	~		-	
\$	96,850,656	\$	97,174,229	\$	102,603,770	\$	102,080,937	\$	103,919,644	\$	103,566,325
	17,902,389		15,964,836		14,238,728		15,598,491		16,246,749		15,530,204
	7,598,046		9,209,476		8,911,398		11,306,367		8,200,114		8,691,894
	5,756,243 847.064		6,015,720		7,473,343		7,750,230 1,296,344		7,942,858		8,086,306
	847,064 2,185,491		1,181,098 1,828,855		1,132,676 1,799,858		1,296,344 2,027,069		1,133,047 2,139,191		1,214,479 2,095,928
	2,185,491 4,492,150		1,828,855 4,430,670		4,236,305		4,120,934		4,367,729		2,095,928 4,290,937
	4,492,130		3,659,083		4,236,303 5,274,877		4,120,934 4,043,248		4,307,729 2,789,740		4,290,937 2,448,638
	10,093,704		11,368,260		13,588,544		10,568,760		9,307,960		2,448,038 9,517,600
	179,500		179,500		624,909		1,150,154		1,177,742		307,418
\$	150,671,163	\$	151,011,727	\$	159,884,408	\$	159,942,534	\$	157,224,774	\$	155,749,729
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REVENUE CAPACITY

PROPERTY TAX LEVY, EXTENSIONS, CPI, EAV AND TAX RATES LAST TEN LEVY YEARS

				Levy	Ye	ar				
		<u>2009</u>		2010		<u>2011</u>		2012		2013
Tax Levy - Requested										
General Fund										
Education	\$	66,012,700	\$	67,085,315	\$	69,580,855	\$	71,188,420	\$	73,600,472
O & M		10,656,039		10,888,193		11,327,116		11,580,462		11,993,848
Total General Fund		76,668,739		77,973,508		80,907,971		82,768,882		85,594,320
% Change From Prev Year Extended		4.48%		5.48%		4.43%		5.27%		4.32%
Debt		27,073,788		27,573,488		25,867,225		21,466,725		25,500,755
% Change From Prev Year Extended		73.08%		1.04%		-7.94%		-17.84%		16.16%
Total	\$	103,742,527	\$	105,546,996	\$	106,775,196	\$	104,235,607	\$	111,095,075
% Change From Prev Year Extended		16.54%	Ψ	4.28%	Ψ	1.14%	Ψ	-0.49%	Ψ	6.81%
Final Tax Extensions for All Co	oun	ties								
General Fund Education	\$	(2) (10) 72 (ድ	66 (11 577	¢	67 601 607	¢	70 507 1/2	¢	71 005 410
O & M	\$	63,610,736	\$	66,611,577	\$	67,591,527	\$	70,507,162	\$	71,905,419
O & M Total General Fund		10,310,636		10,862,742 77,474,319		11,033,145		11,546,491 82,053,653		11,741,177 83,646,596
% Change From Prev Year		0.7%		4.8%		1.5%		4.4%		1.9%
% Change Floin Flev Tear		0.770		4.070		1.370		4.470		1.970
Debt		27,288,833		28,098,610		26,128,492		21.953.634		25,921,001
% Change From Prev Year		74.5%		3.0%		-7.0%		-16.0%		18.1%
T. ()	¢	101 210 205	¢	105 572 020	¢	104 752 174	¢	104 007 297	¢	100 577 507
Total	\$	101,210,205	\$	105,572,929	\$	104,753,164	\$	104,007,287	\$	109,567,597
% Change From Prev Year		13.7%		4.3%		-0.8%		-0.7%		5.3%
СРІ		0.1%		2.7%		1.5%		3.0%		1.7%
EAV										
DuPage	¢	41,322,377,605	¢	38,913,477,604	¢	36,370,343,716	¢	33,451,760,619	¢	31,661,507,852
Will	φ	2,544,699,547	φ	2,401,363,863	φ	2,324,887,763	φ	2,215,406,953	¢	2,220,200,983
Cook		4,016,070,084		4,056,945,632		3,321,911,689		3,096,213,474		2,922,703,981
Total	\$	47,883,147,236	\$	45,371,787,099	\$	42,017,143,168	\$	38,763,381,046	\$	36,804,412,816
	<u> </u>	,,	*		Ŧ	,,,	+	,,,,	+	
% Change From Previous Year										
DuPage		0.0%		-5.8%		-6.5%		-8.0%		-5.4%
Will		0.4%		-5.6%		-3.2%		-4.7%		0.2%
Cook		2.3%		1.0%		-18.1%		-6.8%		-5.6%
Total		0.2%		-5.2%		-7.4%		-7.7%		-5.1%
Tax Rate (DuPage County)										
General Fund										
Education		0.1338		0.1483		0.1611		0.1818		0.1941
O & M		0.1338		0.1483		0.1611		0.1818		0.1941 0.0317
Total General Fund		0.1555		0.1725		0.1874		0.0298		0.2258
Debt		0.0572		0.0624		0.1874		0.0565		0.0698
Total		0.2127		0.2349		0.2495		0.2681		0.2956
% Change From Previous Year										
Operating		1.5%		10.9%		8.6%		12.9%		6.7%
Debt		75.5%		9.1%		-0.5%		-9.0%		23.5%
Total		14.5%		10.4%		6.2%		7.5%		10.3%

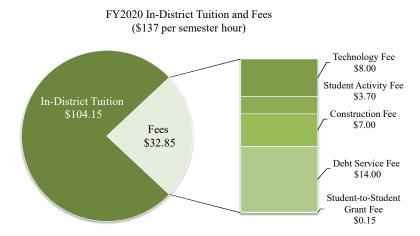
Notes:

1. The 2018 Levy information is based on actual extensions from DuPage, Cook, and Will County, which are usually available in the spring.

2. The 2005 through 2008 Education levies include the Education, Audit, Tort and Social Security levies. Beginning in 2009 the College combined all those levies into the Education Fund.

		Levy Year													
	<u>2014</u>	<u>014</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2016</u> <u>20</u>			<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>								
\$	11,741,177 83,646,596		11,250,094 79,710,110		11,250,094		69,310,623 11,431,076 80,741,699	\$	70,109,864 11,587,487 81,697,351	\$	70,955,309 11,757,778 82,713,087		EAV Cl Ra	nship Betw hange and te Change	
	0.00%	-5.00)%		0.00%		0.00%		0%	T		Page County EAV	Tax Rate		
	25,501,755	25.	503,255		25,504,155		22,545,551		20,953,560	Levy Yea		Change	Change		
	-1.62%	-0.57			-1.38%		-12.88%		-8.22%	2018		4.5%	-4.7%		
										2017	7	5.8%	-7.4%		
\$	109,148,351	\$ 105.	,213,365	\$	106,245,854	\$	104,242,902	\$	103,666,647	2010		6.7%	-5.7%		
	-0.38%	-3.90	5%		-0.34%		-3.10%		-1.78%	201		4.3%	-6.4%		
										2014	4	-0.8%	0.6%		
											2,013	(0)			
•	70 0 (2) 0 7 4	¢ (0	210 (22	<i>•</i>	50 100 0 4	¢		¢	51 502 052	2012		-8.0%	7.5%		
\$	72,063,274 11,842,205		,310,623 ,431,076	\$	70,109,864 11,587,487	\$	70,955,309 11,757,778	\$	71,783,973 11,916,535	201 2010		-6.5% -5.8%	6.2% 10.4%		
	83,905,479		741,699		81,697,351		82,713,087		83,700,508	2010		-3.8%	10.4%		
	0.3%	-3.8	· · ·		1.2%		1.2%		1.2%	200.	,	0.070	14.570		
	25,650,721		861,679		25,879,465		22,829,413		21,321,070						
	-1.0%	0.8	%		0.1%		-11.8%		-6.6%						
\$	109,556,200	\$ 106.	603,378	\$	107,576,816	\$	105,542,500	\$	105,021,578						
	0.0%	-2.7	%		0.9%		-1.9%		-0.5%			_	_		
										20	18 Re	equested	Tax		
	1.5%	0.8	%		0.7%		2.1%		2.1%			Levy			
	31,405,750,165 2,264,520,392 2,969,341,483 36,639,612,040	2,888	352,267 738,851 194,626 285,744		4,980,981,549 2,496,014,228 3,027,393,289 0,504,389,066		36,996,101,637 2,574,540,828 3,706,954,754 43,277,597,219		38,655,603,402 2,648,626,621 3,587,890,668 44,892,120,691				cation 9%		
	-0.8% 2.0% 1.6% -0.4% 0.1958 0.0322 0.2280	4.3' 4.2 -2.7 3.8'	% % 0.1812 0.0299 0.2111		6.7% 5.7% 4.8% 6.5% 0.1712 0.0283 0.1995		5.8% 3.1% 22.4% 6.8% 0.1635 0.0271 0.1906		4.5% 2.9% -3.2% 3.7% 0.1584 0.0263 0.1847	Debt 20%			& M 1%		
_	0.0695		0.0675		0.0631		0.0525		0.0470						
	0.2975		0.2786		0.2626		0.2431		0.2317						
	1.0% -0.4% 0.6%	-7.4 -2.9 -6.4	%		-5.5% -6.5% -5.7%		-4.5% -16.8% -7.4%		-3.1% -10.5% -4.7%						

REVENUE CAPACITY TUITION AND FEE BREAKDOWN



Fiscal Year	Total In Distr Tuition a Fees pe Semester I	ict Ind Pr	% Change	CPI % Change	Tu	District ition per ester Hour	struction ee (1)	t Service Fee	1nology Fee	Student Activity Fee	5	Service Fee	udent-to- dent Grant Fee
2020	\$	137.00	0.74%	1.90%	\$	104.15	\$ 7.00	\$ 14.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 3.70	\$	-	\$ 0.15
2019		136.00	0.74%	2.10%		103.15	7.00	14.00	8.00	3.70		-	0.15
2018		135.00	0.00%	2.10%		102.15	7.00	14.00	8.00	3.70		-	0.15
2017		135.00	-3.57%	-0.01%		102.15	7.00	14.00	8.00	3.70		-	0.15
2016		140.00	-2.78%	1.50%		104.15	9.00	12.00	8.00	3.70		3.00	0.15
2015		144.00	2.86%	1.70%		108.15	9.00	12.00	8.00	3.70		3.00	0.15
2014		140.00	2.94%	3.00%		107.15	9.00	10.00	8.00	2.70		3.00	0.15
2013		136.00	3.03%	1.50%		103.15	9.00	10.00	8.00	2.70		3.00	0.15
2012		132.00	2.33%	2.70%		99.15	9.00	10.00	8.00	2.70		3.00	0.15
2011		129.00		0.10%		99.15	9.00	10.00	8.00	2.70		-	0.15

Data Sources: College of DuPage records and Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

Notes:

(1) Construction fee is allocated between the Operations and Maintenance Fund and Operations and Maintenance Restricted Fund based on budgetary needs.

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ICCB TUITION AND FEE COMPARISON-IN-DISTRICT RATES

	COLLAR C	OUNTY COMMUNITY	COLLEGES		
College Marrie	EV/3010	EV/3014	% Change	EV/2010	% Change
College Name	FY2010	FY2014	From FY2010	FY2019	From FY2019
Prairie State College	\$92.00	\$124.00	34.8%	\$174.00	89.1%
outh Suburban College	103.75	137.75	32.8%	169.75	63.6%
oliet Junior College	93.00	107.00	15.1%	148.00	59.1%
Iarper College	104.00	124.50	19.7%	148.75	43.0%
Aoraine Valley Community College	92.00	126.00	37.0%	145.00	57.6%
Dakton Community College	88.60	100.34	13.3%	141.25	59.4%
College of Lake County	95.00	112.00	17.9%	144.00	51.6%
College of DuPage	116.00	140.00	20.7%	137.00	18.1%
Vaubonsee Community College	90.00	105.00	16.7%	138.00	53.3%
riton College	72.00	103.00	43.1%	144.00	100.0%
Elgin Community College	91.00	109.00	19.8%	132.00	45.1%
CCB Average	88.87	112.65	26.8%	144.36	62.4%

Data Sources: ICCB Guidebooks

I	LLINOIS COLLEGES AY2016-17 ANNI	UAL IN-DISTRICT TUITION AND FEES	
Select Illinois Public Universities		Select Illinois Private Colleges and Universities	
University of Illinois, Urbana-Chicago	\$16,210	Northwestern University	\$54,568
University of Illinois, Chicago	16,308	Loyola University, Chicago	45,303
Illinois State University	17,058	DePaul University	39,975
Northern Illinois University	12,251	Elmhurst College	37,753
Western Illinois University	13,486	Wheaton College	36,420
College of DuPage	4,110	Bradley University	33,360
		Saint Xavier University	32,320
		Dominican University	33,434
		Benedicitine University	34,290
		Lewis University	33,696
		Robert Morris University	31,206
		Columbia College, Chicago	26,090
		Aurora University	24,000

College of DuPage

Data Source: Illinois Student Assistance Commission 2018 Data Book and ICCB Guidebook.

The costs provided here are updated each fall with the previous year's information and are intended only as an estimate of the average tuition and fee costs at the colleges listed.

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REVENUE CAPACITY

OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

-	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Annual Credit Hour Enrollment (Credit)	521,882	561,330	549,755	530,976	544,320	565,005	578,951	560,732	532,068	510,304
Annual FTES (Credit)	34,792	37,422	36,650	35,398	36,288	37,667	38,597	37,382	35,471	34,020
Annual Credit Head Count (1)	-	-	-	-	70,730	72,904	74,496	72,891	70,294	66,986
Annual Non-credit Head Count (2)	-	-	-	-	3,566	3,253	3,437	4,340	5,437	5,573
Fall 10th Day (3) Head Count (Credit) Head Count (Non-credit)	25,668 2,562 28,230	27,083 736 27,819	26,722 1,001 27,723	26,209 877 27,086	26,156 879 27,035	28,627 701 29,328	29,476 598 30,074	28,678 920 29,598	26,901 1,477 28,378	26,165 1,411 27,576
Seat Count (Credit) Seat Count (Non-credit)	68,636 3,516	73,661 900	73,065 1,175	69,881 1,046	70,838 1,068	76,674 719	76,699 722	74,628 1,332	69,288 2,393	66,910 2,253
FTES (Credit)	14,913	16,036	15,902	15,175	15,397	16,565	16,858	16,310	15,133	14,633
Credit Students Only Head Count (3) Full-Time Part-Time	9,882 15,786 25,668	10,591 16,492 27,083	10,331 16,391 26,722	9,465 16,744 26,209	9,628 16,528 26,156	9,908 18,719 28,627	10,022 19,454 29,476	9,811 18,867 28,678	9,004 17,897 26,901	8,510 17,655 26,165
Male Female Unreported	11,648 14,020 	12,430 14,622 31 27,083	12,390 14,148 184 26,722	11,964 13,516 729 26,209	12,293 13,650 213 26,156	13,063 14,873 691 28,627	13,557 15,501 418 29,476	13,228 15,060 390 28,678	12,530 13,970 401 26,901	12,172 13,795 198 26,165
American Indian/Alaskan Asian or Pacific Islander Black, Non-Hispanic Hispanic White, Non-Hispanic Other/Unknown Unreported	74 2,908 1,655 3,813 16,884 334 - 25,668	75 2,681 1,725 3,179 16,260 631 2,532 27,083	62 2,503 1,813 2,982 16,060 723 2,579 26,722	70 2,353 1,869 3,013 15,546 1,050 2,308 26,209	51 2,535 2,105 4,654 15,227 1,584 26,156	75 2,832 2,233 5,616 16,076 1,795 28,627	65 3,024 2,224 6,315 16,126 1,722 29,476	61 2,866 2,066 6,225 15,460 2,000 - 28,678	57 2,973 1,897 6,172 14,323 1,479 26,901	55 2,898 1,813 6,445 13,580 1,374 26,165
Prior Education (4) Bachelors Degree or Higher Some College through Certificate and Associates Degree	3,986 6,487	3,150 5,936	3,231 5,931	2,840 5,788	2,485 5,693	2,184 5,721	2,183 5,665	2,011 5,371	1,949 4,981	1,879 4,681
HS/GED < HS Unknown *	14,064 2,403 1,290 28,230	13,003 3,005 2,725 27,819	13,416 1,893 3,252 27,723	13,577 1,504 <u>3,377</u> 27,086	14,108 1,272 3,477 27,035	14,826 1,181 5,416 29,328	14,809 1,106 6,311 30,074	14,552 944 <u>6,720</u> 29,598	13,832 805 <u>6,811</u> 28,378	13,691 726 6,599 25,697
Within-Term Retention, Fall ** (5)	94%	95%	92%	92%	91%	91%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Information not available at time of printing.

Starting in FY2014, the College stopped tracking non-credit headcount for prior education. The non-credit headcount is included in Unknown category.
 ** Starting in FY2014, the College stopped tracking within-term retention.

Data Source: College records and ICCB Annual Enrollment and Completion submission (A1; submitted to ICCB September 1, 2017)

Notes:

(1) Credit headcount--Fall, Spring, and Summer terms based on tenth day reports.

(2) Non-credit headcount--Fall, Spring, and Summer terms based on tenth day reports.

(3) Data from the Fall 10th Day Reports.

(4) Total Headcount, Fall 10th Day thru 2012; credit headcount.

(5) Within-term retention based on percentage of full-time equivalent of credit students at Midterm.

Information from US Census Data for 2013

	DuPage		Cook		Will	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
	SOCIAL					
Total households	336,028	100.00%	1,933,335	100.00%	222,652	100.00%
Family households (families)	238,824	71.10%	1,186,609	61.40%	171,130	76.90%
With own children under 18 years	111,416	33.20%	539,175	27.90%	88,971	40.00%
Married-couple family	194,741	58.00%	797,551	41.30%	137,202	61.60%
With own children under 18 years	89,589	26.70%	353,264	18.30%	70,024	31.40%
Nonfamily households	97,204	28.90%	746,726	38.60%	51,522	23.10%
Householder living alone	82,865	24.70%	620,864	32.10%	43,172	19.40%
65 years and over	28,124	8.40%	192,545	10.00%	15,909	7.10%
Households with one or more people under 18 years	117,795	35.10%	611,641	31.60%	95,493	42.90%
Households with one or more people 65 years and over	77,721	23.10%	464,111	24.00%	46,349	20.80%
Average household size	2.71	N/A	2.65	N/A	3.02	N/A
Average family size	3.27	N/A	3.45	N/A	3.49	N/A
SCH	OOL ENROI	LMENT				
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school	254,541	100.00%	1,396,496	100.00%	204,367	100.00%
Nursery school, preschool	18,363	7.20%	95,729	6.90%	14,714	7.20%
Kindergarten	12,282	4.80%	65,948	4.70%	10,659	5.20%
Elementary school (grades 1-8)	100,730	39.60%	532,011	38.10%	88,711	43.40%
High school (grades 9-12)	55,950	22.00%	289,516	20.70%	45,775	22.40%
College or graduate school	67,216	26.40%	413,292	29.60%	44,508	21.80%
EDUCA	TIONAL AT	TAINMENT				
Population 25 years and over	618,755	100.00%	3,484,571	100.00%	429,849	100.00%
Less than 9th grade	22,217	3.60%	269,920	7.70%	17,225	4.00%
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	26,594	4.30%	271,435	7.80%	23,661	5.50%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	119,881	19.40%	842,779	24.80%	117,027	27.20%
Some college, no degree	121,944	19.70%	673,717	19.30%	98,991	23.00%
Associate's degree	41,893	6.80%	217,864	6.30%	33,960	7.90%
Bachelor's degree	176,529	28.50%	726,485	20.80%	89,333	20.80%
Graduate or professional degree	109,697	17.70%	482,371	13.80%	49,652	11.60%
Percent high school graduate or higher	N/A	92.10%	N/A	84.50%	N/A	90.50%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	N/A	46.30%	N/A	34.70%	N/A	32.30%

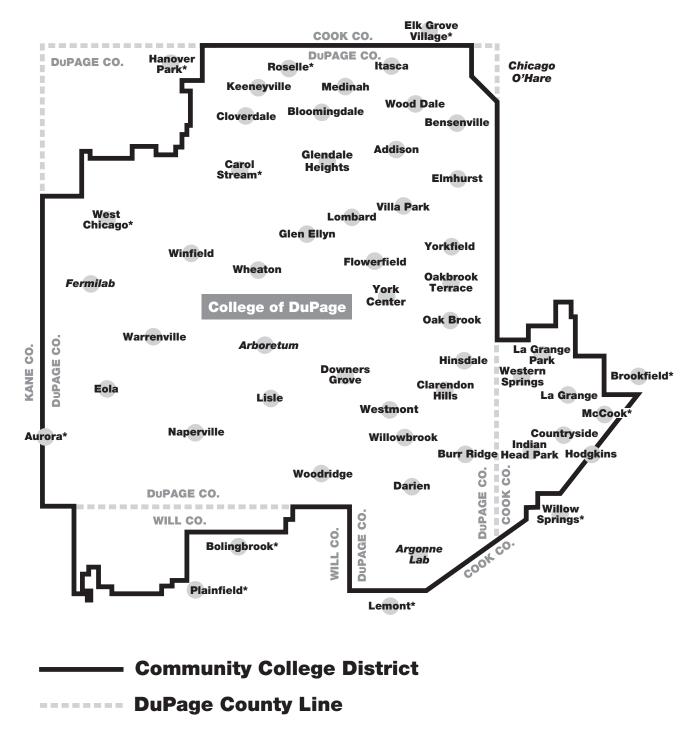
Information from US Census Data for 2013

	DuPage		Cook		Will	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
S	OCIAL - Con	tinued				
LANGU.	AGE SPOKE	N AT HOMI	E			
Population 5 years and over	866,609	100.00%	4,870,429	100.00%	633,272	100.00%
English only	638,622	73.70%	3,189,642	65.50%	507,238	80.10%
Language other than English	227,987	26.30%	1,680,787	34.50%	126,034	19.90%
Speak English less than "very well"	84,739	9.80%	739,245	15.20%	46,646	7.40%
Spanish	92,650	10.70%	991,493	20.40%	75,028	11.80%
Speak English less than "very well"	39,825	4.60%	448,869	9.20%	31,801	5.00%
Other Indo-European languages	87,489	10.10%	416,231	8.50%	30,725	4.90%
Speak English less than "very well"	27,591	3.20%	173,526	3.60%	8,873	1.40%
Asian and Pacific Islander languages	41,481	4.80%	190,201	3.90%	14,510	2.30%
Speak English less than "very well"	15,614	1.80%	88,968	1.80%	4,957	0.80%
Other languages	6,367	0.70%	82,862	1.70%	5,771	0.90%
Speak English less than "very well"	1,709	0.20%	27,882	0.60%	1,015	0.20%
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFL	ATION-AD	JUSTED DO	OLLARS)		
Total households	336,028	100.00%	1,933,335	100.00%	222,652	100.00%
Less than \$10,000	11,339	3.40%	164,182	8.50%	7,676	3.40%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7,839	2.30%	94,737	4.90%	5,446	2.40%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	21,627	6.40%	202,394	10.50%	15,644	7.00%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	25,440	7.60%	188,026	9.70%	15,087	6.80%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	37,431	11.10%	246,880	12.80%	24,788	11.10%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	56,832	16.90%	332,109	17.20%	40,812	18.30%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	48,595	14.50%	232,994	12.10%	35,636	16.00%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	63,544	18.90%	253,214	13.10%	45,184	20.30%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	29,602	8.80%	103,691	5.40%	18,766	8.40%
\$200,000 or more	33,779	10.10%	115,108	6.00%	13,613	6.10%
Median household income (dollars)	78,487	N/A	54,548	N/A	76,147	N/A
Mean household income (dollars)	104,013	N/A	78,472	N/A	90,649	N/A
	HOUSING	Ĵ	•			
Н	OUSING TE	NURE				
Occupied housing units	336,028	100.00%	1,933,335	100.00%	222,652	100.00%
Owner-occupied	250,115	74.40%	1,127,937	58.30%	184,498	82.90%
Renter-occupied	85,913	25.60%	805,398	41.70%	38,154	17.10%
Average household size of owner-occupied unit	2.83	N/A	2.79	N/A	3.08	N/A
Average household size of renter-occupied unit	2.36	N/A	2.46	N/A	2.71	N/A

Information from US Census Data for 2013

	DuPage		Cook		Will	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Н	DUSING - Co	ntinued				
YEAR HOUSE	CHOLDER M	OVED INT() UNIT			
Occupied housing units	336,028	100.00%	1,933,335	100.00%	222,652	100.00%
Moved in 2010 or later	47,138	14.00%	334,226	17.30%	23,049	10.40%
Moved in 2000 to 2009	152,805	45.50%	904,873	46.80%	121,142	54.40%
Moved in 1990 to 1999	71,041	21.10%	329,314	17.00%	46,834	21.00%
Moved in 1980 to 1989	35,768	10.60%	163,495	8.50%	15,265	6.90%
Moved in 1970 to 1979	18,662	5.60%	110,597	5.70%	9,856	4.40%
Moved in 1969 or earlier	10,614	3.20%	90,830	4.70%	6,506	2.90%
	DEMOGRAP	PHIC				
	SEX AND A	GE				
Total population	922,803	100.00%	5,212,372	100.00%	679,688	100.00%
Male	452,525	49.00%	2,525,379	48.40%	337,682	49.70%
Female	470,278	51.00%	2,686,993	51.60%	342,006	50.30%
Under 5 years	56,194	6.10%	341,943	6.60%	46,416	6.80%
5 to 9 years	62,731	6.80%	328,812	6.30%	55,792	8.20%
10 to 14 years	64,545	7.00%	336,681	6.50%	55,967	8.20%
15 to 19 years	65,856	7.10%	350,625	6.70%	52,997	7.80%
20 to 24 years	54,722	5.90%	369,740	7.10%	38,667	5.70%
25 to 34 years	118,425	12.80%	840,665	16.10%	81,381	12.00%
35 to 44 years	124,675	13.50%	710,823	13.60%	105,442	15.50%
45 to 54 years	146,499	15.90%	708,813	13.60%	104,289	15.30%
55 to 59 years	64,552	7.00%	320,060	6.10%	40,109	5.90%
60 to 64 years	52,881	5.70%	267,930	5.10%	31,930	4.70%
65 to 74 years	61,896	6.70%	338,907	6.50%	39,290	5.80%
75 to 84 years	32,951	3.60%	202,762	3.90%	19,504	2.90%
85 years and over	16,876	1.80%	94,611	1.80%	7,904	1.20%
18 years and over	697,713	100.00%	3,993,976	100.00%	487,246	100.00%
Male	337,711	48.40%	1,905,622	47.70%	239,092	49.10%
Female	360,002	51.60%	2,088,354	52.30%	248,154	50.90%

Community College District 502



*Only portions of these communities are in District 502.



COLLEGE OF DUPAGE COMMUNITY DISTRICT NUMBER 502

Illinois Compiled Statutes

Adoption of Annual Budget Process for Amending Annual Budget

(110 ILCS 805/3-20.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 103-20.1)

Sec. 3-20.1. The board of each community college district shall within or before the first quarter of each fiscal year, adopt an annual budget which it deems necessary to defray all necessary expenses and liabilities of the district, and in such annual budget shall specify the objects and purposes of each item and amount needed for each object or purpose.

The budget shall contain a statement of the cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year, an estimate of the cash expected to be received during such fiscal year from all sources, an estimate of the expenditures contemplated for such fiscal year, and a statement of the estimated cash expected to be on hand at the end of such year. The estimate of taxes to be received may be based upon the amount of actual cash receipts that may reasonably be expected by the district during such fiscal year, estimated from the experience of the district in prior years and with due regard for other circumstances that may substantially affect such receipts. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as requiring any district to change or preventing any district from changing from a cash basis of financing to a surplus or deficit basis of financing; or as requiring any district to change or preventing.

The board of each community college district shall fix a fiscal year. If the beginning of the fiscal year of a district is subsequent to the time that the tax levy for such fiscal year shall be made, then such annual budget shall be adopted prior to the time such tax levy shall be made.

Such budget shall be prepared in tentative form by some person or persons designated by the board, and in such tentative form shall be made conveniently available to public inspection for at least 30 days prior to final action thereon. At least one public hearing shall be held as to such budget prior to final action thereon. Notice of availability for public inspection and of such public hearing shall be given by publication in a newspaper published in such district, at least 30 days prior to the time of such hearing. If there is no newspaper published in such district, notice of such public hearing shall be given by posting notices thereof in 5 of the most public places in such district. It shall be the duty of the secretary of the board to make the tentative budget available to public inspection, and to arrange for such public hearing. The board may from time to time make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund as set forth in the budget. The board may from time to time amend such budget by the same procedure as is herein provided for its original adoption. (Source: P. A. 78-669.)

(continued)

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE COMMUNITY DISTRICT NUMBER 502

Illinois Compiled Statutes

Adoption of Annual Budget Process for Amending Annual Budget

(continued)

(110 ILCS 805/3-20.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 103-20.2)

Sec. 3-20.2. Whenever the voters of a community college district have voted in favor of an increase in the annual tax rate for educational or operation and maintenance of facilities purposes or both at an election held after the adoption of the annual community college budget for any fiscal year, the board may adopt or pass during that fiscal year an additional or supplemental budget under the sole authority of this Section by a vote of a majority of the full membership of the board, any other provision of this Article to the contrary notwithstanding, in and by which such additional or supplemental budget the board shall appropriate such additional sums of money as it may find necessary to defray expenses and liabilities of that district to be incurred for educational or operation and maintenance of facilities purposes or both of the district during that fiscal year, but not in excess of the additional funds estimated to be available by virtue of such voted increase in the annual tax rate for educational or operation and maintenance of facilities purposes or both. Such additional or supplemental budget shall be regarded as an amendment of the annual community college budget for the fiscal year in which it is adopted, and the board may levy the additional tax for educational or operation and maintenance of facilities purposes or both to equal the amount of the additional sums of money appropriated in that additional or supplemental budget, immediately. (Source: P.A. 85-1335.)

COLLEGE OF DuPAGE ORGANIZATIONAL & REGULAR BOARD MEETING

BOARD APPROVAL

1. <u>SUBJECT</u>

Notice of Public Hearing for FY2020 Budget.

2. REASON FOR CONSIDERATION

Board approval is required to set the date of June 20, 2019, for the public hearing of the FY2020 Budget.

3. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The College is required to advertise the 30-day availability of the tentative budget for public display and the date of the public hearing 30 days prior to the public hearing. This is in accordance with Chapter 110, Section 805/3-20.1, of the Illinois Public Community College Act which states, "Notice of availability for public inspection and of such public hearing shall be given by publication in a newspaper published in such district, at least 30 days prior to the time of such hearing."

The attached **Notice of Public Hearing** will be advertised in the following newspapers:

Central Cook Suburban	Thursday	May 9, 2019
Will South Reporter	Thursday	May 9, 2019
Central DuPage	Thursday	May 9, 2019
East DuPage	Friday	May 10, 2019
Daily Herald	Monday	May 13, 2019

In addition to posting the proposed budget on the College's website, as we have done in the past, we will place physical copies of the tentative FY2020 budget in the libraries in Wheaton, Naperville, Glen Ellyn, LaGrange, and College of DuPage. These are in addition to the public copy available in the office of the Vice President.

4. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>

That the Board of Trustees approves setting June 20, 2019, as the public hearing date for the FY2020 Budget.

Staff Contact: Ellen Roberts, Interim Vice President, Administrative Affairs Robert Hayley, Budget Manager

LEGAL NOTICE

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Notice is hereby given by the Board of Trustees of College of DuPage, Community College District No. 502, Counties of DuPage, Cook and Will, State of Illinois, that a tentative budget for said District for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020 will be on file and conveniently available for public inspection for at least thirty (30) days prior to the time of the public hearing in the office of the Vice President, Administration of said District, 425 Fawell Boulevard, SRC Room 2130, Glen Ellyn, Illinois, 60137 in this Community College District, other sites as determined by the Administration, as well as posted to the College's web site at www.cod.edu/budget.

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing on said budget will be held on June 20, 2019, at 6:45 p.m. in the Board Room, SSC2200, of said Community College District No. 502, 425 Fawell Boulevard, Glen Ellyn, Illinois, 60137.

Item 4q April 25, 2019

SIGNATURE PAGE FOR

Notice of Public Hearing for FY2020 Budget

ITEM(S) ON REQUEST

That the Board of Trustees approves setting June 20, 2019, as the public hearing date for the FY2020 Budget.

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Board Chairman

Board Secretary

Date

Date

College of DuPage - Fiscal Year 2020 Budget

<u>Item 7b</u> June 20, 2019

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE REGULAR BOARD MEETING

BOARD APPROVAL

1. <u>SUBJECT</u>

Adoption of FY2020 Budget.

2. REASON FOR CONSIDERATION

In accordance with Board Policy 5-15, Responsibilities of the Board and Board Policy 10-30, Annual Budget; Board of Trustees' approval is required of the attached Resolution for the adoption of the College's FY2020 Budget.

3. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Resolution for the adoption of the budget is approved annually by the Board of Trustees and then submitted to DuPage, Cook, and Will Counties, and the Illinois Community College Board. This Resolution is supplemented by the budget statements distributed at the May 16, 2019 Board Meeting, showing amounts by object and function for each fund.

The Notice of Public Hearing was advertised in the following newspapers:

Central Cook Suburban	May 9, 2019
Will South Reporter	May 9, 2019
Central DuPage	May 10, 2019
East DuPage	May 10, 2019
Daily Herald	May 31, 2019

A budget hearing was held on Thursday, June 20, 2019, at 6:45 p.m., allowing the public to comment on the proposed FY2020 Budget.

4. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>

7 4 ⁽²⁾ f

That the Board of Trustees approves the attached Resolution for the Adoption of the FY2020 Budget.

Staff Contact: Ellen M. Roberts, Interim Vice President, Administrative Affairs Robert Hayley, Budget Manager

<u>Item 7b</u> June 20, 2019

BOARD APPROVAL

SIGNATURE PAGE FOR ADOPTION OF FY2020 BUDGET

ITEM(S) ON REQUEST

That the Board of Trustees approves the attached Resolution for the adoption of the FY2020 Budget.

Bóard Chair Date Board Secretary Date

RESOLUTION COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT BUDGET FORM STATE OF ILLINOIS For Fiscal Year Beginning July 1, 2019

Budget for College of DuPage, Community College District No. 502, Counties of DuPage, Cook and Will and State of Illinois for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020. WHEREAS the Board of Trustees of Community College District No. 502, Counties of DuPage, Cook and Will and State of Illinois, caused to be prepared in tentative form, a budget, and the Secretary of this Board of Trustees has made the same conveniently available for public inspection for at least thirty (30) days prior to final action thereon:

AND WHEREAS a public hearing was held as to such budget on the 20th of June, 2019, notice of said hearing was given at least thirty (30) days prior thereto as required by law and all other legal requirement compiled with:

NOW THEREFORE, Be it Resolved by the Board of Trustees of said District as follows:

Section 1: That the fiscal year of the Community College District be and the same hereby is fixed and declared to the beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020.

Section 2: That the following budget containing an estimate of amounts available in each fund, separately, and expenditures for each be and the same is hereby adopted as the budget of this Community College District No. 502 for the said fiscal year:

			EXPENDITURES		
	R	EVENUES &	& TRANSFERS		
FUND	TR	TRANSFERS IN		OUT	
Education	\$	159,349,014	\$	169,195,452	
Operations and Maintenance		15,861,612		17,007,415	
Restricted Purpose		113,054,859		113,054,859	
Bond and Interest		24,638,087		29,331,953	
Operations and Maintenance Restricted		8,758,858		16,156,000	
Auxiliary Enterprises		14,153,326		15,869,873	
Working Cash		120,000		7,000	
Total	\$	335,935,756	\$	360,622,552	

ATTEST:

Signed this 20th day of ,2019.

Chairman, Board of Trustees

Community College District No. 502, Counties of DuPage, Cook and Will and State of Illinois



<u>Item 7b</u> June 20, 2019

ADOPTION OF BUDGET

For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

The Budget must be approved and signed below by the members of the Community College Board of Trustees.

Adopted this _20 th of June eight (8)	, 2019 by a roll call vote of
yeas, and <u>Zero(o)</u> nays, to wit:	
Members Voting Yea:	Members Voting Nay:
XOM_///////	
Hechi Aglota	
Chunith Kan 1	
Charles Barnel Ten	
Maneen hume	
Dime sepult	
Christine Mr. Ferme	
mark I uplitan	

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ACADEMIC QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT (AQIP). A model for accreditation offered by the North Central Association of College and Schools Commission on Institutes of Higher Education.

ACADEMIC SUPPORT. (See FUNCTION)

ACADEMIC TERM. Any period of time in which course work is offered by the institution and for which students seek enrollment. The term may include a regular session or a special session. The College uses the semester system, which consists of the summer, fall, and spring semesters.

ACCOUNT NUMBER. A defined code for recording and summarizing financial transactions.

ACCOUNTING PERIOD. Period for which financial statements are prepared.

ACCRUAL BASIS. Recognizes revenues when earned and expenditures when a fund liability is created, regardless of the accounting period in which cash payment is actually made. An encumbrance system may be used in conjunction with an accrual basis accounting system.

ACCRUED EXPENDITURES. Those expenditures which have been incurred and have not been paid as of a given date.

ACCRUED INTEREST. Interest earned between interest dates but not yet paid.

ACCRUED LIABILITIES. Accrued liabilities are those amounts owed but not yet paid as of a given date.

ACCRUED REVENUE. Accrued revenue is revenue earned and not yet collected.

AFRO-ACADEMIC, CULTURAL, TECHNOLOGICAL AND SCIENTIFIC OLYMPICS (**ACT-SO**). An achievement program designed to recruit, stimulate and encourage high academic and cultural achievement among African-American high school students.

APPROPRIATION. An authorization that enables the College to make expenditures and incur obligations for specific purpose.

ASSESSED VALUATION. The value on each unit of property for which a prescribed amount must be paid as property taxes.

AUDIT. An examination of the financial records of the college to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements prepared by the College are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It further includes an assessment of the accounting principles and procedures used and of the significant financial estimates made by management.

AUXILIARY ENTERPRISE FUND. (See FUND)

BASE CREDIT HOUR GRANT. Grant received for courses for each credit hour or equivalent for students who were certified as being in attendance at midterm of the semester during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the use of these funds.

BOND. A written promise to pay a specific sum of money (called the face value or principal amount) at a specified date or dates in the future (called the maturity date) and with periodic interest payments at a rate specified in the bond. A bond is generally issued for a specific purpose or project, such as construction of a new facility.

BONDED DEBT. The portion of the College's liabilities which is related to outstanding bonds.

BUDGET. A controlled plan to be used in implementing the philosophy and the objectives of the College. Its development should involve maximum participation and, therefore, the aims and objectives of the College should be reflected at each level. The budget is a legal document once it has been approved by the Board.

BUDGET-IN-BRIEF. A summarized, reader-friendly version of a larger, formal budget document.

CAPITAL ASSETS. Assets that are essential to continuance of proper operation of the College. They include land, buildings, machinery, furniture, and other equipment which the College intends to hold or continue to use over a long period of time.

CAPITAL OUTLAY. (See OBJECT)

CARRYOVER. An amount budgeted as an expenditure in one year that is not spent and is then budgeted again in the subsequent year.

CASH. Money or its equivalent, usually money in hand, either in currency, coin, or other legal tender, or in bank bills or checks paid and received, deposits and NOW accounts, bank notes or sight drafts, bank's certificates of deposits, municipal orders, warrants, or scrip.

CHART OF ACCOUNTS. A list of all accounts generally used in an accounting system. In addition to account title, the chart includes an account number which has been assigned to each account. Accounts in the chart are arranged with accounts of a similar nature (for example, assets and liabilities).

CONFERENCE AND MEETING. (See OBJECT)

CONTINGENCY. (See OBJECT)

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES. (See OBJECT)

CORPORATE PERSONAL PROPERTY REPLACEMENT TAX. A tax collected by the Illinois Department of Revenue as a replacement for the personal property tax.

COURSE. The official educational unit within the instructional programs dealing with a particular subject consisting of instructional periods and one or more delivery systems. Courses are generally classified by the discipline to which they belong and the level of instruction.

COURSE CREDIT. Course credit is the number of credits that will be earned by the student for successful completion of a course.

CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION (CPR). A procedure designed to restore normal breathing after cardiac arrest that includes the clearance of air passages to the lungs, mouth-to-mouth method of artificial respiration, and heart massage by the exertion of pressure on the chest.

CURRENT ASSETS. Cash or anything that can be readily converted into cash.

CURRENT EXPENDITURES. Any expenditure except for capital outlay and debt service. They include total charges incurred, whether paid or unpaid.

CURRENT LIABILITIES. Obligations which are payable within a short period of time, usually no longer than one year.

DEBT SERVICE. Expenditures for the retirement of debt and expenditures for interest on debt, except principal and interest on current loans, which are loans payable in the same fiscal year in which the money was borrowed.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS. Consumption of fund equity applicable to a future reporting period (for example, deferred charges on bond refunding).

DEFERRED INFLOWS. Acquisition or receipt of fund equity applicable to a future reporting period (for example, unavailable property tax revenue and unavailable tuition and fee revenue).

DEFICIENCY. A shortfall of revenues and transfers in under expenditures and transfers out.

DIRECT COSTS. Those elements of cost which can be easily, obviously, and conveniently identified with specific programs or activities, as distinguished from those costs incurred for several different activities or programs and whose elements are not readily identified with specific activities.

DISBURSEMENTS. Disbursements are the actual payments of cash by the College.

DOUBLE ENTRY ACCOUNTING. An accounting system that requires for every entry made to the debit side of an account(s) there must be an equal entry to the credit side of an account(s).

EDUCATION FUND. (See FUND)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS. (See OBJECT)

ENCUMBRANCES. Anticipated or actual liabilities provided for by appropriation that are recognized when a contract, purchase order, or salary commitment is made. An encumbrance reduces the appropriation to avoid expenditure of funds needed to pay anticipated liabilities or expenditures.

EQUALIZATION GRANT. The equalization grant attempts to reduce the disparity in local funds available per student among districts. Equalized assessed valuations, full-time equivalent students, corporate personal property replacement tax revenue, fixed costs, and the district's program mix are considered in the equalization calculations.

EXPENDITURES. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, decreases in net financial resources not properly classified as other financing uses.

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SOURCES. Revenue provided directly from the federal government. Expenditures incurred with this revenue should be identifiable as federally-supported expenditures.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. A financial statement is a formal summary of accounting records setting forth the District's financial condition and results of operations, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

FISCAL YEAR. The year by or for which accounts are reckoned or the year between one annual time of settlement or balancing of accounts and another. It consists of a period of twelve months, not necessarily concurrent with the calendar year, with reference to which appropriations are made and expenditures are authorized. The College's fiscal year is the period from July 1 through June 30.

FIXED CHARGES. (See OBJECT)

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENTS (FTEs). A statistic which has become standard for equivalent comparisons between internal units and between colleges. It is computed by dividing student credit hours by 15 with the assumption that a full-time student is enrolled for **15** credit hours a term.

FUNCTION. Classification structure representing the collection of program elements serving a common set of objectives that reflect the major institutional missions and related support objectives.

ACADEMIC SUPPORT. Activities designed to provide support services for the institution's primary missions of instruction, public service and research. Academic support includes the operation of the library, educational media services, instructional materials, and academic computing used in the learning process. It also includes expenditures for all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION. Those activities which have as their purpose the development, general regulation, direction, and control of the affairs of the college on a district-wide basis. The president's office, business office, and personnel services are included in this function. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

GENERAL INSTITUTIONAL. Those costs that benefit the entire college and are not readily assignable to a particular cost center. Administrative data processing, insurance costs, legal fees, provision for contingencies, and non-operating expenditures, are examples of items included in this area.

INSTRUCTION. Those activities dealing with the teaching of students. It includes the activities of faculty in the baccalaureate oriented/transfer, occupational-technical career, general studies, and remedial Adult Basic Education/Adult Secondary Education programs (associate degree credit and certificate credit). It includes expenditures for department chairpersons, administrators, and support staff for whom instruction is an important role. It also includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support the instructional program.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE. Housekeeping activities necessary in order to keep the physical facilities open and ready for use. Maintenance consists of those activities necessary to keep the grounds, buildings, and equipment operating efficiently. This function also provides for campus security and plant utilities, as well as equipment, materials, supplies, fire protection, property insurance, and other costs that are necessary to support this function.

PUBLIC SERVICE. Noncredit classes and other activities of an educational nature, such as workshops, seminars, forums, exhibits, and the provision of college facilities and expertise to the community designed to be of service to the public.

SCHOLARSHIPS, STUDENT GRANTS, AND WAIVERS. Activities in the form of grants to students, prizes and awards, chargebacks, and aid to students in the form of statemandated and instructional tuition and fee waivers. Employees/family tuition waivers are not included in this category. **STUDENT SERVICES**. Provides assistance in the areas of financial aid, admissions and records, health, placement, testing, counseling, and student activities. It includes all equipment, materials, supplies, and costs that are necessary to support this function.

FUND. A separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. College resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources.

Following are the funds and account groups used by the College:

AUXILIARY ENTERPRISE FUND (an Enterprise Fund). Used to account for college services where a fee is charged to students and/or staff. Each enterprise/service should be accounted for separately using a group of self-balancing accounts within the fund.

BOND AND INTEREST FUND (a Debt Service Fund). Used to account for payment of principal, interest, and related charges on any outstanding bonds.

EDUCATION FUND (included within the General Fund). Used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the academic and service programs of the College. It includes the cost of instructional, administrative, and professional salaries; supplies and equipment; library books and materials; maintenance of instructional and administrative equipment; and other costs relating to the educational program of the College.

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP. Used to account for all fixed assets of the College.

GENERAL FUND. The primary operating fund of the College used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The Education Fund and the Operating and Maintenance Fund comprise the General Fund.

GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP. Used to account for all long-term debt of the College.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND (included within the General Fund).

Used to account for expenditures for the improvement, maintenance, repair, or benefit of buildings and property, including the cost of interior decorating and the installation, improvement, repair, replacement, and maintenance of building fixtures; rental of buildings and property for community college purposes; payment of all premiums for insurance upon building and building fixtures; all costs of fuel, lights, gas, water, telephone

service, custodial supplies, equipment; and professional surveys of the condition of College buildings.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE (RESTRICTED) FUND (a Capital Projects Fund). Used to account for monies restricted for building purposes and site acquisition.

RESTRICTED PURPOSES FUND (a Special Revenue Fund). Used for the purpose of accounting for monies that have restrictions regarding their use. Each specific project should be accounted for separately using a complete set of self-balancing accounts within the fund.

WORKING CASH FUND (a Special Revenue Fund). Used to enable the College to have on hand at all-time sufficient cash to meet the demands of ordinary and necessary expenditures.

FUND BALANCE. Net position of a governmental fund (difference between assets, liabilities, deferred out flows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources).

GOVERMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB). The independent organization that establishes and improves standards of accounting and financial reporting for U.S. state and local governments.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION. (See FUNCTION)

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP. (See FUND)

GENERAL INSTITUTIONAL. (See FUNCTION)

GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP. (See FUND)

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP). The common set of accounting principles, standards and procedures that governments use to compile their financial statements. GAAP are a combination of authoritative standards (set by policy boards, i.e. GASB) and the commonly accepted ways of recording and reporting accounting information.

INDIRECT COSTS. Those elements of cost necessary in the provision of a service which are of such nature that they cannot be readily or accurately identified with the specific service.

INSTRUCTION. (See FUNCTION)

INTERFUND TRANSFERS. Transfers of monies between funds. Monies may not be transferred between funds except by the same procedure as that used to approve the budget, including public notification, publication, inspection, and comment. Interfund transfers are usually part of the overall budget plan and are built into the budget at the time of its approval by the Board of Trustees.

INTERNAL CONTROL. Integrated set of policies and procedures designed to assist management to achieve its goals and objectives. To be truly comprehensive, a government's internal control framework must 1) provide a favorable control environment, 2) provide for the continuing assessment of risk, 3) provide for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective control-related policies and procedures, 4) provide for the effective communication of information, and 5) provide for the ongoing monitoring of the effectiveness of control-related policies and procedures as well as the resolution of potential problems identified by controls.

INVESTMENTS. Securities or other properties in which money is held, either temporarily or permanently, in expectation of obtaining revenues. Legal investments for community college funds are governed by state statute, which allow funds belonging to or in the custody of the College to be invested. Bonds, treasury bills, certificates of deposit, and short-term discount obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association are some of the types of investments that are permitted by law.

MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES. (See OBJECT)

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. The basis of accounting that recognizes assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures using the current financial resources measurement focus. The accrual basis of accounting is modified in two ways: 1) revenues are recognized when it is both measurable and available and, 2) expenditures are recognized in the period in which governments in general liquidate the related liability rather than when that liability is first incurred.

NET EXPENDITURE. The actual cost incurred by the College for some service or object after the deduction of any discounts, rebates, reimbursements, or revenue produced by the service or activity.

NET REVENUE. The balance remaining after deducting from the gross revenue for a given period all expenditures during the same period.

OBJECT. Applies to expenditure classifications and designates materials or services purchased. Expenditures are grouped by major objects, such as salaries, supplies, or capital outlay, and are further divided as needed for cost accounting and control purposes. The term function may also be used to refer to object classification.

CAPITAL OUTLAY. An item that has a useful life of more than one year and a value of \$5,000 or greater. Capital assets are reported at their cost at date of acquisition or their estimated value at the date of donation. Generally accepted accounting principles require that capital assets be depreciated (expensed) over their estimated useful life, rather than expensed in total in the accounting period acquired. The straight-line depreciation method is used by the College.

CONFERENCE AND MEETING. Expenditures associated with conference registration and fees, costs for hosting or attending meetings, and related travel costs, whether local or otherwise.

CONTINGENCY. Appropriations set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures. Contingency funds are used only by budget transfers.

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES. Monies paid for services rendered by firms and individuals under contract who are not employees of the College.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS. Costs are for all benefits that employees accrue through continued employment with the College. Benefits include health insurance coverage (except that portion paid by the employee), sabbatical leave salaries, tuition reimbursement, life insurance, early retirement contributions assignable to the College, and others.

FIXED CHARGES. Charges for rentals of facilities and equipment, payment of debt interest and principal, general insurance charges, installment payments for lease/purchase agreements, and property/casualty insurance.

MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES. The cost of materials and supplies necessary for the conduct of the College's business. Business forms, envelopes, postage costs, printing costs, and handouts to students typically fall into this category.

OTHER EXPENDITURES. Expenditures not readily assignable to another object category. Examples include tuition chargebacks, other chargebacks, and charges and adjustments.

SALARIES. Monies paid to employees of the College for personal services rendered to the College. Full-time, part-time, and temporary employees, whether administrators, faculty, or staff are paid wages or salaries.

UTILITIES. Utilities costs necessary to operate the physical plant and other ongoing services, including gas, water, sewage, telephone, and refuse disposal.

ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS. Direct payments of fringe benefits or salaries made by one entity (the paying entity or paying government) to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity or employer government).

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE. (See FUNCTION)

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND. (See FUND)

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE (RESTRICTED) FUND. (See FUND) (also referred to as Construction Fund)

OTHER EXPENDITURES (See OBJECT)

OTHER FINANCING SOURCE. Increase in current financial resources that is reported separately from revenues to avoid distorting revenue trends, such as bond proceeds.

OTHER FINANCING USE. Decrease in current financial resources that is reported separately from expenditures to avoid distorting expenditure trends, such as transfers out to other funds.

PERFORMANCE BUDGET. A budget that is structured to allow for expenditure analysis based upon measurable performance of predetermined objectives established by each activity.

PUBLIC SERVICE. (See FUNCTION)

READY TO RESPOND (RTR). An initiative to help with command, control, and coordination of disaster response.

RECEIPT. The actual receipt of cash.

RESTRICTED PURPOSES FUND. (See FUND)

REVENUES. An acquisition of net assets that is applicable to the current fiscal year, but is not classified as another financing source (such as a transfer into a fund).

SALARIES. (See OBJECT)

SCHOLARSHIPS, STUDENT GRANTS, AND WAIVERS. (See FUNCTION)

STUDENT SERVICES. (See FUNCTION)

UTILITIES. (See OBJECT)

WORKING CASH FUND. (See FUND)

ACRONYMS

AA	Academic Affairs
ABE	Adult Basic Education
ACC	Academic Computing Center
ACT-SO	Afro-Academic, Cultural, Technological and Scientific Oly
AGB	Association of Governing Boards
AQIP	Academic Quality Improvement Program
ASE	Adult Secondary Education
BIB	Budget-in-Brief
BIC	Berg Instructional Center
ВОТ	Board of Trustees
CAFR	Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports
CASE	Council for Advancement and Support of Education
CCIC	College and Career Information Center
CDL	Commercial Driver's License
CE	Continuing Education
CES	Current Employment Statistics
СНС	Culinary and Hospitality Center
CIS	Computer Information System
CIT	Computer Information Technology
CMC	Campus Maintenance Center
COD	College of DuPage
CPI	Consumer Price Index
CPI-U	Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers
CPR	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
СТЕ	Career Technical Education
EAV	Equalized Assessed Valuation
ESEIP	Enhanced Student Experience
ESL	English as a Second Language
ETSB	Emergency Telephone System Board
FAFSA	Free Application for Federal Student Aid
FF&E	Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment
FMP	Facilities Master Plan
FT	Full-Time
FTE	Full-Time Equivalent
FY	Fiscal Year
FYE	First Year Experience
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GED	General Education Degree
GPA	Grade Point Average

ACRONYMS

HLC	Higher Learning Commission
HR	Human Resources
IBHE	Illinois Board of Higher Education
ICCB	Illinois Community College Board
IDES	Illinois Department of Employment Security
IEC	Institutional Effectiveness Council
ILCS	Illinois Complied Statutes
ILPEx	Illinois Performance Excellence
ING	Illinois National Guard Grant
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
ISAC	Illinois Student Assistance Commission
IT	Information Technology
IVG	Illinois Veteran's Grant
KPI	Key Performance Indicators
MAC	McAninch Arts Center
MAP	Monetary Assistance Program
MCS	Marketing and Creative Services
MIA	Missing in Action
MOOC	Massive Open Online Course
NCJAA	National Junior College Athletic Association
OFTI	Office Technology Information
PAFR	Popular Annual Financial Report
PC	Personal Computer
PE	Physical Education Center
PMI	Purchasing Manager's Index
POW	Prisoner of War
PPI	Producer Price Index
PPRT	Personal Property Replacement Tax
РТ	Part-Time
PTELL	Property Tax Extension Limitation Law
Q	Quarter
QIP	Quality Improvement Project
ReSET	Reconceiving the Student Experience Team
RTR	Ready to Respond
SCC	Seaton Computing Center
SEOG	Special Education Opportunity Grants
SGC	Shared Governance Council
SLEA	Suburban Law Enforcement Academy
SLRP	Strategic Long Range Plan
SLRPAC	Strategic Long Range Plan Advisory Committee

ACRONYMS

SMT	Senior Management Team
SRC	Student Resource Center
STS [GRANT]	Student to Student Grant
SURS	State Universities Retirement System
SWOT	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats
TAC	Treasurer's Advisory Committee
TLC	Teaching and Learning Center
VP	Vice President
WDCB	College of DuPage Broadcast Service
WTI	West Texas Intermediate
YTD	Year-to-Date



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